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8.
EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

BUREAU

OF

INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS

FOR 1899.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND.



BALTIMORE:
THE WM. J. C. DULANY CO.,
1900.

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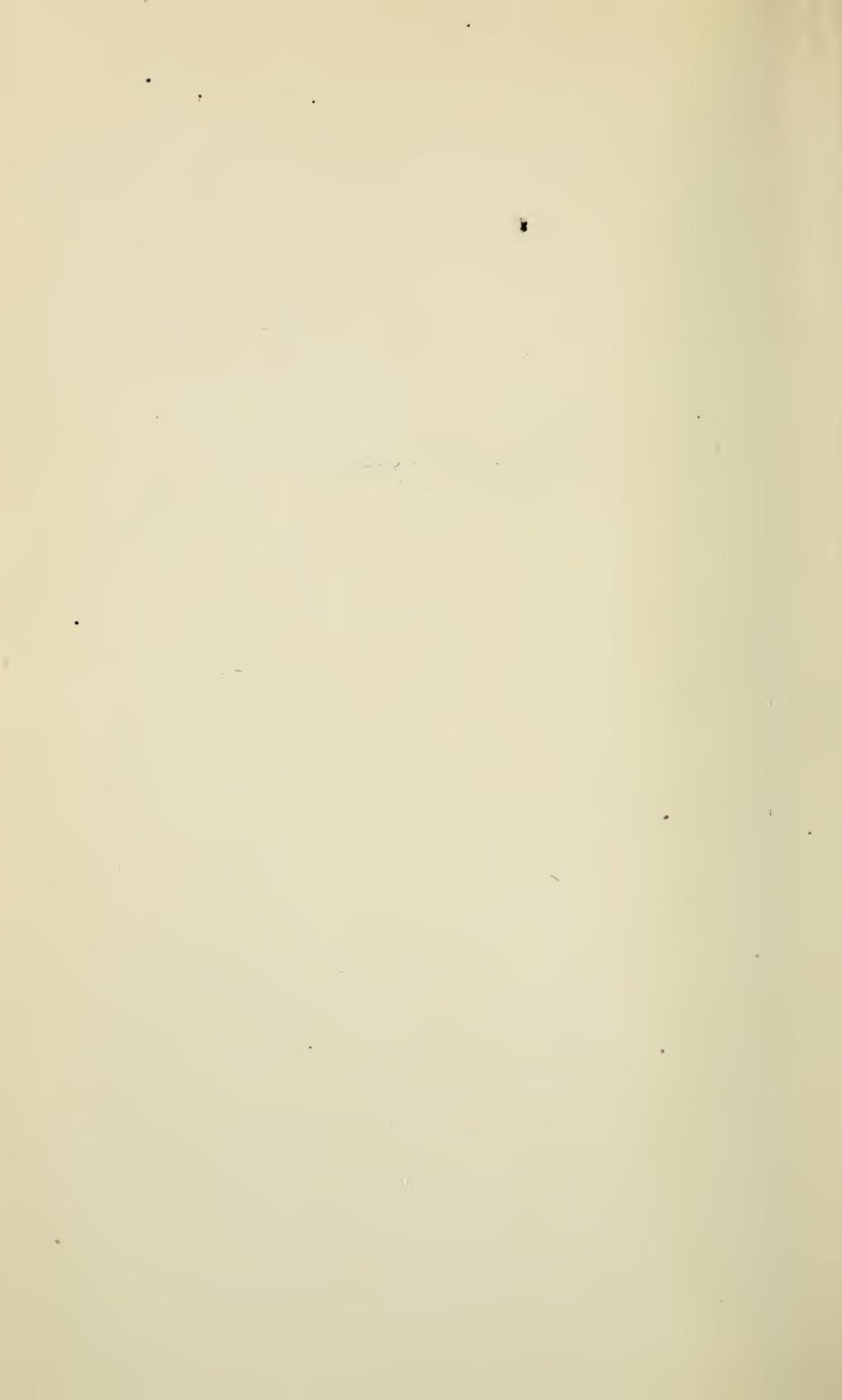
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STATE OF MARYLAND.

BUREAU OF INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS,
408 MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

BALTIMORE, March 1, 1900.

To His Excellency,

Jno. Walter Smith, Governor of Maryland:

Sir—I have the honor to submit for your consideration the Eighth Annual Report of the Bureau of Industrial Statistics of Maryland.

Very respectfully yours,

JEFFERSON D. WADE,
Chief of Bureau.

PREFATORY.

In this report is completed the list of incorporations in the State of Maryland. Those for the City of Baltimore are given. All the corporations in the twenty-three counties of the State are to be found in the report of this Bureau for 1898. They numbered 887 in that year, with a capital stock of \$134,163,735. It will be seen that the aggregate capital stock in the counties is greatly exceeded by that of the 3,616 incorporations in Baltimore City, which is \$795,189,200. The list of county incorporations presented the full title, the location, the date of incorporation and the capital stock of each one appearing upon the records. The city list covering the years from 1870 to 1899 inclusive embraces the title, the date of incorporation and the capital stock.

When the report for 1898 was issued this feature of the work of the Bureau met with commendation, demand, and the original intention of following up the county incorporations with those of the city has now been carried out. The Bureau has thus presented an accurate, and it is believed, what will prove to be an instructive and valuable compilation of Maryland incorporations.

While it is true that some of these charters have never been availed of, the great worth of others, in a financial and industrial sense, to the City and State, is not represented by the actual amount of capital stock. The incorporations are arranged alphabetically and the summary shows the number and the combined capital stock under each head. "Building Associations" furnish the greatest number of incorporations, 734, with a capital stock of \$202,533,000. In addition to these are 126 "Building and Loan Associations," with \$97,412,500 capital stock; 118 "Building and Savings Associations," \$35,033,000 capital stock; 3 "Building Loan and Investment Companies" "\$20,100,000; 91 "Loan and Savings Associations," \$55,360,000; 24 "Loan Savings and Building Associations," \$12,405,000. Many interesting facts are presented in the summary.

With the entrance upon their duties in May of the new State officials appointed by the present administration, Thomas A. Smith, of Caroline County, will become the Chief of

this Bureau, which, since its inception, has had the following heads:

Thomas Curme Weeks, of Baltimore City, 1884-1892.

Allen Bowie Howard, of Baltimore City, 1892-1896.

Charles H. Myers, of Baltimore City, 1896-1898.

Jefferson D. Wade, of Baltimore City, 1898-1900.

Thomas A. Smith, of Caroline County, 1900-

The Bureau was established at the demand of organized labor in the city of Baltimore, and under Mr. Weeks, a representative of the labor organizations, was known as the Bureau of Industrial Statistics and Information. The General Assembly of 1892 changed the name to the Bureau of Industrial Statistics and enlarged its scope. Until 1892, reports were issued bi-ennially, but the Act of that year authorized annual reports.

The past year was prolific of strikes in Baltimore City, and these are considered in the first section of the report. I am glad to say that they resulted in no long-continued trouble between employers and employes and that labor conditions in the City show marked improvement.

The local agent at Baltimore of the Atlantic Coast Seamen's Union, has furnished the Bureau with a review of his work since the establishment of a branch office of the Union at this port, covering only the past year. The great value of the merchant marine to Baltimore and, necessarily to the whole State, would seem to urge upon the General Assembly consideration of the interests of seamen. The article forcibly points out the importance of this subject.

Some points of interest as to the "Sweat-Shops" system in Baltimore, and various notes relating to labor are also included in the report.

JEFFERSON D. WADE.

STRIKES IN 1899.

During the year 1899 numerous strikes occurred in Baltimore city. It is estimated that in all upwards of two thousand workmen were thrown out of employment for periods ranging from one day to several months, and the loss in wages was heavy. The chief strike was that in the city shipyards, affecting, altogether, about eight hundred men. This strike was for a nine-hour day, and was finally won by the strikers. The outcome of this strike afforded great encouragement to the workmen. All the city shipyards granted the demand, but owing to the peculiar circumstances obtaining at the plant of the Maryland Steel Company, the strike there was not a success. A strike at the shops of the Detrick & Harvey Machine Company was lost, the demand made in this instance being for a nine-hour day, also. The Baltimore ship-caulkers asked for an increase in wages, but no strike was ordered. Enamelers at the factory of Matthes, Ingram & Company went on a strike for increased pay, but failed to secure it. A pay grievance also led to a strike at the McShane foundry, and in this case the strikers, who were unorganized, also failed. Eight hundred brew workers, drivers, bottlers, etc., and other employes of the Baltimore Brewing Company went on strike August 3rd, for a nine-hour day, and a lengthy struggle was threatened. However, the strikers and managers of the consolidated breweries amicably settled their differences, a satisfactory agreement being reached the same day of the strike, and all the men returned to work on the following day. There were smaller strikes, some of which lasted a considerable time, and grievances are still in abeyance. Upon the whole, however, the relations between employers and employees in Baltimore, are now generally pleasant and harmonious, although, as is inevitable, there are disputes, open or incipient, which are a source of irritation. These, fortunately, are almost entirely local and affect but a small proportion of the workingmen of the city.

STRIKE IN THE SHIPYARDS.

Boiler-makers and iron-platers, to the estimated number of 600.

demanding a nine-hour day, did not go to work on June 1st, in the Baltimore shipyards. All the shipyards in the city were, practically, tied up in consequence. At the yards of the Columbian Iron Works and Dry Dock Company, four hundred men were out; also one hundred employed by the R. M. Spedden Company, eighty employed by Charles Reeder & Sons, eighty employed by E. J. Codd & Company, and a lesser number employed by the James Clark Company.

The men had the matter of striking under consideration for a long time, and the strike had been decided upon four weeks before. They notified the shipbuilders on May 1st that unless the number of working hours was reduced from ten to nine, a strike would take effect June 1st. A committee, which was sent to interview the shipbuilders in the middle of May, and to renew the demand, claimed to have received no satisfaction.

In one or two cases the employers manifested a willingness to concede the demands of the men if all the yards would come into an agreement to that effect. The strike leaders in the beginning advocated orderly conduct on the part of their followers, and avowed themselves in favor of conducting the strike in a peaceable manner. The strikers had set aside, in their treasury, a considerable sum of money, in expectation of a refusal of their demand by the employers, and the great rush of work in shipyards all over the country at that time encouraged the men to stand firm, as they were reasonably certain of not being out of work long, in the event of losing the strike.

One reason they advanced, in support of the justice of their demand, was that few trades were compelled to work longer than nine hours a day, and some of the shipbuilding trades had a nine-hour day. The position taken by the employers was that they would lose largely by the reduction in the number of working hours, as contracts had been made on the basis of the ten-hour day. A nine-hour day would be equivalent, they said, to an increase of ten per cent. in wages, and this increase would bear heavily against the yards which had figured on contracts under the old system. The president of one large shipbuilding concern said that his firm intended to increase the wages of the men, if certain contracts then pending were secured, but that the action of the men would prevent the firm from making any further efforts to secure the contracts.

Captain R. M. Spedden, of the R. M. Spedden Company, told his employees on the day of the strike that their demand would have been granted without a resort to that measure, and asked the strikers' committee, which waited upon him, to send the men back to work the next day, and under the nine-hour system.

On June 2 representatives from the shipyards of the Columbian Iron Works, the James Clark Company, Charles Reeder & Sons, E. J. Codd and Company and Thomas C. Basshor & Co., held a conference, and came to the conclusion not to comply with the demand of the strikers. It was said at this conference that had the companies been given sixty days' notice, they might have so arranged their affairs as to have given the nine-hour day, but that under the existing circumstances, it could not be granted without loss to the employers. It was announced that the men would be given a short time in which to return to work, and failing in this, their places would be supplied.

The one hundred employes of the R. M. Spedden Company returned to work on June 2nd, and the nine-hour day was also granted eighty employes at the Campbell-Zell works without a strike becoming necessary there. The strikers did not go to the yards where their demands had been refused. A meeting was held on the night of June 2nd, at Park avenue and Fayette street, and it was stated that thirty-five boiler-makers had quit work at the Reeder shops. A speech was made by Mr. J. Benjamin Armsworthy, president of Oriole Lodge, No. 193, Boiler-makers and Iron-platers of America, in which he said that some shipyards were willing to give an increase in wages, but that the object of the strike was the securing of a nine-hour day. One interesting statement made at the meeting was that in Baltimore the lowest wages were paid, and the men compelled to work more hours than in Chicago, Boston, Brooklyn, New York and other cities. A committee, which had waited on Mr. E. J. Codd, reported that he had acknowledged that they were right in asking for a shorter workday. The James Clark Company was reported to have agreed to the strikers' proposition, in the event that other firms did the same.

On the following day a number of machinists and blacksmiths in the yards of the Clark Company and the Reeders', came out and another meeting of the strikers was held, at which encouraging reports were received. Nine pattern-makers quit work at

the Columbian Iron Works, and the Baltimore Association voted \$200 in aid of the Boston pattern-makers, who had struck for nine hours.

On June 5th, the strikers began to reap the results of their determined stand. Mr. Codd called a meeting of the ship-builders and boiler machine makers, and informed them that his company would accede to the demand, and grant a nine-hour day, because it was so pressed with work that it had to have the men back. The new rule went into effect at the Codd yards the following day, and applied to all the workmen employed by the company. The Campbell-Zell Co. followed up its action in giving the boiler-makers and iron-platers a nine-hour day, by extending the system to the machinists and blacksmiths. The Columbian Iron Works, the James Clark Company and the Reeders', however, remained firm, and fifty machinists quit work at the Columbian Iron Works. At a meeting of the strikers on the night of June 6th, some of the men applied for their traveling cards, with the intention of going to Boston, where the nine-hour day was in force, and where from 25 to 50 cents more per day was paid in wages. Over fifty new members were initiated into the Boiler-makers and Iron Ship-builders' Union, and a large number of applications for membership were received. Forty strikers left the city the following day for Boston. The strike continued into July, and by the eleventh of that month it was practically over. The Clark Company and the Reeders' consented to accede to the demand, and the Columbian Iron Works later yielded to the strikers.

STRIKE AT STEELTON.

The mammoth plant of the Maryland Steel Company is at Steelton (Sparrow's Point), in Baltimore county, a few miles from the city. Many of its employees live in Baltimore. On March 2nd, the company announced that the pay of all its employees would be increased ten per cent. April 1st, thus restoring all wages up to the level that obtained in March, 1897, when reduction was made, owing to the business depression. Increases in the working forces were made during the first half of the year, the company having many large contracts on hand. A meeting of the Sparrow's Point workmen was held, on June 14th, and the

advisability of making a demand on the company for a nine-hour day was discussed, the demand carrying with it the retention of the existing scale and an eight-hour day on Saturday.

The meeting was not largely attended, and it was decided not to make any demands on the employers at that time. Hearing of the movement the superintendent called the men together and told them that the company did very little repair work, and was not in competition with the Baltimore shipyards, but with such big shipbuilding concerns as the Cramps, the Harlan and Hollingsworth Company, and the Bath Iron Works; and if the company did not meet the competition of these concerns, it would have to send its men to seek employment elsewhere.

A few days afterward another meeting of workmen in the marine department was held, and on June 19th, the superintendent of that department was notified that all the machinists and other employees wanted a nine-hour day. The meeting at which this decision was reached was held at Highlandtown and a committee appointed to notify the superintendent. A system of weekly payments was also demanded, and the superintendent was given seven days in which to consider the demands, a strike being the alternative in case of refusal. At the meeting, Mr. James P. Armsworthy, president of Oriole Lodge, Boilermakers and Iron Ship-builders of America, made an address. The committee waited upon the superintendent on June 19th.

The latter did not give a specific answer at the time, but it became known that the company would inaugurate a system of weekly payments, that having been practically determined prior to the formulation of the workmen's demand. The superintendent said, in a newspaper interview, that if a strike should be ordered, most of the 800 employees of the yard would remain at work, as there were "only about 300 hotheads among them who would consent to go so far as striking." A few days later, the company returned an answer to the committee that its request for a nine-hour day could not be granted, although a weekly pay day would be put into effect in the following month in every department of the yard.

A hundred workmen attended a meeting at Highlandtown, on June 25th, and the answer of the company was laid before them. The matter was discussed, but no strike was ordered. When the

question was put to a vote 23 of those present favored a strike. The putting of the negative was received in silence, and the president of the meeting left. President Armstrong of Oriole Lodge, urged the men to strike, but without effect. The following day, however, a number of men, estimated at 150 by the company, quit work. The strikers claimed that eighteen gangs of riveters, including 54 men and 36 boys, 14 coppersmiths, 4 fitters-up, 14 boiler-makers and a number of laborers went out. They also alleged that 150 men asked for their time, and they received with their tickets, the information that the company had no further use for them. Some of the strikers, the company claimed, returned to work the next day, and it was announced that all the strikers would be given a little time in which to return to work, but that in a few days their places would be filled. The Federation of Labor discussed the strike, and the company's officials asserted on June 28th, that nearly all of the men had returned to work. Several delegates from the Federation visited Sparrow's Point, and they reported that the number of strikers had been larger than the company admitted, but that they were very much in need of organization; that unless a strong organization was formed among them, the strike would not be a success, which, eventually, proved to be the case, the men gradually going back to work under the old conditions, with the exception of those who sought employment elsewhere.

BREW-WORKERS AND BOTTLERS' STRIKE.

In April, the National Brewworkers' Union instituted an investigation into the condition of its members in Baltimore. National Secretary Charles G. Bechtold, of St. Louis, came to Baltimore at that time, and after looking over the field, instructed the union here to demand a shorter workday. From time to time, Mr. Bechtold returned to Baltimore, and finally informed the members of the union that they might be ordered out on a strike at any day. The demand of the brew-workers was for a uniform workday of nine hours.

Engineers at the various breweries, it was claimed, were required to work from 16 to 18 hours a day in busy seasons; drivers worked about the same number of hours, while the brew-workers were at labor twelve or fourteen hours a day. The bottlers also

joined in the demand for shorter hours, and, in addition, asked an increase in their pay of one dollar a week. Two or three conferences were held between the brewers and the employers during July, and it was thought the differences could be adjusted without resort to a strike.

On August 3rd, nearly all the employees in the Baltimore breweries quit work, a strike having been ordered from the national headquarters of the union. Eight hundred men in all, it is estimated, joined in the strike, which was directed particularly against the Maryland Brewing Company. This concern was organized over a year ago, sixteen out of the twenty Baltimore breweries consolidating, namely, those of George Gunther, George Bauernschmidt Brewing Company; Wehr-Hobelmann and Gottlieb Company; Von der Horst Brewing Company; National Brewing Company; Darley Park Brewery; Bay View Brewery; Mount Brewery; George Brehm; Germania Brewing Company; Oriental Brewing Company; John F. Wiessner and Brother, John B. Berger; S. Hellsdorfer's Sons; Baltimore Brewing Company and Eigenbrot Brewing Company. The capitalization of the company was \$14,000,000, and the Maryland made 600,000 barrels of beer of the 675,000 annually put out in Baltimore city and Baltimore county.

The outside breweries were the Lion, the Standard, the Beck and the Spring Garden. The employees of these were ordered out on August 4th. The strike occasioned considerable commotion among saloon keepers, who expected a "beer famine" and hastily made arrangements for shipments from other cities. The brewers announced that they had plenty of beer on hand, but that some saloons would have to send to the breweries for it.

Six hundred strikers held a meeting at Manhattan Hall, on East Baltimore street, on the afternoon of August 3rd. Morning deliveries had been made from the breweries as usual, but upon returning to the stables, the drivers stopped work, and were joined by the other employees. The brewery managers said that not over one hundred and sixty brew-workers had struck, together with half of the two hundred drivers, and the majority of the men out were bottlers and employes in the bottling departments. Gunther's Brewery and the Baltimore Brewing Company reported all employees out, while the Von der Horst, Brehm and Bay View establishments claimed that their men were ready for

work. In the other breweries the number out ranged, generally, over one-half the total number of employees. At the Manhattan Hall meeting a committee was appointed to confer with the managers.

The members of this committee were James H. Sullivan, on behalf of the engineers and drivers; Emil Koenig, on behalf of the brew-workers, and Frederick Boshman, for the bottlers. They were met at the Brewers' Exchange, Park avenue and Fayette street, by John Bauernschmidt, president of the Maryland Brewing Company; George Gunther, Frederick H. Gottlieb, Alexander Strauss, John B. Berger, R. H. Borman and H. Louderman, managers. There were also present the attorney of the Maryland Brewing Company and President Hirsch, of the Federation of Labor. After discussing the situation, an agreement was reached, as follows:

That engineers should be on duty twelve hours; that the work-day for brew-workers should be nine hours from October to March and ten hours the remainder of the year, or the summer season. The difficulty with the bottlers was left to be adjusted with the Bottlers' Exchange. Drivers were to work as before during the busy period of the year.

The wage scale agreed upon gave the brew-workers at kettles, \$15.00 a week; in the fermenting rooms and storage and packing cellars, \$15.00; in the wash-houses, \$13.00; apprentices, \$9.00; regular drivers, \$15.00; extra drivers, \$12.00; engineers not less than \$18.00; oilers and helpers, \$2.00 a day. The scale was the same that had been in force, but a concession was made by the brewers agreeing to give double pay for work on Sunday. The agreement was immediately taken to Manhattan Hall, where the strikers had remained, and was ratified by a vote of the union, the strike declared off and the men ordered to return to work on the following morning.

It was decided in the conference that all the strikers would be received back in the breweries, with but a single exception. The managers stated that the foreman of one stable had sent his men away at noon and had followed them, without feeding the forty horses in the stable. This act was denounced by the strikers, who readily acquiesced in the wish of the managers to discharge the foreman.

The agreement reached was an amicable one, and both employ-

ers and employees professed themselves satisfied with it, the strikers claiming a distinct gain in the shorter workday. Had the strike continued, fifteen hundred men, it is said, would have been out of work, this number including the employees in the bottling departments of out-of-town breweries. For the lost day the strikers were paid by the National Brew-workers' Union. The four outside breweries signed the agreement made by the Maryland Consolidation with the strikers.

All the strikers returned to work on the morning of August 4th, with the exception of a few bottlers, who claimed to have been kept out of the Bauernschmidt Brewery. The brewery people, however, asserted that all their employees were at work except four bottlers, who had refused to go back, on the ground that their demands had not been considered. The agreement reached at the conference between the strikers and the managers left the bottlers' grievances open for future settlement, the employers claiming that the demand for a shorter workday and a dollar more a week was unreasonable. A meeting of the bottlers was held on the night of August 4th, and it was decided to take no action until the Bottlers' Exchange met, when a contract was presented by the union, to which the Exchange did not assent.

The magnitude of the beer trade in Baltimore made the strike a notable one. The consumption of beer in the city and State is estimated at five hundred thousand barrels annually, and the Maryland breweries make large shipments to Southern Pennsylvania and nearby Southern States. The beer consumed in Baltimore and manufactured outside the State, is estimated at one hundred thousand barrels, three-fourths of the importation being in bottles.

The bottlers' grievances were finally dropped. Their organization was a small one, and composed principally of boys and young men. The employers asserted that the demand of the bottlers for more pay could not be granted; that there was very little profit in the bottling trade and that this little would be entirely wiped out under an increased scale.

ENAMELERS.

Employees, numbering upwards of one hundred, in the enameling department of Matthai, Ingram & Company's factory, Light and Wells streets, went out on strike about

the middle of June. The chief reason, as given by the strikers, for their course, was grievances against the superintendent of that department. Incidentally, the men demanded more pay. A committee of the strikers went to the firm and asked for an increase in wages, and to have the superintendent instructed to "pursue a policy of non-interference" in their department. The latter said that he did not know what specific complaints the men could make. They were paid for twelve hours' work, and his "interference" had been in stopping some of the men, he said, from quitting work in less time. Forty girls employed in the department made a demand that they be given information every night as to their earnings. They did not strike, but as the enamelers had gone out, they had no work to do for a day or so. Men from other departments of the factory were placed in the enameling rooms.

The strikers formed Enamel Workers Union, No. 1, with J. C. Pearce, president; William Sturgeon, vice-president and John Brady, secretary. A committee headed by Mr. Brady was appointed to deal with the employers, and this committee called on manager George Knapp, of the factory, and asked equal pay for all the men and a change in the superintendent of the enameling department. The reply was that equal pay could not be given, for the reason that some of the men were more skillful than others and therefore able to earn more money. In regard to the complaint against the superintendent, it was explained that he was only holding the position temporarily. The strike ended the first of July, the men returning to work.

DETRICK & HARVEY EMPLOYEES.

The employees of the Detrick & Harvey Machine Company, Preston street, near Greenmount avenue, on June 25th, gave notice to the firm that a strike would be ordered unless the work-day was made nine hours instead of ten. The firm immediately refused to make the concession, and a strike followed. General Manager Jacob S. Detrick told a committee which waited upon him that no time was needed by the employers in order to consider the subject, and that under no condition would the firm reduce the hours.

One thing which placed the firm in a position to withstand the

demand was that all contracts made by it embraced an express provision covering delay on account of strikes, and for that reason the standing of the company could not be injured by temporary idleness of its plant. New men were at once engaged to take the place of the strikers, and a few of the strikers were prevailed upon to return to work. On June 27th, however, the plant was almost at a standstill. One hundred and seventy employees went out at the institution of the strike, and nearly all of them remained out. The strikers held meetings and announced that they would stand firm for a nine-hour day.

On behalf of the company, General Manager Detrick said that it was an impossibility for the demand to be granted; that the company was not competing with Baltimore manufacturers, its work being principally the manufacture of tools, and in this, competition was solely with the North. Enough work was then on hand to keep the men busy for six months, and the company had been operating its plant twenty-two hours a day prior to the strike. The day gang and the night gang each made sixty hours a week, and the demand of the men meant that they wanted pay for 60 hours, while working but 54, said Mr. Detrick. He announced that it was proposed to allow the men a reasonable time in which to think the matter over, and that if they did not return to work, others would be brought to Baltimore to take their places. Some of the strikers had been with the company for twenty years, and these, it was said, should be given the preference; but if they remained out until their places were filled, no future provision would be made for them. The company's contracts had been all made on the ten-hour basis.

On the part of the strikers it was decided to make no demonstration, but to allow matters to proceed quietly, and resolutions were adopted pledging the strikers in case even one man returned to work at the shops, not to go back themselves under any consideration while the deserter remained in the employ of the company.

Business in the company's shops was suspended on the 27th of June, and the firm started to fill in the time by making repairs to the buildings and machinery, the latter having shown the effects of the strain of running twenty-two hours a day. The firm, from day to day, reiterated its determination not to treat with the men as to a nine-hour system. In the early days of July, the firm

adopted the policy of putting a few men to work daily, and announcing that the places of the strikers would be gradually filled, and after this had been done, none of the men who were out would be re-employed. The strikers asserted that enough competent machinists could not be secured by the company to take their places.

The shops were re-opened on July 6th. When the one hundred and fifty strikers went out, twenty-five men and boys refused to join them. On July 13th, the strike was declared at an end, after having lasted three weeks, the strikers, being unorganized, failing to gain their point. A committee was sent to the firm with a request that the strikers be re-employed, and this the company readily consented to do, explaining that they had no ill-will against their employees, and that the nine-hour demand could not be considered because of the close competition.

AT THE McSHANE BRASS FOUNDRY.

On June 26th there was a strike in the molding department of McShane & Company's brass foundry, sixteen men quitting work. Their grievance was that a change had been made in the system of pay. They had been getting one and a half cents for each mold turned out, and the firm notified them that their pay in the future would be ten per cent. of the value of the work.

It was claimed by the firm that this change meant increased pay, but the men were convinced that their pay would be decreased, owing to the deductions made from their earnings for defects in castings. These defects were alleged to be due to the quality of metal used, rather than to workmanship. The firm was asked to return to the old method of payments, but this request was refused. The strikers numbered but a small proportion of the employees, and most of them returned to work on the following day and the strike soon ended. The strike turned out to have been due to a misunderstanding of the position of the firm, according to the superintendent, who said that the firm had decided to pay a ten per cent. increase on all perfect molds, thus raising the price per hundred from \$1.50 to \$1.65, and that the increase was justified by its insuring a greater number of perfect molds.

SHOE CUTTERS.

Shoe Cutters' Union, No. 23, which has about 40 members, on November 15th, after a notice of two months, ordered a strike

for an advance of ten per cent. in wages and the recognition of the Union. The strike lasted for several weeks, the Clement and Ball Shoe Company being the principal employers against whom it was directed. Eight of the strikers were benefited, the firm named acceding to the demands. Eventually, twenty-four of the strikers returned to work at the old scale.

IRON MOULDERS.

A strike occurred early in July in the stove works of A. Weiskittel & Sons, Aliceanna and Washington streets, because of the employment of a non-union moulder. Thirty iron moulders went out. Efforts which were made immediately to reach an agreement were unsuccessful. Vice-president Joseph Vincent, of the Iron Moulders' Union, and Superintendent Weiskittel had a conference on July 7th. Mr. Vincent notified Mr. Weiskittel that the firm must not employ non-union men if union men were expected to work in the plant, and Mr. Weiskittel refused to bind himself by such a concession. He said he was willing to take the strikers back, but that they must not impose any conditions. The strike continued until a few weeks ago, when it was reported to the Federation of Labor that a satisfactory agreement with the firm had been arrived at.

TAILORS.

A reduction in the wage scale by Henry Sonneborn & Company, manufacturers of clothing, 8-14 South Eutaw street, led to ninety tailors going on strike September 30th. The tailors were employed in four East Baltimore shops by contractors, under Sonneborn & Company. It was claimed by some of the strikers that their action was the result of a reduction in the price of making trousers from twelve-and-a-half cents to ten cents. The work in hand consisted of trousers for the summer trade of 1900, and the firm, it was asserted, being in no particular hurry for the completion of the contracts, had made the cut in wages. Henry Holofcener, 1006 East Fayette street, one of the contractors, said that the strikers had been working for less than the scale brought about by the reduction, for a number of years. The old scale had been ten cents a pair for trousers for operators; eight cents for finishers and three-and-a-half cents for pressers. In the fall, Son-

neborn & Company, having an extensive stock of winter goods to be made up, advanced the scale two cents for operators and finishers and one cent to pressers, this being done for the purpose of having the work finished quickly by expert tailors. The firm, when this stock was made up, concluded that it could not afford to continue the scale on the summer goods, which were given out to be made up during the winter months. Consequently, a reduction of one cent each for operators and finishers and one-half cent for pressers was made, the new scale still being an advance of the same amount of the reduction over the old one. Contractor Holofcener claimed that the demand of the strikers for the maintenance of the scale as first increased, was unreasonable. Under the final scale they would be making more money than they had for years. New workmen were secured to take the place of the strikers, and most of the latter went to other shops where different work was to be had.

BOYS GO ON A STRIKE.

On September 22nd sixty-five boys employed in the factory of the Crown Cork and Seal Company, 1511-23 Guilford avenue, struck for an advance of fifty cents a week in wages. The boys were employed as helpers and operators of machines used for placing the corks in seals. Each machine requires an operator and a helper to run it. The boys ranged in age from thirteen to eighteen years. The strike was brought about by the older boys, it was claimed, who asserted that the employers demanded more work of them than had been customary. The pay of the employees was \$3.50 a week for helpers and \$4 a week for operators. The strike lasted a very short while, the boys going back to work. The employers said that the strike could be but a temporary affair, inasmuch as they would have no trouble in securing boys to take the places of those who quit.

During the same week in September, seventy-five boys employed in the glass factory of Swindell Brothers, at the foot of Russell street, were out on strike for an advance in wages. Nearly all of them, however, returned at the old rate.

SHIP CAULKERS.

A committee from the ship-caulkers waited on their employers on June 19, and requested an increase in wages from \$2.50 to

\$2.75 per day. In Baltimore there are about 150 ship-caulkers, and it is seldom that all of them are employed at the same time. With the introduction of iron and steel hulls the caulking industry began to decay, and the 600 caulkers of some years ago became reduced to the present number. Most of the caulkers of years ago were colored men. At a conference between the committee and the shipbuilders, the question was exhaustively discussed, and the caulkers concluded to withdraw their request. The employers pointed out that at the shipbuilding centres outside of Baltimore caulkers worked ten hours for the same pay given in Baltimore for nine hours.

SEAMEN.

Mr. James H. Williams, local agent at Baltimore of the Atlantic Coast Seamen's Union, sends this Bureau the following report, which will doubtless prove of great interest, inasmuch as it deals with a subject of the highest importance to Baltimore, which port stands far toward the front in the maritime affairs of the country, and brings the city and the State into close relations with other cities and States on the Atlantic and Pacific sea-coasts and with foreign countries.

Mr. Williams was for four years the local agent of the Atlantic Coast Seamen's Union at New York and while there, was instrumental in bringing about many reforms of benefit to seamen, both coastwise and foreign. During his recent work in Baltimore, he has been able to exert a far-reaching influence upon the welfare of seamen. The value of the recommendations that he makes as to the effect of State legislation upon the interests of seamen is attested by the success of similar legislation in New York, and it is hoped that whatever abuses may exist in regard to the seamen will be taken cognizance of by the Maryland General Assembly.

Mr. Williams writes:

As the duly accredited representative of the organized seamen of this State, I desire to call your attention to the present deplorable condition of our sailors, as well as to certain abuses and violations of the national shipping laws within the State to which these unwarranted conditions are mainly due.

It is my further desire to impress upon the General Assembly of Maryland the necessity for remedial State legislation calculated to ameliorate these unjust conditions and protect our merchant seamen from the insatiable imposition of those designing personages who make their life a burden and their vocation a curse.

For ages past the seaman has been the slave of arrogant commercialism; the victim of brutal sea-tyrants and the helpless prey of designing beach pirates. He has been deprived of his liberty by means of obsolete laws, denied his rights by stupid and prejudiced officials, robbed of his manhood to enhance the gains of merciless

shipmongers and relieved of his hard earnings to sustain a vicious and remorseless crimping system.

The "crimping system" as it now exists in the port of Baltimore, and elsewhere throughout the United States, is a relic of a dead and bygone age, when human rights and personal liberties were less sacred than now, and when the old time press gangs were regarded as a necessary, if not legitimate, institution for the procurement of seamen. Time, progress and legislation have long since abolished the press gangs, but, in the United States generally and the State of Maryland in particular, their practices still exist and flourish in the form of the pernicious crimping system, a curse to our merchant marine and seamen and a libel on our proud claim of equal rights and common protection to all.

Recent legislation by Congress has somewhat ameliorated the working conditions of the sailor's life, but until the crimping system, in all its ramifications, has been finally and totally abolished by statutory inhibition, other laws to protect seamen will be largely nugatory in effect. For, so cunning, unscrupulous and withal, so powerful in a political sense in their respective localities are the crimps, that the slightest loop-hole in a law through which they can intrude their iniquitous methods speedily becomes a practical negation of the whole body of the enactment.

In order to convey a fair idea of what the "crimping system" really is, a brief description of the crimps, their character and methods may here be deemed apropos. The crimping system, as now constituted in the port of Baltimore, which, by the way, is a fair sample of the general system throughout the country, is a chartered organization, incorporated under the laws of Maryland. Ostensibly, the purposes of this organization are merely "beneficial and social;" in reality, they are to evade the national laws openly and violate them covertly in dealing with seamen; to rob sailors, either by fraud or violence; to monopolize the shipping of the port by bribing shipmasters and intimidating seamen; to prevent seamen from seeking or securing employment for and by themselves in order to appropriate their advance wages, and to boycott either seamen or shipowners who refuse to concede their authority or pay tribute to the crimps. In short, it is a "sailor trust," pure and simple.

The genus homo referred to as the crimp may be classed under two heads; the shipping master and the boarding master, each of

whom has one or more understudies whose honorable appellation of "runners" suggests their exalted calling in life; while the term "Jackal" applied to them by sailors is, perhaps, still more suggestive of their real characteristics. The duties of a "runner," who is, usually, an all-around tough, consist in inducing seamen, especially the unsophisticated class arriving in foreign vessels, by hook or by crook, to desert; to conduct them into the clutches of the boarding master: to assist in relieving their victims of any loose cash of which they may be possessed; to convoy them on board some outward bound vessel when their time on shore expires, and to do sundry other things, all of which may be lumped under the head of what sailors term "dirty work;" for all of which pretended services Jack himself is graciously permitted to pay with compound interest out of his advance note.

The prime factor in this nefarious business of trading on the seaman's necessities and misfortunes, is the shipping master—a class of parasites from which all maritime nations have sought to protect their seamen. These may be fitly described as middlemen, who, with a view to their own pecuniary advancement, obstruct the free intercourse between shipmasters and seamen in mutually contracting for a voyage. Legally, and also in nautical vernacular, they are known as "crimps," although they are dignified by the appellation of shipping masters or agents, among themselves. Their ostensible occupation in life is to procure crews for vessels. This, in other maritime countries, is a governmental function, the infringement of which by outside parties is considered a criminal offence and dealt with accordingly. The United States Congress has long since declared "crimping" unlawful, but, owing to the fact that no Federal officers have been appointed to perform the duties which the "crimps" appropriate to themselves, the laws have been allowed to become dead letters and the seamen helpless chattels. True it is, that since 1872. United States Shipping Commissioners have been appointed, in accordance with act of Congress, at a score at least of our principal seaports, including Baltimore. The purpose of the Act of 1872 was clearly to protect seamen and facilitate commerce. From a variety of causes, however, the original law and the subsequent amendments thereto, have fallen far short, in practical results, of the expectations of their promoters. The lamentable failure of these laws has been due, not to any lack of sincerity on

the part of our national legislators, who conceived and framed them in good faith for the sailors' protection and benefit, but rather to their lack of practical knowledge of the actual condition and needs of seamen and to the malign influence and misrepresentation of unscrupulous shipowners and designing "crimps."

Having secured defects in the enactment of these laws, under the guise of sailors' friends, the "crimps" set to work at once to conduct their nefarious business through the loop-holes. This they were enabled to do with the utmost impunity and utter disregard for the sailors' rights by enlisting the powerful assistance of avaricious shipowners, who, for business reasons, would not scruple to regard the sailor's labor as a mere marketable commodity and his person as chattel property.

The duties of the United States Shipping Commissioners under the law are merely perfunctory, and their jurisdiction is restricted entirely to ships and seamen engaged in the foreign trade proper. Inasmuch as 90 per cent. of our American tonnage is employed in the coastwise and domestic trades it will be seen that the beneficent and protective features of the law apply to only 10 per cent. of our merchant seamen. Moreover, the Shipping Commissioners have been usually selected with more regard to business or political interests than to the welfare of seamen. That no special fitness, practical knowledge or educational acquirements have been exacted of candidates for the office of United States Shipping Commissioner is proven by the fact that heretofore many of these officials have been appointed directly from the ranks of the crimps, while others have been ordinary tradesmen and politicians.

The logical and obvious result of such a policy has been to render the Commissioner's office, in many cases, a palpably useless and inefficient innovation on the old shipping system. For where ignorance and indifference are permitted in place of knowledge and interest there can be no efficiency.

Another serious drawback to the efficiency of the Shipping Commissioner's office consists in the fee system of compensation, provided by law, which under present conditions renders our Commissioners largely dependent on the good will of ship-owners for their incomes and office expenses.

I have already stated that in the present division of our commerce, the law places but 10 per cent. of our shipping in the hands

of the Shipping Commissioner. With the other 90 per cent. the option lies with the owners, which makes it advantageous to the Shipping Commissioner to bow to their wishes whenever possible in order to retain their patronage for his office.

For a Shipping Commissioner to attempt to enforce strict compliance with the Navigation laws in all cases, would be to incur for himself the lasting displeasure of ship owners and the consequent loss of most of his official business. The functions of the Commissioner would then be transferred almost entirely to the crimps, and the great majority of seamen would be compelled to sign articles on the head of a whiskey cask and receive their wages in a gin mill.

From the foregoing statements it must be apparent that at present laws enacted for the protection of seamen are more honored in the breach than in the observance; and that a general revision of the national shipping laws is necessary to effect an improvement. Such a revision is not within the province of the State Legislature; but there is much the State can properly do to enforce respect for the national shipping laws, abate the crimping evil, prevent fraud and insure legal protection for seamen somewhat adequate to their needs.

Owing to the fact that the merchant marine is the natural recruiting source of the navy, the sailor has always in maritime countries been regarded as a ward of the nation, for whose particular needs special legislation has been found necessary.

Those governments possessing the strongest navies to-day have invariably done the most for the protection of their merchant seamen and the encouragement of commerce afloat. Indeed, it may be laid down as an axiom that the naval and maritime standing of any nation is in exact ratio to the amount of protection accorded their merchant seamen. What nation to-day protects the rights, interests and persons of its seamen so jealously as Great Britain; and what nation can approach her as a naval and maritime power?

In pursuance of this policy of maritime paternalism the government of the United States has from time to time enacted laws for the better protection of our merchant seamen. These laws, altogether substantially the same as those of other maritime nations, are less effective because seldom enforced. The Act of Congress, approved December 21, 1898, of which the accompanying circular is a synopsis, is on the statute books, the most beneficent and

salutary legislation ever enacted in this country for the protection of seamen. It places our laws on this important subject on a par, practically, with those of other nations possessing merchant marines equal to or superior to our own. Yet this law even falls far short in practical effect of its logical purpose because Congress has omitted to provide adequate means for its enforcement. In proof of this, witness the flourishing condition of the pernicious "crimping system" and the hopeless and unfortunate plight of the seamen in Baltimore at present—more than one year after the Act became a law. As I have already stated, special laws to protect seamen are of no effect unless supplemented by special laws to suppress crimping, and—this is the main desideratum—special and competent officials to enforce them both.

Congress has prohibited advances of seamen's wages being paid in all domestic trades under severe penalty, yet they are paid almost uniformly in certain classes of vessels because there is none to protest except the seaman, whose protest would be unavailing and, if made, would compel him to starve in the streets for want of employment; the law prohibits the exaction of shipping fees under penalty, yet shipping fees are regularly extorted and collected from seamen because the crimp is permitted to control the shipping and thus enslave the unfortunate seaman in search of a berth. It is unlawful to detain a seaman's clothing or other effects, but no one comes to his relief when his goods are held by a saloon-keeper as security for an alleged debt for board, etc., which on investigation usually proves to be a charge for liquors. It is by such means as this that the publican, who is usually the seaman's boarding master, also becomes the "original creditor" of the outward-bound sailor and is permitted to collect his first month's wages before they are earned. The law fails of effect from laxity of enforcement; the sailor is a slave for want of legal protection, and the crimping system is a success because the law is a failure.

Some idea of the extent to which the laws of the United States have been violated in Baltimore through the machinations of crimps may be gathered from a few cases taken from the record of the United States Court for the District of Maryland during the year 1899. The cases cited were brought to the attention of the authorities by the Agent of the Seamen's Union and it may be mentioned that scores of similar cases have been disposed of

through the United States Commissioner's office during the same period.

The Baltimore branch of the Atlantic Coast Seamen's Union was established early in January, 1899. During the same month the crew of the schooner "Warren Adams" was discharged in Baltimore and the sum of \$10 per man, amounting to \$50 in all was deducted from their wages by the master of the vessel who claimed to have paid that amount to a certain crimp at Brunswick, Ga., where the voyage originated, in order to secure his men. The seamen protested against the deductions for shipping fees basing their contention on the prohibitions contained in the Act of Congress approved February 18, 1895, commonly known as the Maguire Act. The case was carried to the United States District Court. The Court held that all charges made for shipping fees and all deductions from seamen's wages on account of such charges were illegal and would not be allowed. In the hearing of this case it developed that the Act of 1895 had been ignored in Baltimore throughout the four years of its existence until brought to light by the Seamen's Union. As a local paper expressed it in reporting the case—"the decision was new in this section of the country."

Another case of much significance was that of the United States against Pitipau in February, 1899. In this case the crimp had resorted to what is known as the "bonus" plan of evading the law prohibiting advances. Certain seamen were engaged for the bark "Doris," then bound on a voyage from Baltimore to Vera Cruz, Mexico, and return. Since Mexico comes within the category of "exempted" trades under the law, no advance could be charged against the wages of the crew at the pay table. In order to overcome this little legal inhibition, the sailors were induced to sign articles for five dollars per month less than the regular wages, the crimp arranging with the owners for the payment of full wages. This process would have enabled the crimp to collect for his own benefit, twenty-five per cent. of the entire wages of the whole crew for the voyage.

Pitipau was arrested on a warrant issued by the United States Commissioner, who, after hearing the facts, ordered the crew to be re-signed at the regular rate of wages from this port. While Pitipau escaped the legal punishment which his offence merited,

the seamen also escaped the imposition to which they would otherwise have been subjected.

But perhaps the most remarkable case on our calendar for last year affecting the rights of seamen, and one of the most far-reaching in its effects ever decided in this country, was that of the United States against Goodhues, Garland & Co., in the United States District Court, November 23rd, 1899. This was a criminal action brought by three seamen from the British steamship "Ethelred" against the above named firm, and, in its determination by the Federal Court was involved the right of jurisdiction assumed by the United States Government over foreign ships and seamen in American ports. By special proviso, the various acts of Congress, limiting, restricting and prohibiting advances to seamen or their "creditors," as well as the inhibition against shipping fees are made equally applicable to American and foreign vessels, while trading from ports in the United States. When we consider that nearly ninety-two per cent. of the American export and import trade is carried in foreign bottoms, and that ninety-five per cent. of the seamen employed on American ships, at present, are foreigners, the wisdom and necessity for such a proviso becomes apparent. A high rate of advance always means low wages for seamen and vice versa ; hence, the restrictions of the United States law proved irksome to foreign shipowners who would prefer to pay the seamen's wages to the crimps in order to procure their labor cheaply. Moreover, the law was distasteful to the crimps because to stop the advance meant to deprive them of their long established proprietorship in the sailor's person and end their occupation.

Under such circumstances it is not surprising that the foreign shipowners and masters were willing to co-operate with the crimps in their efforts to defeat the purpose of the law relating to advances. The plan finally adopted by mutual agreement between the crimps and their foreign employers, or their local representatives, was to sign crews for foreign vessels from Baltimore at the nominal rate of one shilling for the first month, or for such longer or shorter period as the length of the voyage might warrant.

Up to the time the Seamen's Union became a factor in local shipping affairs, these reprehensible practices were conducted with impunity and to the entire satisfaction of foreign shipowners and local "shipping agents." Seamen were compelled

to work one month, more or less, (as the case might be), for the crimps before any part of their wages would accrue to their own benefit. After a short voyage of, say, one month, or less, the sailor had nothing coming to him, and frequently found himself in debt to the ship. He was then thrown on the beach either to become again a chattel of the crimp or a charge on the community.

The Seamen's Union had long felt the injustice of this abominable practice and sought to break it up; but the cunning crimps always covered their tracks with such consummate adroitness that valid evidence against them was difficult to secure.

Protests to foreign consuls were found to be unavailing since the consuls refused to act except under specific instructions from their respective governments; and, since the foreign governments in question were blissfully ignorant of these abuses no such instructions were forthcoming. In this dilemma it was determined, all other means having been exhausted, to secure a test case, so to speak, and bring the matter to the attention of the Federal Courts for adjudication.

Late in October, 1899, a crew of sailors and firemen was engaged through the shipping firm of Goodhues, Garland & Co. for the British steamship "Ethelred," then bound on a voyage to Port Antonio, Jamaica, and return to Baltimore. Among that crew were three members of the Seamen's Union who shipped under instructions from the organization. At the consul's office the crew was informed by the crimp that they must sign articles for one shilling (twenty-four cents) for the first twelve days of the voyage, and that thereafter they would be entitled to full wages. The crew signed as ordered and on their return to Baltimore were proffered the munificent sum of \$3.17 for their services for sixteen days and an equal number of nights. The three union seamen protested, refused to accept the sum offered them and appealed to the United States District Court for protection. The result of this trial was most satisfactory in so far as the seamen's interests were concerned. Each member of the shipping firm was fined one hundred dollars, the maximum penalty, for charging illegal shipping fees; and a libel action against the ship for the wages actually due the seamen was settled out of Court, the agents making full payment.

The decision in this case was made the basis of an extended

correspondence between the governments of the United States and Great Britain on the questions involved. The correspondence culminated recently in the issuance, by the British Foreign Office, of a circular, instructing all British consuls in this country to disownenance the engagement of seamen for nominal wages and to refuse to sanction such engagements. The consuls are further instructed to observe strictly the letter of the United States law on the subject of shipping seamen and, in case their action is impugned, to invoke the aid of the Federal courts at the expense of the British government. These instructions should be sufficient, it would seem, for the ordinary protection of seamen who prefer to sail in British ships, and we believe it is only a matter of time when other governments will be constrained to take similar action for the protection of their seamen.

The sailor has been called the advance agent of civilization. He is the herald of the world's progress. He is a cosmopolitan. His labor is a benefit and a blessing to all countries; wherefore, he is equally at home in all countries; sails under all flags and claims the protection of all nations. The sailor is not an ingrate; he realizes his own improvidence, the natural result of long spells of abstemiousness and privation at sea; he knows full well his own helplessness in the hands of the crimp; he blesses the hand that delivers him from imposition and cheers for the country that most appreciates his worth and safeguards his rights. If our merchant marine is now to be considered in its proper light as a great commercial and civilizing factor in time of peace and an indispensable adjunct to our navy in time of war, then it would seem that a patriotic regard for the future welfare of our country would impel our statesmen and people generally to keep it up to the highest possible standard, both in regard to material and personnel. Under the rule of the crimp, the sailor becomes demoralized, in body, mind and character. He loses all his native self-respect, pride and ambition. He eventually becomes a mere creature instead of a man. All his finer feeling becomes deadened in the constant orgies of dissipation and debauchery to which the crimps subject him while ashore.

In case of great national emergency must the brawn and brain for outward defense be selected from among such degraded surroundings? Will the constant spoliation of useful and devoted seamen by lawless and unscrupulous blood suckers redound to

the best interests of our country? Shall we attempt the novel feat of trying to produce a silk purse from a whale's fluke?

The organized seamen of Maryland have thus imperfectly stated their case. Since our existence as a union we have endeavored by all means at our command to protect the men of our craft and will continue to do so. Much remains to be done, however, before the sailor can claim the respect which is his due. The crimp and his pernicious occupation must be abolished before the sailor can be raised from degradation and released from bondage, and to facilitate this result, we devoutly pray that the State Legislature will be pleased to enact appropriate laws. An official investigation of the crimping system in the port of Baltimore would reveal much of the true inwardness of the evil and inspire suggestions for its abolishment. The licensing and supervision of all sailors' boarding houses by the State would greatly improve the character of those establishments and make it possible for seamen to live in decent environments while ashore. We devoutly hope this will be done.

A law to abolish "saloon" boarding houses would be of incalculable benefit since it would redound to the sailor's moral and material improvement and at the same time, tend to defeat some of the most reprehensible and best cherished iniquities of the crimps. In conclusion, the Atlantic Coast Seamen's Union reposes its confidence in the honor and patriotism of the legislature of Maryland. We feel sure that our plea for justice will not be in vain and that ere long the sailor will enjoy proper protection within this State.

And the time will come when this nation, as a whole, will rise to a realizing sense of its own responsibility and manifest duty to the sailor, and provide proper laws for his protection and adequate means for their enforcement. Both our merchant marine and navy will then become Americanized; seamanship will be an honorable calling, the old maritime prestige of our country will be restored and American boys will go to sea.

Respectfully,

JAS. H. WILLIAMS,
Baltimore Agent, Atlantic Coast Seamen's Union.

The synopsis of the Act of Congress, to which reference is made, is as follows:

1.—By the provisions of Section 4516, R. S., as amended, no vessel of the United States will be allowed to sail from any port shorthanded, if seamen are obtainable in that port, under severe penalty.

2.—Under the new law, no seaman can be arrested or imprisoned either for leaving or refusing to join any vessel, whether bound coastwise or foreign, while such vessel lies in a domestic port, or at any port in the West Indies, Mexico or the Dominion of Canada.

For desertion a seaman must forfeit whatever wages he has earned up to that time, and for absence without leave he may be fined one-half of one day's pay; but in neither case can he be punished criminally.

3.—By the amendment to Section 4526, R. S., destitute or shipwrecked seamen must hereafter be provided with "sufficient subsistence" and a passage home at the expense of the United States, instead of having their wages garnisheed to a consular agent or paid to a steamship company as formerly.

4.—Seamen arriving from coasting voyages must be paid immediately upon discharge, and from a deep-water voyage within four days, and, in all cases, one-third of the wages due must be paid on account at the time of discharges, or otherwise the seamen's wages continue until they are paid at the rate signed for.

At every point where a vessel shall load or deliver cargo, the crew shall be entitled to one-half the wages due them, unless the contrary be expressly stipulated in the articles.

5.—By the amendment to Section 4547, R. S., claims brought by seamen against vessels touching wages will be given preference in the United States courts. This will greatly facilitate litigation in such cases, as disputes over wages can now be settled in court within a few days, whereas, under the old method of procedure, it required months to reach them on the regular calendar.

6.—The amendment to Section 4556, R. S., gives to the majority of the crew of any vessel the right to order a survey, if before leaving port they discover that the vessel is unseaworthy, shorthanded, short of provisions or deficient in her body tackle or rigging. In case the vessel is in a foreign port a majority of the crew cannot order a survey without the concurrence of one of the

officers. In a domestic port, however, such a concurrence is unnecessary.

For refusing to comply with such a demand for a survey made by a majority of the crew, the master will be liable to a penalty of five hundred dollars fine.

7.—By the terms of Section 4611, R.S., as amended, flogging, "belaying pin soup," and all other forms of corporal punishment hitherto inflicted on seamen by ship's officers, are strictly prohibited; no form of corporal punishment will be deemed justifiable under the law, and any master or officer who beats or wounds a seaman shall be imprisoned not less than three months or more than two years without fine. In case any officer of a ship has committed an assault upon a sailor during a voyage, the law holds the captain responsible for his surrender to the proper authorities upon arriving in port, and if the offender is permitted to escape before his arrest can be effected, then the captain becomes liable in monetary damages to the injured seaman.

8.—By the amendment to Section 23 of Section 4612 of the United States Revised Statutes, an entirely new and comparatively sumptuous scale of provisions is provided for seamen in all trades. This scale is made a matter of Statute and cannot, therefore, be reduced by any contract. The seamen shall have the option of accepting such fare as the master may provide in preference to the scale, but their right to demand the statutory scale of provisions cannot be waived.

The scale of provisions must be inserted in every article of agreement, and shall not be reduced by any contract, and shall be posted conspicuously in the galley and forecastle of each vessel. When the vessel is in port the crew must be supplied with fresh vegetables, fresh fruit and fresh meat from ashore, provided such articles of food are obtainable.

In case the provisions of any seaman are reduced in quantity not exceeding one-third, he may demand and recover as wages a sum equal to fifty cents per day as compensation during the period of reduction.

In case the amount of reduction in food exceeds one-third of the allowance, then the seaman may claim a sum not exceeding one dollar per day as long as such reduction continues. In case the quality of the food is bad the penalty is the same, one dollar per day.

A seaman's allowance of food may be reduced to a reasonable extent as a means of punishment, provided his conduct merits such punishment, without incurring the above penalties on the vessel.

9.—All forms of advance or allotment of seamen's wages are absolutely prohibited in the coastwise trade, the trade to the West Indies, Mexico or British America.

In the deep-water trades a limited allotment not exceeding one month's wages is permitted; and in all other trades the allotment is reduced to fifteen and twenty days' pay.

Any person paying allotments, except as above, shall be liable to punishment, and, upon conviction, shall be fined a sum not less than four times the amount of the advance paid. All sums paid and deducted from the wages of seamen contrary to law, must be paid to the seamen at the end of the voyage, notwithstanding any claims presented by interested parties for board, whiskey or shipping fees.

Any person convicted of demanding or receiving, either directly or indirectly, from any seaman any remuneration for furnishing him with employment shall for every such offence be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars fine.

The letter from the British Foreign Office to British consuls, referred to, is as follows:

FOREIGN OFFICE, February 12, 1900.

SIR:—I am directed by the Marquess of Salisbury to call your attention to the Act of Congress of the 21st December, 1898, which contains provisions prohibiting the payment of advance wages to seamen, the main object of the latter being to protect the seamen from the extortions of boarding house keepers and shipping masters (crimps). These provisions were communicated by the United States Government to their Collectors of Customs and Shipping Commissioners in a circular letter dated the 8th February, 1899, a copy of which was sent you by Her Majesty's Embassy at Washington in March.

It has been found that this regulation is evaded on British vessels by making the seamen sign an agreement to serve for a certain term at the beginning of the voyage for the nominal sum of 1s., and thereafter at the regular monthly rate. This practice has, however, recently been declared to be contrary to the law of the United States of America by the District Court of the United

States for the District of Maryland in the case of the British steamship "Ethelred."

Unless and until this judgment is reversed on review by a superior court, you will be justified, if satisfied, either upon evidence before you or as a result of inquiry made, that the agreement does not truly represent the real transaction in not sanctioning the engagement, more especially if you have come to the conclusion that the real transaction is an evasion of the salutary provisions of the United States Act. In such a case you are authorized to refuse to sanction such an arrangement.

It has been pointed out that cases occasionally occur of "bona fide" special arrangement being made for various reasons, according to which men work their passage home at a nominal wage. Care should, therefore, be taken to distinguish evasions of the law from such bona fide engagements.

In conclusion I am to state that such legal expenses as you may incur in defending your action, should it be impugned, will be defrayed by Her Majesty's Government.

I am, sir, your most obedient, humble servant,

F. H. VILLIERS.

SWEAT SHOPS.



During the year, Dr. C. Hampson Jones, Health Commissioner of Baltimore city, made a sustained effort to enforce the "sweat-shop" law, and to this end, his subordinates made a house-to-house canvass of the district in East Baltimore where the greater number of "sweat-shops" are located. Dr. Jones says that the prosecutions were very few, owing, in part, to the obscurity of the laws relating to the power of the Health Commissioner to enforce sanitary regulations. He holds that one notice to alleged "sweat-shop" proprietors is sufficient, an opinion which has not been shared by magistrates at the police stations, who, for the most part, appear to think a notice imperative upon each occasion when the health authorities believe themselves justified in invoking the law to abate "sweat-shop" nuisances. The word "habitually" in the law relating to "sweat-shops" also gave some trouble to the health department, and Dr. Jones secured an opinion from City Attorney Greenbaum as to when such an establishment could be considered "habitually" unclean and unsanitary. Mr. Greenbaum held that, should notice be given proprietors to clean their places, and not to overcrowd their employees, and such notice should be disregarded, as manifested upon a subsequent visit of the sanitary inspectors, the courts would doubtless rule that such shop was "habitually" unsanitary.

It has been pointed out frequently in Baltimore, that tuberculosis was common among sweat-shop workers, the disease being due, in the great majority of instances, to the bad atmosphere, unclean surroundings, and insanitary habits of the employees of the shops, both when at labor and in their homes. In most cases, the "sweat-shop" and the home are in one and the same building. Therefore, Dr. Jones instructed his inspectors to make a note of all persons found suffering from tuberculosis. In one case inspectors discovered two children ill with diphtheria in a room next to that occupied by the workers. The latter was small and unventilated, and the atmosphere vitiated with unhealthy exhalations from the bodies of the workers, who were employed in making up cloaks of costly design and fabric. Dr. Jones, in proceeding against the "sweat-shops" which he claimed were violating the

law, believed that a decision of Judge Sharp, in one of the city courts, would apply. This decision was rendered in a case coming up under the cow stable ordinance, and in it, the Judge held that after the owners of such stables had been notified of the existence of the law against nuisances therein, and persisted in violating the law, they could be arrested without the formality of notice to abate the existing nuisance. Under this law, Dr. Jones sent circulars to all the owners of stables, calling their attention to the law and warrants were afterward served without additional notice. The Health Department, however, was unable to make use of this decision in its sweat-shop crusades.

This opinion of Dr. Jones is doubtless shared by medical men and the public at large: "The men who run the shops are just as responsible for the disease which is spread by the shops as though they killed a man outright. What is the use of our having laws if they can't be made operative? Serving notices has no effect. The only thing to do is to let the men know that the law exists and then arrest them and let them suffer the penalty if they keep on violating it."

Dr. John C. Eichner, of the city Health Department, who made a special investigation of "sweat-shop" conditions last summer, says in a report to the Department:

"By request I beg to submit some facts about the character of garments generally manufactured in the "sweat-shops" in Baltimore city. About three-fourths of the places visited by me last summer were making up men's and boys' fine suits. Some would make a specialty of pants, others coats and vests, while another class would make overcoats entirely.

"In quite a number of places I visited, suits were being made for letter-carriers, policemen, motormen and conductors of street cars. While I am not able to state positively that all of these uniforms were made for Baltimore firms, yet, I remember distinctly, and made a note of it, asking on several occasions who they were being made for, and found they were for Baltimore houses.

"The cheapest clothing is made up under the most unfavorable circumstances, for the price paid is so small that it is only a certain class of people who are able to compete for the work. I was told by a man who had eighteen men and two small girls working for him (the small girls generally pull out the basting threads)

that the price paid him to make a good dress coat was thirty-five cents.

"Now, as to some other goods. Quite a number of places in very crowded and unsanitary surroundings were making only underwear for men and women. These shops, however, were not very numerous, because a great deal of this work—or, in fact, nearly one-half of it—is done at the homes of some poor people, who receive a compensation of from fifteen to twenty cents per dozen. The greatest amount of finer underwear for male and female is made directly by the manufacturer on his premises.

"I only remember one place where ladies' tailor suits were made a specialty. Just now, of course, this is something new in this city.

"The greatest danger from 'sweat-shops' is the fact that they are nearly all located in houses containing from five to eight families, some of them more, each family having a number of children and if the women are not working in the shop proper they carry the goods they work upon into their own rooms, where there is great danger of almost any infectious disease. While the proprietor might be entirely ignorant of any danger, you will remember we had a case of nearly this character last year, and the measures that were used to prevent further trouble. In my judgment the 'sweat-shop' laws could be very much improved, and should be done promptly. I will add there are several cases pending in court against some of the proprietors."

The "sweat-shop" law is Chapter 302 of the Acts of 1894, and it provides that "if any individual or body corporate engaged in the manufacture or sale of clothing or of any other article whereby disease may be transmitted, shall knowingly, by purchase, contract or otherwise, directly or indirectly, cause or permit any garments or such other articles, as aforesaid, to be manufactured or made up, in whole or in part, or any work to be done thereupon, within this State and in place or under circumstances involving danger to the public health, the said individual or corporation, upon conviction in any court of competent jurisdiction, shall be fined not less than ten dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for each garment or other article so as lastly aforesaid manufactured, made up or worked upon."

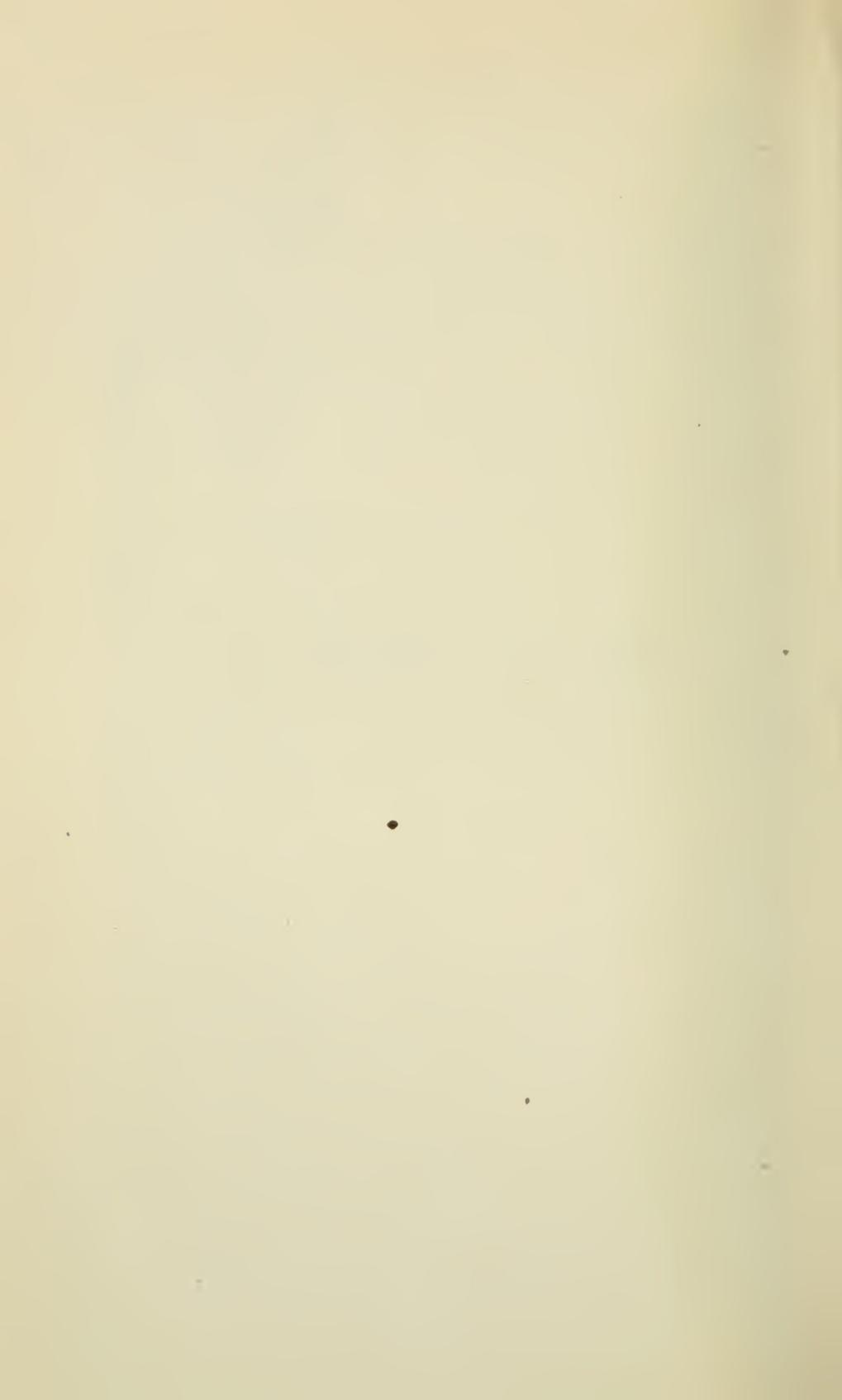
The law further subjects any individual or officer of any corporation guilty under the provisions of the above section, "with the

knowledge that the offence will or may be dealt with as aforesaid, to imprisonment for from sixty days to one year," and he "may be further fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, in the discretion of the court.

"A place involving danger to the public health" is thus defined: "Any room or apartment which shall not contain at least 400 cubic feet of clear space for each person habitually laboring in or occupying the same, or wherein the thermometer shall habitually stand, during the hours of labor, at or above 80 degrees Fahrenheit, before the first day of May or after the first day of October of any year, or wherein any person suffering from a contagious, infectious or otherwise dangerous disease or malady, shall sleep, labor or remain, or wherein, if of less superficial area than five hundred square feet, any artificial light shall be habitually used between the hours of 8 A. M. and 4 P. M., or from which the debris of manufacture and all other dirt or rubbish shall not be removed at least once in every twenty-four hours, or which shall be pronounced ill-ventilated or otherwise unhealthy by any officer or board having legal authority so to do."

The concluding section of the law provides that one-half of any fine imposed upon violators shall go to any "association or society" incorporated or unincorporated, which furnishes evidence sufficient to secure the conviction of persons criminally presented under the act. The law has been in effect since April 6th, 1894.

MISCELLANEOUS.



POLICE LABOR LAW.

At the session of the General Assembly in 1898, an Act was passed (Chapter 474, printed in the report of this Bureau for that year), prohibiting the employment of members of the police force of Baltimore city in "any mechanical work or labor other than the work or labor required of" policemen under Article 4, Public General Laws. It had been customary for many years for policemen to act as carpenters, painters, and in other mechanical capacities whenever required to do so by their superiors, in work around the station houses and elsewhere, many expert mechanics of various trades being found on the force. The Act of 1898 was passed under the conviction that a policeman should perform no labor outside of police duty for the city. It becoming known to this Bureau that the Act was not being strictly observed by the police department, the attention of Governor Lowndes was called to that fact by Attorney-General George R. Gaither, and the Chief of the Bureau. The Governor promptly wrote the Board of Police Commissioners, in relation to the complaint, and the Board as promptly issued an order that in future the law should be rigidly observed, and that all mechanical work in the department should be performed by persons outside of it.

EIGHT HOUR LAW.

On April 20th, a delegation from the Electrical Workers' Union waited upon Mayor Malster and complained that the contractors for the electrical work on the Mount Royal pumping station had sublet the work of wiring the building to a firm which required its employees to work ten hours a day, instead of eight, as provided by law for all State work. A month later the president of the company having the contract was arrested, at the instance of the Federation of Labor, and was fined \$25 and costs by Justice Grannan, at the Central Police Station. The defendant claimed that the men had worked overtime voluntarily and that they were paid by the hour.

TRADES-UNIONS IN BALTIMORE.

The following lists of trades-unions in Baltimore, all of which are affiliated with the Federation of Labor, was furnished by Secretary H. L. Eichelberger, of the Federation:

- American Federation of Musicians, No. 40.
- Asphalt Block Layers, No. 7214.
- Atlantic Coast Seamen.
- Brewery Workers, No. 8.
- Bricklayers, No. 1.
- Bakers and Confectioners, No. 12.
- Book Binders, No. 2.
- Boiler Makers and Iron Ship Builders.
- Bottlers Union, No. 161.
- Boot and Shoe Cutters, No. 23.
- Beer Drivers.
- Box Makers, No. 70.
- Bridge and Iron Constructors.
- Carpenters and Joiners, No. 29.
- Cigar Makers International, No. 1.
- Coppers International, No. 32.
- Carpenters and Joiners, No. 44.
- Can Makers.
- Candy Makers.
- Electrical Workers.
- Electrotypers, No. 26.
- Engineers and Firemen.
- German Central Labor Union.
- Granite Cutters.
- Garment Workers, No. 7.
- Garment Workers, No. 39.
- Horseshoers, No. 2.
- Iron Moulders.
- Journeymen Tailors.
- Lathers, No. 7342.
- Machinists, No. 186.
- Painters and Decorators, No. 1.
- Pressmen.
- Plumbers Supply Makers.
- Pants Makers, No. 37.

Photo Engravers, No. 2.
Press Feeders and Helpers.
Plasterers.
Pattern Makers.
Railway Trackmen.
Rammers, No. 7158.
Rammers, No. 2.
Stereotypers, No. 10.
Steam Fitters.
Stove Moulders.
Stone Pavers, No. 7314.
Stove Mounters.
Shirt Cutters.
Typographical Union, No. 12.
Typographical Union, No. 11.
Theatrical Stage Employees.
Vest Makers.
Wood Workers, No. 6.
Wood Carvers.
Wire Workers, No. 7215.
The unions organized during the year were:
Beer Drivers.
Box Makers, No. 70.
Bridge and Iron Constructors.
Candy Makers.
Engineers and Firemen.
Garment Workers, No. 39.
Journeymen Tailors.
Lathers, No. 7342.
Plumbers Supply Makers.
Plasterers.
Pattern Makers.
Railway Trackmen.
Steam Fitters.
Stove Mounters.
Stove Moulders.
Shirt Cutters.
Wire Workers, No. 7215.

The Organization Committee of the Federation had its time much occupied during the year in looking after new unions and strengthening old ones.] The Grievance Committee was composed of Joseph Flynn, chairman; H. L. Eichelberger, George W. Griesman, George A. Simpson, George Daniels, John Minor, M. R. M. Murphy, A. W. Lockwood. The committee had charge of strike matters, and made numerous reports to the Federation.

WOOD WORKERS' ORGANIZATION.

General Secretary Thomas I. Kidd, of the Amalgamated Woodworkers' Union, visited Baltimore in July, soon after the organization of the Box-Makers' Union, and at a largely attended meeting at Manhattan Hall, addressed the wood-workers and bx-makers, of whom there are about 600 in the city, on the methods of improving their condition. He said that, at that time, the Amalgamated Union had about 3300 members in good standing, and that in nearly a hundred shops only men carrying a union card could be admitted to work. The union had established itself in twenty cities, and through its efforts the earning capacity of the members had been increased \$675,000 a year, and the working time per year reduced three hundred hours per man. Speaking of trusts, Mr. Kidd said:

"There has been an attempt to divert us from our real mission by urging an attack upon the trusts. As long as there is competition in business there will be trusts. With cut prices staring them in the face, manufacturers are bound to combine. If labor can combine for self-protection, why capital is going to do the same. The true interests of the laboring men is in forming a labor trust through perfect union organizations. Then we can make the other trusts grant us what is reasonable and right."

General Organizer, J. H. Sullivan, of the American Federation of Labor, who has since been elected president of the Baltimore Federation, also addressed the meeting.

Mr. Kidd said that in Chicago, an agreement had been secured with the employers through the perfecting of the organization, by which a nine-hour work day was given, with a proviso that this was to be reduced later to eight hours, and Chicago would be the first city in which an eight-hour work day had been gained by the Wood-workers and Box-makers. Pay days were to be twice a

month, and the number of apprentices to be limited to one for each ten men. Engineers in the factories were required to be unionists, and shipping clerks must also belong to a union, in order that the stamping of scab work could be prevented. The agreement provided that sympathetic strikes declared for the upholding of union principles were not to be construed as a violation of the compact entered into by the employers and employees. The union label was required to be placed on all work turned out. Manufacturers of union-made goods in Chicago were generally given the preference by architects, dealers, contractors and the building trades because of steps taken to acquaint them with the better workmanship in the union shops. Another article of the agreement was that no mill work should go out of a factory to a building on which there was a strike of union carpenters or painters, and where scab labor had been employed instead of the strickers.

DAMAGE SUIT AGAINST UNIONISTS.

A non-union horseshoer, who alleges that he lost his place through representations made to his employer by members of the Federation of Labor and Journeymen Horseshoers' Beneficial Society and Union, No. 2, has a suit pending in the Court of Common Pleas of Baltimore city for \$10,000 damages against these members of the two organizations: George G. Nachman, Charles A. Cullen, Joseph Flynn, William Biggins, H. L. Eichelberger, M. R. M. Murphy, George W. Griesman, Edward H. Fink, John Reid, of the Federation; Charles A. Cullen, Joseph D. Whittaker, William Chapman, Benjamin F. Feelemyer, Joseph C. McGregor, John Engroff, James Keyton, William N. Farley, Michael A. Brennan and Joseph Flynn, of the Horseshoers' Union.

INCORPORATIONS
IN
BALTIMORE CITY.

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
Academy of Music.....	April 20, 1870.....	300,000 00
Maryland Academy of Music.....	April 4, 1878.....	200,000 00
ADVERTISING COMPANIES.		
Automatic Advertising Co.....	March 31, 1890.....	9,000 00
National Advertising Bureau.....	October 31, 1889.....	3,000 00
Rolling Advertising Co.....	November 14, 1893.....	3,000 00
ALE COMPANIES.		
American Ginger Ale and Manufacturing Company.....	July 21, 1899.....	25,000 00
Gosman Ginger Ale Co.....	March 10, 1899.....	150,000 00
ART COMPANIES.		
American Art and Specialty Co.....	September 2, 1899.....	50,000 00
Du Brau Art Co.....	January 26, 1899.....	5,000 00
International Art Co.....	June 21, 1897.....	25,000 00
BADGE AND NOVELTY COMPANIES		
Baltimore Badge and Novelty Co.....	October 1, 1898.....	25,000 00
Official Badge Co.....	August 1, 1888.....	2,400 00
Torch and Minks Badge Co.....	March 1, 1899.....	10,000 00
BANKS.		
Collateral Security Bank.....	August 19, 1872.....	250,000 00
Capitol Cornet Band.....	July 1, 1885.....	1,000 00
College Dime Savings Bank.....	February 15, 1886.....	50,000 00
Co-operative Building Bank.....	November 30, 1888.....	5,000,000 00
German Bank.....	May 2, 1871.....	500,000 00
German-American Bank of Baltimore.....	October 28, 1871.....	500,000 00
German Central Bank.....	February 17, 1874.....	200,000 00
German Old Iron Savings Bank.....	September 18, 1874.....	200,000 00
German Bank.....	March 23, 1881.....	400,000 00
Lexington Savings Bank.....	May 10, 1895.....	10,000 00

Mercantile Savings Bank.....	September 22, 1885.....	\$25,600 00
Peabody Savings Bank.....	March 20, 1872.....	100,000 00
Paeo Dime Savings Bank.....	October 26, 1885.....	20,000 00
Park Savings Bank.....	October 4, 1888.....	1,000 00
Security Savings Bank.....	May 8, 1891.....	100,000 00
United German Bank of Baltimore.....	October 13, 1871.....	100,000 00
BANKING AND BUILDING COMPANIES.		
Hanover Banking and Building Association.....	August 17, 1888.....	400,000 00
Merchants and Traders' Banking Association	August 2, 1872.....	600,000 00
Union Banking Co.....	May 6, 1893.....	150,000 00
BAKERY COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Co-operative Bakery.....	July 29, 1895.....	5,000 00
Chesapeake Steam Bakery.....	October 13, 1896.....	10,000 00
Standard Baking Co.....	March 30, 1898.....	15,000 00
BASE BALL ASSOCIATIONS.		
Baltimore Union Base Ball Association.....	March 31, 1884.....	25,000 00
Baltimore Base Ball and Exhibition Co.....	October 29, 1890.....	6,000 00
BASKET COMPANIES.		
Maryland Veneer and Basket Co.....	October 28, 1897.....	20,000 00
Wood Dish and Basket Co.....	April 5, 1889.....	10,000 00
BELTING COMPANIES.		
Chesapeake Belting Co.....	June 15, 1886.....	50,000 00
Gandy Belting Co.....	November 13, 1896.....	50,000 00
BENEFICIAL ASSOCIATIONS.		
Casmos Beneficial Association.....	April 26, 1875.....	1,000 00
Commercial Beneficial Society.....	October 2, 1877.....	10,000 00
Cyclers Co-operative Beneficial Society.....	August 26, 1890.....	2,000 00
Monroe Savings and Beneficial Association No. 2.....	February 20, 1871.....	12,500 00
Maryland Beneficial Association.....	May 26, 1874.....	5,000 00
Prudential Beneficial Association.....	August 29, 1888.....	5,000 00
Royal Beneficial Association.....	March 19, 1877.....	5,000 00
Standard Benefit Association.....	June 8, 1885.....	2,000 00
United States Beneficial Society.....	April 16, 1880.....	500 00
BICYCLE COMPANIES.		
Hygeia Pneumatic Bicycle Co.....	August 18, 1896.....	1,000 00
Millington Machine and Bicycle Co.....	December 29, 1894.....	25,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
BISCUIT COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Biscuit Co.....	April 7, 1896.....	50,000 00
Maryland Biscuit Co.....	January 7, 1898.....	100,000 00
BLIND COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Blind Co.....	October 7, 1897.....	50,000 00
Maryland Fire Proof Wrought Iron Blind Manufacturing Co.....	April 6, 1872.....	100,000 00
BOND COMPANIES.		
Mercantile Bond Co.....	July 19, 1890.....	10,000 00
National Bond Co.....	July 16, 1890.....	10,000 00
BOOK AND NOVELTY COMPANIES.		
American Book and Novelty Co.....	September 17, 1890.....	25,000 00
Medical and Standard Book Co.....	June 24, 1898.....	1,600 00
BOTTLING COMPANIES.		
Avon Bottling Co.....	March 17, 1890.....	6,000 00
Columbia Bottling Co.....	December 4, 1896.....	1,000 00
BOTTLE SEAL COMPANIES.		
Bottle Seal Co.....	September 8, 1885.....	100,000 00
Waterman Spring Bottle Seal Co.....	March 19, 1897.....	25,000 00
Waterman Spring Bottle Cap Co.....	November 12, 1898.....	200,000 00
BOX COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Box Co.....	November 11, 1896.....	1,000 00
Consolidated Box Co.....	June 10, 1895.....	25,000 00
Canton Box Co.....	April 8, 1897.....	60,000 00
Eureka Box Co.....	September 30, 1889.....	40,000 00
E. A. Jones Paper Box Co.....	November 19, 1892.....	10,000 00
J. H. Duker Box Co.....	January 13, 1898.....	20,000 00
Model House Letter Box Co.....	May 31, 1892.....	10,000 00
Maryland Box Co.....	October 31, 1894.....	2,500 00

Spring Garden Box Co.....	January 9, 1899.....	10,000 00
Coale Brass Manufacturing Co.....	December 28, 1897.....	15,000 00
Maryland Brass Co.....	April 16, 1890.....	15,000 00
BREWING COMPANIES.		
Bauernschmidt and Marr Brewing Co.....	March 16, 1887.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Brewing Co.....	June 9, 1887.....	150,000 00
Consumers Brewing Co.....	May 6, 1898.....	150,000 00
Dukehart Brewing Co.....	March 14, 1891.....	75,000 00
Eigenbrot Brewing Co.....	February 5, 1891.....	105,000 00
George Bauernschmidt Brewing Co.....	May 9, 1888.....	500,000 00
George Bauernschmidt Brewing Co.....	May 17, 1889.....	200,000 00
Germany Brewing Co.....	September 23, 1893.....	50,000 00
John F. Wiessner & Sons' Brewing Co.....	April 18, 1891.....	100,000 00
Lion Brewing Co.....	April 8, 1895.....	100,000 00
Monarch Brewing Co.....	May 24, 1888.....	300,000 00
Maryland Brewing Co.....	November 7, 1898.....	6,500,000 00
Monumental Brewing Co.....	November 6, 1899.....	150,000 00
Standard Brewing Co.....	April 13, 1887.....	250,000 00
Sommerfeld Brewing Co.....	September 15, 1892.....	200,000 00
Standard Brewing Co.....	May 27, 1897.....	150,000 00
Vonder Horst Brewing Co.....	March 18, 1896.....	120,000 00
Wehr—Hobelmann—Gottlieb Brewing and Malting Co.....	July 31, 1888.....	300,000 00
BRICK COMPANIES.		
Belgian Fire Brick Co.....	November 11, 1876.....	300,000 00
Brick Co.....	July 5, 1877.....	50,000 00
Baltimore Retort and Fire Brick Works.....	May 22, 1878.....	150,000 00
Baltimore High-Grade Brick Co.....	June 7, 1895.....	150,000 00
Baltimore Retort and Fire Brick Co.....	January 31, 1883.....	50,000 00
Carroll Brick Co.....	May 26, 1883.....	40,000 00
Calvert Brick Co.....	June 13, 1892.....	20,000 00
Maryland Brick Co.....	October 23, 1880.....	100,000 00
Pitcher & Creager Brick Co.....	February 11, 1897.....	100,000 00
Riverside Brick Co.....	April 7, 1896.....	20,000 00
Smith & Schwarz Brick Co.....	March 6, 1893.....	25,000 00
Young O. Wilson Brick Co	September 3, 1889.....	50,000 00

TABLES.
Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
BRICK AND CEMENT COMPANIES.		
Asbestos Brick and Cement Co.	February 14, 1870.	25,000 00
Maryland Cement Co.	May 14, 1897.	125,000 00
BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS AND COMPANIES.		
Avalon Building Association.	April 22, 1870.	624,000 00
Aurora Building Association No. 4.	May 31, 1870.	125,000 00
Alphonsus Hall Building Association No. 8.	June 6, 1870.	120,000 00
Assistance Building Association.	July 6, 1870.	250,000 00
American Building Association No. 6.	November 23, 1870.	300,000 00
Aurora Savings Building Association.	January 10, 1871.	110,000 00
Apollo Building Association No. 1.	April 7, 1871.	125,000 00
Active Building Association.	April 17, 1871.	125,000 00
Arlington Building Association No. 2.	May 16, 1871.	125,000 00
Alphonsus Hall Building Association No. 9.	September 27, 1871.	120,000 00
Alphonsus Hall Building Association No. 10.	June 8, 1872.	120,000 00
Accumulative Building Association.	July 9, 1872.	600,000 00
Arlington Building Association No. 3.	March 26, 1873.	250,000 00
Asbury Building Association No. 2.	June 13, 1873.	250,000 00
Alphonsus Hall Building Association No. 11.	June 25, 1873.	120,000 00
Atlas Permanent Association of East Baltimore.	March 17, 1874.	400,000 00
Aurora Permanent Building and Savings Association.	May 27, 1874.	500,000 00
Assistance Building Association No. 2.	June 4, 1874.	250,000 00
Alphonsus Hall Building Association No. 12.	October 3, 1874.	120,000 00
Alice Anna Building Association No. 4.	August 10, 1875.	125,000 00
Alphonsus Hall Building Association No. 13.	November 3, 1875.	120,000 00
Alphonsus Hall Building Association No. 14.	April 11, 1877.	120,000 00
Astor Mutual Building Association.	May 31, 1877.	560,000 00
Asbury Building Association No. 3.	February 4, 1878.	250,000 00

Alphonse Hall Building Association No. 15.....	April 26, 1880.....
Ashland Mutual Building Association.....	June 5, 1883.....
Ashland Building Association.....	September 13, 1886.....
Arundel Building Company.....	January 27, 1891.....
Atlas Building Association.....	March 22, 1892.....
Assured Village and Cottage Permanent Building Association.....	January 5, 1892.....
Alpha Building Company.....	May 26, 1891.....
Atlantic Building and Homestead Association.....	December 4, 1894.....
Annex Building Association.....	September 21, 1897.....
Bank Street Building Association, "Little a".	June 16, 1890.....
Battery Avenue Building Association No. 2.....	August 29, 1870.....
Belair Avenue Building Association No. 1.....	September 29, 1870.....
Biddle Street Building Association No. 1.....	November 7, 1870.....
Bethel Street Building Association No. 1.....	December 15, 1870.....
Bavaria Building Association No. 1.....	March 31, 1871.....
Brown Street Building Association No. 4.....	May 11, 1871.....
Brauman's Building Association No. 2.....	October 28, 1871.....
Baltimore Perpetual Building Association No. 1.....	November 21, 1871.....
Berlin Building Association No. 2.....	December 27, 1871.....
Battery Square Building Association No. 1.....	February 1, 1872.....
Biens Savings Building Association.....	February 14, 1872.....
Bohemia Building Association No. 1.....	February 28, 1872.....
Ben Franklin Building Association No. 3.....	March 13, 1872.....
Bee Hive Building Association No. 1.....	April 19, 1872.....
Brown Street Building Association No. 5.....	May 20, 1872.....
Butcher Hill Building Association No. 2.....	July 16, 1872.....
Bohemia Building Association No. 2.....	March 21, 1873.....
Broadway National Building Association.....	October 28, 1873.....
Baltimore Mutual Permanent Building Association No. 1.....	April 13, 1874.....
Berlin Building Association No. 3.....	October 9, 1874.....
Border State Perpetual Building Association.....	November 25, 1874.....
Bohemia Workingmen's Permanent Building Association No. 1.....	June 22, 1875.....
Bauman's Building Association No. 3.....	July 14, 1875.....
Butcher Hill Building Association No. 3.....	September 8, 1877.....
Butchers' Building Association No. 1.....	October 30, 1877.....
Bee Hive Building Association No. 2.....	March 5, 1878.....

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	INCORPORATION DATE OF	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS AND COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
Berlin Building Association No. 4.....	March 14, 1878.....	200,000 00
Border State Perpetual Building Association No. 2.....	November 14, 1878.....	780,000 00
Baltimore Stock Exchange Building Co.....	April 26, 1880.....	20,000 00
Bevan Street Permanent Building Association.....	December 18, 1880.....	100,000 00
Braun Street Building Association No. 11.....	March 25, 1881.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Workingmen's Building Association No. 2.....	April 4, 1881.....*	100,000 00
Berlin Building Association No. 5.....	December 22, 1881.....	200,000 00
Bee Hive Building Association.....	April 30, 1883.....	200,000 00
Bohemian Building Association.....	September 18, 1883.....	50,000 00
Berlin Building Association No. 6.....	February 21, 1884.....	200,000 00
Bohemian North-East Building Association No. 1.....	November 13, 1885.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Club Building Company.....	March 1, 1886.....	25,000 00
Baltimore Permanent Building Association.....	October 13, 1886.....	200,000 00
Baltimore Cricket Club Building Co.....	July 19, 1887.....	5,000 00
Bee Hive Perpetual Building Association.....	August 4, 1888.....	300,000 00
Building Co. of Young Men's Republican Club.....	February 19, 1889.....	40,000 00
Brighton Building Association.....	May 22, 1890.....	500,000 00
Builders Exchange Building Co.....	July 7, 1890.....	106,000 00
Building Company of the Maryland Athletic Association.....	January 6, 1892.....	200,000 00
Brunstar Ship Building Company.....	March 26, 1892.....	30,000 00
Bona Dea Permanent Building Association.....	December 18, 1891.....	208,000 00
Bond Street Perpetual Building Association.....	August 19, 1898.....	390,000 00
Bohemian-American Building Association.....	September 18, 1899.....	500,000 00
Cambridge Building Association No. 1.....	July 12, 1870.....	300,000 00
Calvert Road Building Association No. 2.....	March 26, 1870.....	100,000 00
Columbian Building Association No. 4.....	April 23, 1870.....	300,000 00
Columbia Street Building Association No. 1.....	July 5, 1870.....	200,000 00

Camden Building Association.....	August 9, 1870.....
Charles Street Building Association No. 11.....	November 19, 1870.....
Charles Street Building Association No. 12.....	January 25, 1871.....
Canton Arbeiter Building Association No. 2.....	May 4, 1871.....
Camden Station Building Association.....	May 10, 1871.....
Columbia Building Association No. 4.....	May 16, 1871.....
Central Building Association No. 4.....	October 13, 1871.....
Central Mutual Building Association.....	November 3, 1871.....
Corner Hill and Sharp Streets Building Association No. 1.....	December 20, 1871.....
Charles Street Building Association No. 13.....	January 18, 1872.....
Carroll Building Association No. 4.....	February 21, 1872.....
Concordia Club Building Association No. 3.....	May 10, 1872.....
Cohen Street Permanent Building Association No. 1.....	May 22, 1872.....
Carrollton Perpetual Building Association.....	June 5, 1872.....
Carl Schurz Building Association No. 1.....	June 10, 1872.....
Calvert Building Association No. 1.....	October 12, 1872.....
Central Avenue Building Association No. 7.....	November 22, 1872.....
Central Union Building Association.....	November 2, 1872.....
City Stock Building Association No. 2.....	December 13, 1872.....
Charles Street Building Association No. 14.....	February 11, 1873.....
City of Baltimore Building Association.....	March 20, 1873.....
Central Avenue Permanent Building Association No. 1.....	August 31, 1873.....
Columbian Building Association of East Baltimore No. 5.....	February 11, 1874.....
Carroll Building Association No. 5.....	June 2, 1874.....
Commercial Mutual Building Association.....	March 19, 1875.....
Central Union Permanent Building Association.....	April 8, 1875.....
Columbia Building Association No. 5.....	July 8, 1875.....
Charles Street Building Association No. 13.....	November 18, 1875.....
Centennial Building Society No. 1.....	February 4, 1876.....
Corner Hill and Sharp Streets Building Association No. 2.....	May 4, 1876.....
Chew Street Bohemia Building Association No. 1.....	March 13, 1877.....
City of Baltimore Building Association No. 2.....	February 12, 1878.....
Caroline Street Permanent Building Association No. 1.....	May 9, 1878.....
City Block Building Association No. 3.....	September 11, 1878.....
Columbian Building Association of East Baltimore No. 6.....	February 24, 1880.....
City of Baltimore Building Association No. 3.....	July 26, 1880.....

REPORT OF THE

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS AND COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
Centennial Building Society No. 2.....	November 17, 1880.....	100,000 00
Clifton Building Association.....	September 11, 1883.....	650,000 00
Columbian Building Association of East Baltimore.....	February 26, 1884.....	750,000 00
City of Baltimore Permanent Building Association.....	March 22, 1884.....	200,000 00
City Stock Building Association No. 4.....	June 10, 1884.....	100,000 00
Centennial Permanent Building Association No. 3.....	December 3, 1884.....	200,000 00
Crescent Building Company.....	January 27, 1885.....	100,000 00
Calumet Building Company.....	May 2, 1885.....	20,000 00
Conway Street Building Association No. 1.....	February 1, 1886.....	200,000 00
Columbian Building Association of Baltimore No. 8.....	March 16, 1886.....	500,000 00
Carroll Permanent Building Association No. 1.....	October 17, 1887.....	400,000 00
Calvin Mutual Building Association No. 1.....	October 28, 1887.....	300,000 00
Columbian Building Association of East Baltimore No. 9.....	March 16, 1888.....	750,000 00
Clifton Permanent Building Association.....	October 15, 1888.....	780,000 00
Calvert Club Building Company of Eighth Ward.....	January 23, 1889.....	4,000 00
Concord Club Building Company.....	April 1, 1891.....	9,000 00
Columbian Building Association.....	August 5, 1892.....	50,000 00
Carroll Building Association.....	July 7, 1896.....	500,000 00
Columbian Building Association.....	February 10, 1898.....	650,000 00
Continental Building Company.....	April 4, 1899.....	5,000 00
Dunfries Building Association No. 3.....	June 21, 1870.....	250,000 00
Druid Hill Savings Building Association.....	March 1, 1871.....	130,000 00
Druid Hill Avenue Building Association No. 5.....	May 12, 1871.....	125,000 00
Druid Hill Building Association No. 2.....	May 30, 1871.....	225,000 00
Delight Building Association.....	November 1, 1872.....	100,000 00
Druid Hill Avenue Building Association No. 6.....	April 14, 1873.....	125,000 00
Denison Building Association.....	January 31, 1874.....	75,000 00

Druid Hill Avenue National Building Association No. 1	May 18, 1875.....	May 18, 1875.....
Druid Hill Avenue National Building Association No. 2	June 7, 1877.....	June 7, 1877.....
Druid Hill Avenue Building Association No. 3	June 19, 1877.....	June 19, 1877.....
Druid Hill Building Association No. 4.....	January 29, 1880.....	January 29, 1880.....
Druid Hill Perpetual Building Association.....	December 16, 1884.....	December 16, 1884.....
Daily Record Building Company.....	May 16, 1891.....	May 16, 1891.....
Eager Street Building Association No. 3.....	January 21, 1870.....	January 21, 1870.....
Eureka Building Association.....	May 12, 1870.....	May 12, 1870.....
Eutaw Building Association No. 5.....	July 15, 1870.....	July 15, 1870.....
Eastern National Building Association.....	October 15, 1870.....	October 15, 1870.....
Emory Street Building Association No. 1.....	October 18, 1870.....	October 18, 1870.....
East Baltimore Mutual Building Association No. 3.....	October 28, 1870.....	October 28, 1870.....
Eager Street Building Association No. 4.....	November 12, 1870.....	November 12, 1870.....
Essex Building Association No. 5.....	December 9, 1870.....	December 9, 1870.....
East Baltimore Germania Building Association No. 8.....	April 3, 1871.....	April 3, 1871.....
East End Building Association No. 2.....	April 11, 1871.....	April 11, 1871.....
East Pratt Building Association No. 5.....	April 12, 1871.....	April 12, 1871.....
East Baltimore Social Building Association No. 1.....	May 5, 1871.....	May 5, 1871.....
East Madison Street Building Association	June 7, 1871.....	June 7, 1871.....
East Baltimore Germania Building Association	July 18, 1871.....	July 18, 1871.....
East Canton Building Association No. 3.....	August 8, 1871.....	August 8, 1871.....
East Lamford Street Hall Building Association No. 1.....	September 21, 1871.....	September 21, 1871.....
Eastern Avenue Building Association No. 1.....	October 7, 1871.....	October 7, 1871.....
Eutaw Building Association No. 6.....	October 20, 1871.....	October 20, 1871.....
East Street Perpetual Building Association	November 16, 1871.....	November 16, 1871.....
East Baltimore Street Building Association	November 22, 1871.....	November 22, 1871.....
East Baltimore Vansant Building Association.....	February 9, 1872.....	February 9, 1872.....
East Baltimore Mechanics Building Association No. 6	March 25, 1872.....	March 25, 1872.....
Eastern Avenue Building Association No. 2.....	April 9, 1872.....	April 9, 1872.....
Eager Street Building Association No. 5	May 6, 1872.....	May 6, 1872.....
Emory Street Building Association No. 2.....	May 28, 1872.....	May 28, 1872.....
Eutaw Court Building Association No. 2.....	May 29, 1872.....	May 29, 1872.....
Excelsior Building Association No. 4.....	June 6, 1872.....	June 6, 1872.....
East Street Permanent Building Association No. 2	September 2, 1872.....	September 2, 1872.....
East Lombard Street Building Association No. 7	February 12, 1873.....	February 12, 1873.....
Eutaw Building Association No. 7	March 29, 1873.....	March 29, 1873.....

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS AND COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
East Baltimore Germania Building Association No. 10.....	June 27, 1873.....	115,000 00
Exchange Mutual Building Association.....	June 27, 1873.....	100,000 00
East Street Perpetual Building Association No. 3.....	July 9, 1873.....	200,000 00
East Baltimore Mutual Building Association No. 4.....	August 13, 1873.....	88,000 00
Eager Street Building Association No. 6.....	February 16, 1875.....	100,000 00
Eastern National Building Association No. 4.....	September 20, 1877.....	100,000 00
Exchange Mutual Permanent Building Association.....	November 30, 1877.....	100,000 00
East End Building Association.....	October 17, 1878.....	150,000 00
Eighth German-American Building Association.....	May 6, 1880.....	600,000 00
Emmet Perpetual and Mutual Building Association.....	April 28, 1882.....	390,000 00
Eden Street Permanent Building Association No. 1.....	March 26, 1883.....	450,000 00
Eleventh German-American Building Association.....	March 3, 1883.....	1,040,000 00
Enterprise Permanent Building Association.....	October 8, 1884.....	150,000 00
Eighteenth German-American Building Association.....	February 28, 1890.....	2,080,000 00
Eutaw Building Company.....	January 14, 1893.....	100,000 00
Eutaw Building Association	February 8, 1893.....	100,000 00
Eureka Permanent Building Association.....	May 10, 1895.....	520,000 00
Eutaw Permanent Building Association.....	May 24, 1895.....	260,000 00
Eccleston Permanent Building Association.....	September 17, 1895.....	650,000 00
Evening News Building Company.....	March 5, 1898.....	500 00
Fells Point Building Association No. 3.....	March 15, 1870.....	110,000 00
Federal Hill National Building Association No. 7.....	September 21, 1870.....	125,000 00
Federal Hill National Building Association No. 8.....	March 20, 1871.....	100,000 00
Federal Hill National Building Association No. 9.....	June 13, 1871.....	125,000 00
Forrest Street Building Association No. 3.....	July 11, 1871.....	200,000 00
Fifth Ward Building Association No. 2.....	October 10, 1871.....	100,000 00
Fidelity Building Association No. 2.....	November 13, 1871.....	175,000 00

Forward Building Association "A".	December 29, 1871.
Federal Hill National Building Association No. 10	September 6, 1872.
Fifth National Permanent Building Association No. 4	September 30, 1872.
Forrest Street Building Association of Old Town.	April 30, 1873.
Fells Point Mechanics Building Association "A"	June 9, 1873.
Frederick Avenue Building Association No. 1	August 4, 1873.
Fremont Building Association.	April 4, 1874.
Fulton Street Permanent Building Association.	June 26, 1874.
Forrest Street Building Association No. 5	October 24, 1874.
Federal Hill National Building Association No. 12	October 30, 1874.
Fort Avenue Permanent Building Association	June 14, 1875.
Fourth German-American Building Association.	May 22, 1876.
Fifth German-American Building Association.	May 5, 1877.
Fire Proof Building Company.	May 14, 1877.
Forrest Street Building Association No. 6	October 10, 1877.
Fairmount and Chapel Street Permanent Building Association No. 1	October 24, 1879.
Forrest Street Building Association No. 7	April 15, 1880.
Forrest Street Building Association No. 8	July 9, 1881.
First Permanent Home Building Association	May 19, 1883.
Forrest Street Building Association No. 8	September 13, 1883.
Fee Building Association	May 14, 1884.
Frederick Avenue Building Association	June 26, 1885.
Fee Building Association No. 2	February 18, 1886.
Fourteenth German-American Building Association	February 27, 1886.
Forrest Street Permanent Building Association No. 10	July 17, 1886.
Fifteenth German-American Building Association.	March 1, 1887.
Fee Building Association No. 3	May 11, 1888.
First Polish-American Building Association.	May 7, 1889.
Frohsinn Hall Building Company.	September 2, 1892.
Federal Permanent Building Association	November 11, 1892.
First National Building Association	February 29, 1895.
Fireside Building Association.	March 3, 1898.
Germania Building Association of Frederick Avenue	February 9, 1870.
George Washington Building Association No. 7	February 19, 1870.
Good Investment Building Association No. 7	March 4, 1870.
Grant Building Association No. 3	March 31, 1870.

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS AND COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
George Washington Building Association No. 8.....	September 24, 1870.....	150,000 00
Golden Rule Building Association No. 1.....	October 11, 1870.....	224,000 00
Gough Street Building Association No. 4.....	November 21, 1870.....	100,000 00
George Washington Building Association No. 9.....	March 22, 1871.....	200,000 00
George Washington Building Association No. 10.....	April 26, 1871.....	200,000 00
George Washington Building Association No. 11.....	July 15, 1871.....	200,000 00
German-American Building Association.....	November 6, 1871.....	400,000 00
Germany Building Association No. 13.....	December 1, 1871.....	120,000 00
Granby Street Building Association No. 1.....	March 22, 1872.....	200,000 00
George Washington Building Association No. 12.....	March 28, 1872.....	200,000 00
George Schwinn Building Association No. 1.....	April 10, 1872.....	125,000 00
Greenmount Mutual Building Association.....	April 22, 1872.....	800,000 00
George Washington Building Association No. 13.....	April 30, 1872.....	200,000 00
Grant Building Association No. 4.....	August 2, 1872.....	125,000 00
Germany Building Association No. 14.....“A”	November 12, 1872.....	100,000 00
George Washington Building Association “B”.....	November 25, 1872.....	200,000 00
Great Eastern Building Association No. 5.....	May 24, 1873.....	200,000 00
Gem Building Association No. 2.....	November 25, 1873	200,000 00
George Washington Building Association “C”.....	May 6, 1874.....	250,000 00
Germany Good Will Building Association.....	June 30, 1874.....	200,000 00
Germany Building Association No. 15.....“D”	October 22, 1874.....	300,000 00
George Washington Building Association No. 6.....	November 12, 1874.....	100,000 00
Gough Street Building Association No. 5	January 12, 1875.....	200,000 00
Gough Street Building Association No. 6	February 6, 1875.....	150,000 00
George Washington Building Association “E”.....	November 2, 1875.....	208,000 00
George Washington Building Association “F”.....	December 22, 1875.....	200,000 00
George Washington Building Association “P”	February 7, 1876.....	209,000 00

Grant Building Association No. 5.....	April 21, 1876.....	125,000 00
Germania Building Association No. 16.....	June 12, 1876.....	100,000 00
George Schwinn Building Association No. 2.....	June 9, 1876.....	125,000 00
George Washington Building Association "G".....	November 22, 1876.....	200,000 00
George Washington Building Association "H".....	October 8, 1877.....	200,000 00
Germania Building Association No. 17.....	December 18, 1877.....	100,000 00
Great Eastern Building Association No. 6.....	December 6, 1878.....	250,000 00
George Washington Permanent Building Association.....	July 23, 1879.....	400,000 00
Grant Building Association No. 6.....	April 8, 1880.....	125,000 00
Garfield Building Association.....	May 7, 1881.....	75,000 00
Grant Building Association No. 7.....	October 6, 1882.....	125,000 00
George Schwinn Building Association No. 3.....	October 10, 1882.....	200,000 00
Greenmount Building Association No. 3.....	January 23, 1883.....	650,000 00
Great Eastern Permanent Building Association.....	June 13, 1883.....	200,000 00
Golden Star Perpetual Building Association.....	October 8, 1885.....	50,000 00
Guildford Permanent Building Association.....	April 5, 1888.....	260,000 00
Greenmount Mutual Building Association.....	November 20, 1890.....	5,000,000 00
German-American Mutual Permanent Building Association.....	December 19, 1895.....	2,800,000 00
Harrison Building Association No. 6.....	March 7, 1870.....	150,000 00
Hampstead Building Association No. 7.....	April 26, 1870.....	150,000 00
Harmony Building Association No. 12.....	September 22, 1870.....	225,000 00
Howard Relief Building Association No. 1.....	January 17, 1871.....	100,000 00
Harrison Building Association No. 7.....	January 25, 1871.....	150,000 00
Home Building Association No. 1.....	May 12, 1871.....	200,000 00
Hampstead Building Association No. 8.....	July 28, 1871.....	100,000 00
Henricia Street Building Association No. 5.....	September 2, 1871.....	225,000 00
Hampstead Building Association No. 9.....	November 1, 1871.....	150,000 00
Henry Weitzel Building Association No. 1.....	February 2, 1872.....	104,000 00
Home Building Association No. 2.....	February 24, 1872.....	200,000 00
Hampstead Building Association No. 10.....	April 10, 1872.....	150,000 00
Hampstead Street Building Association.....	April 23, 1872.....	150,000 00
Harmony Building Association No. 13.....	June 28, 1872.....	225,000 00
Hope Building Association.....	January 31, 1873.....	250,000 00
Harrison Permanent Building Association.....	February 21, 1873.....	500,000 00
Hyatt Hill Building Association.....	June 14, 1873.....	200,000 00
Home Building Association No. 3.....	July 10, 1873.....	200,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	INCORPORATION DATE OF	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS AND COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
Hampstead Building Association No. 11.....	March 26, 1874.....	150,000 00
Harmony Building Association No. 14.....	April 21, 1874.....	225,000 00
Howard Relief Building Association No. 2.....	October 9, 1874.....	100,000 00
Home Mutual Building Association.....	October 17, 1874.....	150,000 00
Harlem Permanent Building Association.....	October 30, 1874.....	520,000 00
Home Building Association No. 4.....	May 29, 1875.....	100,000 00
Harrison Building Association No. 9.....	October 6, 1875.....	300,000 00
Hampstead Building Association No. 12.....	March 25, 1876.....	150,000 00
Home Building Association No. 5.....	October 3, 1876.....	600,000 00
Home Building Association No. 6.....	November 21, 1876.....	200,000 00
Howard Relief Building Association No. 3.....	March 19, 1877.....	100,000 00
Home Building Association No. 7.....	May 31, 1877.....	600,000 00
Home Building Association No. 8.....	December 21, 1877.....	400,000 00
Home Building Association No. 1.....	August 27, 1879.....	600,000 00
Home Building Association No. 11.....	December 23, 1879.....	400,000 00
Hoen Building Company.....	July 17, 1880.....	100,000 00
Home Building Association No. 12.....	October 28, 1880.....	600,000 00
Home Building Association No. 13.....	May 27, 1881.....	100,000 00
Home Building Association No. 14.....	August 20, 1881.....	60,000 00
Hopkins Avenue Permanent Building Association No. 1.....	September 29, 1881.....	300,000 00
Harlem Mutual Building Association.....	April 8, 1882.....	260,000 00
Harrison Building Association No. 10.....	April 11, 1882.....	300,000 00
Home Building Association No. 15.....	March 28, 1883.....	600,000 00
Home Building Association No. 16.....	October 11, 1883.....	100,000 00
Harlem Mutual Building Association No. 2.....	April 23, 1884.....	260,000 00
Harlem Perpetual and Mutual Building Association.....	November 6, 1886.....	300,000 00
Howard Permanent Building Association.....	December 8, 1886.....	650,000 00

Harrison Building Association No. 11.....	December 13, 1888.....	300,000 00
Hermann Power and Building Company.....	January 21, 1895.....	50,000 00
Huntington Building Association.....	February 14, 1895.....	500,000 00
Harmonic Building Company.....	April 29, 1895.....	13,000 00
Hearth and Home Perpetual Building Association	November 18, 1897.....	390,000 00
International Building Association.....	January 13, 1870.....	100,000 00
Independent Building Association No. 5.....	May 16, 1870.....	150,000 00
Independent Building Association No. 2.....	October 23, 1871.....	125,000 00
Industrial Building Association No. 2.....	March 29, 1872.....	125,000 00
Independent Building Association No. 6.....	August 31, 1874.....	150,000 00
Industrial Permanent Building Association No. 3.....	July 25, 1877.....	200,000 00
Independent Building Association No. 7.....	December 2, 1880.....	150,000 00
Independent Building Association No. 8.....	May 3, 1884.....	104,000 00
Iroquois Building Company.....	November 30, 1891.....	20,000 00
Johns Building Association No. 5.....	March 18, 1870.....	150,000 00
Joseph Building Association No. 3.....	May 13, 1870.....	150,000 00
Jackson Building Association No. 3.....	July 14, 1870.....	100,000 00
Johnson Street Building Association No. 1.....	August 9, 1870.....	100,000 00
Johnson Building Association "B".....	August 24, 1870.....	125,000 00
Johnson Street Building Association No. 2.....	June 2, 1871.....	100,000 00
Jackson Building Association No. 4.....	October 31, 1871.....	200,000 00
Joseph Building Association No. 4.....	March 16, 1872.....	140,000 00
Johns Building Association No. 6.....	August 3, 1872.....	150,000 00
Johnson Street Building Association No. 3.....	May 22, 1873.....	100,000 00
Jefferson Permanent Building Association.....	August 19, 1885.....	200,000 00
Johnson Square Permanent Building Association.....	January 26, 1887.....	312,000 00
Junior Order M. A. M. Building Co. of East Baltimore.	February 28, 1893.....	30,000 00
Juppa Permanent Building Association.....	October 30, 1894.....	500,000 00
J. F. Wiessner Building Association.....	August 25, 1897.....	200,000 00
Kenwick Building Association No. 3.....	February 24, 1870.....	150,000 00
Kenwick Building Association No. 4.....	January 16, 1874.....	250,000 00
Kenwick Building Association No. 5.....	December 22, 1876.....	230,000 00
Kenwick Building Association No. 6.....	September 4, 1880.....	287,500 00
Keystone Building Association.....	December 9, 1881.....	112,000 00
Kenwick Perpetual Building Association.....	January 24, 1882.....	150,000 00
Kenwick Building Association No. 7.....	September 19, 1883.....	287,500 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS AND COMPANIES.—(Continued)		
Kenwick Perpetual Building Association.....	February 28, 1887.....	650,000 00
Lexington Monumental Building Association.....	[January 19, 1870.....]	125,000 00
Low Street Building Association No. 5.....	[March 21, 1870.....]	100,000 00
Lion Building Association.....	[April 2, 1870.....]	125,000 00
Loyola Building Association No. 4.....	[July 2, 1870.....]	150,000 00
Low Street Building Association No. 6.....	[August 31, 1870.....]	100,000 00
Light Street Building Association No. 3.....	[September 26, 1870.....]	125,000 00
Log Cabin Building Association No. 3.....	[November 5, 1870.....]	112,000 00
Liberty Perpetual Building Association No. 3.....	[February 17, 1871.....]	200,000 00
Lloyd Street Building Association No. 4.....	[June 28, 1871.....]	100,000 00
Lexington Building Association No. 4.....	[August 10, 1871.....]	125,000 00
Low Street Building Association No. 7.....	[August 24, 1871.....]	100,000 00
Laborers Building Association.....	[September 26, 1871.....]	125,000 00
Light Street Building Association No. 4.....	[December 13, 1871.....]	100,000 00
Light Street Building Association No. 6.....	[January 22, 1872.....]	100,000 00
Lombard Permanent Building Association.....	[January 24, 1872.....]	300,000 00
Liberty Street Building Association "C".....	[April 3, 1872.....]	112,000 00
Louisiana Building Association No. 2.....	[April 13, 1872.....]	85,000 00
Landlords Mutual Building Association No. 2.....	[May 25, 1872.....]	500,000 00
Log Cabin Permanent Building Association.....	[September 25, 1872.....]	780,000 00
Lexington Building Association No. 5.....	[October 18, 1872.....]	100,000 00
Liberal Building Association.....	[April 4, 1873.....]	225,000 00
Lexington Building Association No. 6.....	[September 19, 1873.....]	100,000 00
Lexington Building Association No. 7.....	[January 16, 1874.....]	100,000 00
Lloyd Street Building Association No. 5.....	[April 1, 1874.....]	125,000 00
Loyola Building Association No. 2.....	[October 13, 1875.....]	100,000 00
Lexington Monumental Building Association No. 2.....		

Log Cabin Permanent Building Association No. 2.....	March 19, 1877.....	560,000 00
Loyola Perpetual Building Association.....	February 20, 1879.....	2,500,000 00
Lexington Monumental Building Association No. 3.....	October 14, 1880.....	150,000 00
Lexington Monumental Building Association No. 4.....	October 9, 1883.....	100,000 00
Loenst Point Building Association.....	August 31, 1886.....	560,000 00
Linden Building Association.....	September 13, 1886.....	300,000 00
Lexington Monumental Building Association No. 5.....	October 6, 1887.....	120,000 00
Lafayette Perpetual Building Association.....	April 9, 1888.....	390,000 00
Legion Permanent Building Association.....	June 24, 1891.....	130,000 00
Low Building Company.....	January 25, 1894.....	130,000 00
Log Cabin Building Association No. 4.....	December 19, 1891.....	520,000 00
Mutual Benefit Building Association.....	February 14, 1870.....	125,000 00
Merrimac Perpetual Building Association No. 1.....	April 6, 1870.....	200,000 00
Mechanics' Lexington Building Association No. 3.....	June 2, 1870.....	100,000 00
Madison Square Building Association.....	July 7, 1870.....	100,000 00
Maryland Building Association No. 7.....	August 5, 1870.....	110,000 00
Mutual Profit Building Association.....	August 9, 1870.....	225,000 00
Monumental Building Association No. 6.....	November 1, 1870.....	208,000 00
Maryland Building Association No. 8.....	November 18, 1871.....	150,000 00
Moltke Building Association.....	March 31, 1871.....	104,000 00
Mount Vernon Building Association "D".....	June 6, 1871.....	100,000 00
Mechanics' Western Building Society No. 5.....	June 28, 1871.....	150,000 00
Madison Building Association No. 7.....	October 17, 1871.....	125,000 00
Monumental Building Association No. 4.....	November 20, 1871.....	225,000 00
Mount Street Building Association No. 1.....	November 24, 1871.....	100,000 00
Madison Building Association No. 8.....	May 10, 1872.....	125,000 00
Maryland Central Building Association.....	May 22, 1872.....	100,000 00
Maryland Institute Building Association No. 2.....	June 27, 1872.....	150,000 00
Mechanics' Lexington Building Association No. 4.....	July 16, 1872.....	125,000 00
Maryland Building Association No. 9.....	August 21, 1872.....	110,000 00
McDonough Building Association.....	September 3, 1872.....	100,000 00
Montgomery Street Building Association No. 2.....	October 14, 1872.....	100,000 00
Madison Building Association No. 9.....	December 6, 1872.....	200,000 00
Mechanics' Building Association No. 10.....	January 7, 1873.....	100,000 00
Mechanics' Western Perpetual Building Society.....	May 16, 1873.....	750,000 00
Monumental Perpetual Building Association No. 6.....	July 15, 1873.....	200,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	INCORPORATION DATE OF	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS AND COMPANIES.—Continued.		
Maryland Building Association "A".....	September 12, 1873.....	100,000 00
Monroe Perpetual Building Association.....	October 10, 1873.....	200,000 00
Mutual Pacific Building Association.....	October 17, 1873.....	125,000 00
Madison Building Association No. 10.....	May 20, 1874.....	100,000 00
Mechanics' Lexington Building Association No. 5.....	July 20, 1874.....	125,000 00
Maryland Institute Building Association No. 3.....	August 14, 1874.....	187,500 00
Mount Vernon Building Association No. 3.....	September 23, 1874.....	312,500 00
Mount Vernon Building Association No. 2.....	January 14, 1875.....	110,000 00
Madison Building Association No. 11.....	September 23, 1875.....	100,000 00
Madison Square Building Association No. 1.....	April 17, 1877.....	200,000 00
Madison Building Association No. 12.....	March 29, 1878.....	100,000 00
Mount Vernon Building Association No. 4.....	May 10, 1881.....	312,500 00
Merchants' Club Building Company.....	July 22, 1881.....	40,000 00
Madison Square Building Association No. 2.....	November 10, 1881.....	200,000 00
Madison Square Permanent Building Association.....	May 2, 1883.....	375,000 00
Mechanics' Lexington Building Association No. 7.....	October 6, 1884.....	300,000 00
Maryland Mutual Building Association.....	May 8, 1885.....	650,000 00
Metropolitan Building Association.....	January 22, 1886.....	112,000 00
Merchants' Building Company.....	April 3, 1886.....	25,000 00
McKims Hill Permanent Building Association.....	February 21, 1887.....	260,000 00
Mercantile Permanent Building Association.....	October 30, 1888.....	975,000 00
Metropolitan Building Company.....	March 18, 1891.....	50,000 00
Mercantile Building Association.....	July 13, 1892.....	50,000 00
Maryland State Building Association.....	February 3, 1897.....	10,000,000 00
North Broadway Building Association No. 2.....	April 5, 1870.....	150,000 00
Northwest Baltimore Building Association.....	May 16, 1870.....	125,000 00
North Caroline Street Building Association "A",	May 26, 1870.....	125,000 00

North German Building Association No. 1.....	September 23, 1870.....	99,000 00
North German Building Association No. 2.....	November 30, 1870.....	150,000 00
North Bond Street Building Association No. 4.....	December 14, 1870.....	125,000 00
National Building Association.....	January 24, 1871.....	200,000 00
North Caroline Street Building Association "P".....	March 6, 1871.....	100,000 00
North Gay Street Building Association No. 2.....	March 23, 1871.....	100,000 00
North Howard Building Association No. 2.....	December 4, 1871.....	112,000 00
North Bond Street Building Association No. 5.....	February 21, 1872.....	100,000 00
North-Western Building Association No. 2.....	March 27, 1872.....	224,000 00
North Carolina Street Building Association "C".....	September 14, 1872.....	150,000 00
Ninth West Columbia Building Association.....	December 31, 1872.....	400,000 00
North Broadway Building Association No. 3.....	August 5, 1874.....	150,000 00
North Bond Street Building Association No. 6.....	August 7, 1871.....	100,000 00
New Baltimore Street Building Association.....	August 26, 1874.....	150,000 00
North Carolina Street Building Association "D".....	September 15, 1874.....	500,000 00
North German Building Association "A".....	October 1, 1875.....	90,000 00
North Howard Building Association No. 3.....	January 8, 1876.....	100,000 00
New Michaels Building Association.....	April 18, 1876.....	150,000 00
North Bond Street Building Association No. 7.....	June 28, 1876.....	100,000 00
National Building Association No. 1.....	February 15, 1877.....	100,000 00
North Bond Street Building Association No. 8.....	September 26, 1877.....	100,000 00
North Broadway Building Association No. 4.....	February 21, 1878.....	125,000 00
North Howard Building Association No. 4.....	March 23, 1878.....	100,000 00
North Bond Street Bohemia Building Association No. 1.....	June 5, 1880.....	100,000 00
North Howard Building Association No. 5.....	January 26, 1881.....	100,000 00
Ninth German-American Building Association.....	March 5, 1881.....	600,000 00
North Broadway Permanent Building Association.....	March 7, 1881.....	200,000 00
North Gay Street Permanent Building Association No. 1.....	April 19, 1887.....	300,000 00
North Howard Street Building Association No. 6.....	May 4, 1887.....	100,000 00
North-Eastern Permanent Building Association.....	May 9, 1887.....	312,000 00
North-Western American-German Perpetual Building Association.....	January 16, 1890.....	500,000 00
North Baltimore Permanent Building Association.....	August 1, 1890.....	130,000 00
Nineteenth German-American Building Association.....	March 2, 1891.....	2,080,000 00
Northampton Building Association.....	February 5, 1895.....	1,300,000 00
Oldtown Antonins Building Association No. 1.....	May 27, 1870.....	100,000 00
O'Donnell Building Association No. 1.....	May 31, 1870.....	250,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS AND COMPANIES.—Continued.	TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
Orleans Building Association No. 8.....	October 5, 1870.....	100,000 00	
Orleans Building Association No. 6.....	December 19, 1870.....	100,000 00	
Old Town Independent Building Association No. 3.....	January 30, 1871.....	100,000 00	
O. K. Building Association No. 2.....	March 11, 1871.....	100,000 00	
Old Town Permanent Building Association.....	September 1, 1871.....	600,000 00	
Orleans Building Association No. 7.....	April 9, 1872.....	200,000 00	
Orleans Building Association "A".....	March 20, 1873.....	100,000 00	
Orleans Street Permanent Building Association "A" No. 1.....	December 1, 1873.....	200,000 00	
Old Town Independent Building Association No. 4.....	March 20, 1875.....	100,000 00	
Orleans Building Association No. 9.....	November 19, 1877.....	200,000 00	
Orleans Building Association "B".....	March 2, 1878.....	100,000 00	
Orleans Permanent Building Association.....	May 26, 1883.....	200,000 00	
Old Town Building Association.....	October 29, 1894.....	1,300,000 00	
Orange Permanent Building Association.....	December 12, 1898.....	500,000 00	
Park Street Building Association No. 2.....	March 8, 1870.....	100,000 00	
Pottery Hall Building Association No. 2.....	March 25, 1870.....	100,000 00	
Peabody Building Association No. 3.....	April 4, 1870.....	150,000 00	
Prudent Building Association No. 3.....	April 26, 1870.....	250,000 00	
Portland Street Building Association No. 5.....	July 27, 1870.....	125,000 00	
Pine Street Building Association No. 3.....	October 18, 1870.....	100,000 00	
Public Building Association No. 2.....	October 26, 1870.....	150,000 00	
Peters Building Association No. 5.....	January 18, 1871.....	150,000 00	
Pulaski Building Association of Frederick Avenue.....	January 24, 1871.....	100,000 00	
Pearl Mutual Building Association.....	January 30, 1871.....	120,000 00	
Progressive Building Association No. 2.....	March 23, 1871.....	250,000 00	
Perpetual Building Association of Frederick Avenue.....	April 20, 1871.....	100,000 00	
People's Building Association No. 1.....	May 9, 1871.....	300,000 00	

Peace Festival Building Association No. 1.....	May 13, 1871.....
Progress Building Association No. 4.....	July 28, 1871.....
Paulus Building Association No. 1.....	.....
Public Building Association No. 3.....	September 22, 1871.....
Pottery Hall Building Association No. 3.....	October 7, 1871.....
Portland Street Building Association No. 6.....	December 20, 1871.....
Pine Street Building Association No. 4 "D".....	February 3, 1872.....
Prudent Building Association No. 4.....	April 2, 1872.....
Payson Street Building Association No. 3.....	May 25, 1872.....
Pearl Street Building Association No. 3.....	July 6, 1872.....
Public Building Association No. 4.....	August 29, 1872.....
Pine Street Building Association No. 5.....	September 9, 1872.....
Pennsylvania Avenue Monumental Building Association No. 1.....	January 6, 1873.....
Pottery Hall Building Association No. 4.....	March 20, 1873.....
Portland Street Building Association No. 7.....	March 20, 1873.....
Patterson Park Building Association No. 1.....	July 7, 1873.....
Pottery Hall Building Association No. 5.....	April 3, 1874.....
Prudent Building Association No. 5.....	June 8, 1874.....
Progress Building Association.....	June 18, 1874.....
Puaski Building Association No. 2.....	April 19, 1875.....
Portland Street Perpetual Building Association No. 2.....	February 11, 1875.....
Patapseo Building Association No. 2.....	March 22, 1875.....
Portland Street Perpetual Building Association No. 3.....	September 9, 1875.....
Pottery Hall Building Association No. 6.....	December 19, 1876.....
Peters Building Association No. 6.....	June 4, 1877.....
Potomac Building Association.....	December 19, 1877.....
Pottery Hall Building Association No. 7.....	May 25, 1878.....
Perkins Square Building Association.....	October 8, 1880.....
Peters' Building Association No. 7.....	January 11, 1881.....
Provident Building Association.....	May 30, 1881.....
People's Building Association.....	September 27, 1886.....
Postal Building Association.....	March 31, 1894.....
Progress Building Association.....	December 4, 1894.....
Resolute Building Association No. 1.....	July 20, 1897.....
Richmond Market Building Association.....	January 22, 1870.....
Rose Building Association.....	June 29, 1870.....
	[November 19, 1870.....]

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS AND COMPANIES.—Continued.		
Relief Building Association.....	April 1, 1871.....	600,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 6.....	May 9, 1871.....	104,000 00
Railroad Building Association No. 2.....	December 30, 1871.....	125,000 00
Robert Emmet Perpetual Building Association.....	April 17, 1872.....	260,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 7.....	July 2, 1872.....	100,000 00
Resolute Perpetual Building Association.....	October 24, 1872.....	125,000 00
Ridgely Street Building Association.....	June 19, 1873.....	400,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 8.....	July 9, 1873.....	104,000 00
Ridgely Building Association.....	March 14, 1874.....	200,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 9.....	August 21, 1874.....	100,000 00
Riverside Avenue Building Association.....	July 16, 1875.....	100,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 10.....	November 18, 1875.....	104,000 00
Railroad Permanent Building Association.....	January 29, 1876.....	500,000 00
Robert Emmet Perpetual Building Association No. 2.....	November 15, 1876.....	260,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 11.....	July 21, 1877.....	104,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 12.....	November 2, 1878.....	104,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 13.....	September 4, 1879.....	200,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 14.....	October 22, 1880.....	200,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 5.....	November 26, 1881.....	208,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 16.....	July 3, 1882.....	208,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 17.....	August 24, 1883.....	208,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 18.....	June 19, 1884.....	208,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 19.....	January 7, 1886.....	208,000 00
Royal Oak Perpetual Building Association.....	November 16, 1886.....	650,000 00
Rothschild Building Association No. 20.....	September 5, 1888.....	208,000 00
Royal Arcanum Club Building Company.....	July 30, 1890.....	50,000 00
Royal Permanent Building Association.....	February 5, 1897.....	208,000 00

Saratoga Amity Building Association.....	February 12, 1870...	125,000 00
South Wolfe Street Building Association "A"	March 14, 1870....	150,000 00
Steuben Building Association No. 10.....	March 16, 1870.....	120,000 00
South Baltimore Building Association No. 4	March 30, 1870.....	100,000 00
Sixth Ward Building Association No. 3.....	March 31, 1870.....	150,000 00
South Paca Street Building Association "B"	May 12, 1870.....	125,000 00
St. Vincent's Building Association No. 4.....	July 19, 1870.....	150,000 00
Second Ward Building Association No. 5.....	October 28, 1870.....	100,000 00
South Baltimore Building Association No. 5	December 6, 1870.....	100,000 00
Starlight Building Association.....	January 12, 1871.....	125,000 00
Star Building Association No. 3.....	January 27, 1871.....	150,000 00
Sixth Ward Building Association No. 4.....	March 1, 1871.....	300,000 00
South Wolf Street Building Association "B".....	March 25, 1871.....	150,000 00
South Fremont Street Building Association No. 6	April 3, 1871.....	200,000 00
Scott Street Building Association No. 1.....	June 8, 1871.....	150,000 00
South Sharp Street Concordia Building Association No. 2	June 21, 1871.....	100,000 00
Sunrise Permanent Building Association.....	July 10, 1871.....	125,000 00
Second Knickerbocker Building Association.....	July 20, 1871.....	250,000 00
Sixth Ward Building Association No. 5.....	August 17, 1871.....	300,000 00
South Fremont Street Building Association No. 7	September 6, 1871.....	125,000 00
South Baltimore Building Association No. 8.....	September 28, 1871.....	100,000 00
South Sharp Street Building Association "A"	October 20, 1871.....	100,000 00
Second Ward Building Association No. 6.....	November 4, 1871.....	100,000 00
Second Central Building Association "S"	November 15, 1871.....	200,000 00
Star Building Association No. 4.....	December 7, 1871.....	100,000 00
South Paca Street Building Association "S".....	December 27, 1871.....	100,000 00
Seventh Ward Building Association No. 3.....	April 2, 1872.....	200,000 00
South Wolf Street Building Association "C"	April 13, 1872.....	150,000 00
Schiller Permanent Building Association.....	May 31, 1872.....	200,000 00
Seventeenth Ward Building Association "A"	June 22, 1872.....	100,000 00
Shiloh Building Association No. 1.....	October 7, 1872.....	250,000 00
Savings Building Association No. 6.....	October 29, 1872.....	110,000 00
Saint James' Hall Building Association No. 2	November 9, 1872.....	100,000 00
Sharp Street Concordia Building Association No. 3	December 27, 1872.....	100,000 00
Star Building Association No. 5.....	March 11, 1873.....	100,000 00
Second German-American Building Association	April 7, 1873.....	500,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS AND COMPANIES.—Continued.		
South Wolfe Street Building Association No. 4.	May 23, 1873.....	150,000 00
South Washington Street Building Association "P" No. 1.	June 28, 1873.....	100,000 00
Saint Vincent's Building Association No. 5.	January 22, 1874.....	250,000 00
Saint James' Hall Building Association No. 5.	March 12, 1874.....	100,000 00
South Baltimore Building Association No. 6.	June 3, 1874.....	100,000 00
Star Building Association No. 6.	August 22, 1874.....	100,000 00
Saint Martin's Perpetual Building Association.	March 4, 1875.....	390,000 00
Standard Building Society.	March 24, 1875.....	200,000 00
Saint James' Hall Building Association No. 5.	April 3, 1875.....	100,000 00
South Fremont Street Building Association No. 7.	May 3, 1875.....	100,000 00
South Sharp Street Concordia Building Association No. 4.	June 2, 1875.....	100,000 00
Scott Street Permanent Building Association.	July 15, 1875.....	500,000 00
Seventh Johannes Building Association.	September 7, 1875.....	150,000 00
Saint James' Hall Building Association No. 6.	May 4, 1876.....	100,000 00
Savings Building Association No. 7.	August 2, 1876.....	84,000 00
Saint James' Building Association No. 7.	April 12, 1877.....	100,000 00
South Liberty Permanent Building Association.	May 30, 1877.....	400,000 00
South Wolfe Street Building Association No. 5.	December 31, 1877.....	110,000 00
Saint James' Building Association No. 8.	April 9, 1878.....	150,000 00
Sixth German-American Building Association.	May 9, 1878.....	600,000 00
Seventh German-American Building Association.	April 2, 1879.....	600,000 00
South Bond Street Bohemian Workingmen Building Association No. 1.	July 10, 1879.....	100,000 00
South Wolfe Street Building Association No. 6.	November 26, 1879.....	110,000 00
Sterrett Perpetual Building Association.	January 10, 1881.....	100,000 00
Saint Wenceslaus Building Association No. 1.	May 17, 1881.....	100,000 00
Socrates Building Association No. 2.	August 6, 1881.....	100,000 00
South Bond Street Bohemian Permanent Building Association.	April 26, 1882.....	200,000 00

South Wolf Street Building Association.....	December 28, 1883.....	110,000 00
Saint Jacob's Oil Mutual Building Association.....	June 5, 1884.....	300,000 00
Schröder Street Mechanics Building Association No. 1.....	March 27, 1884.....	1,000,000 00
Saint Ignatius' Perpetual Building Association.....	May 23, 1887.....	25,000 00
Sixteenth German-American Building Association.....	February 24, 1888.....	2,080,000 00
Seventeenth German-American Building Association.....	March 2, 1889.....	2,080,000 00
South-Eastern Permanent Building Association No. 1.....	April 3, 1889.....	416,000 00
Stafford Building Company.....	November 19, 1894.....	350,000 00
State Mutual Building Association.....	May 9, 1895.....	2,600,000 00
Star Perpetual Building Association.....	February 10, 1896.....	1,300,000 00
Saint Paul Building Company.....	June 30, 1897.....	55,000 00
State Mutual Building Association No. 2.....	March 26, 1898.....	1,500 00
Spedden Ship Building Company.....	August 4, 1898.....	150,000 00
Tuesday Building Association No. 1.....	November 10, 1870.....	100,000 00
Thalia Building Association.....	May 17, 1871.....	115,000 00
Thomas Wilday Perpetual Building Association of East Baltimore.....	September 16, 1872.....	1,000,000 00
Thalia Perpetual Building Association No. 1.....	May 27, 1873.....	150,000 00
Third Druid Building Association.....	August 10, 1874.....	195,000 00
Third German-American Building Association.....	April 5, 1875.....	60,000 00
Tenth German-American Building Association.....	March 22, 1882.....	200,000 00
Twelfth German-American Building Association.....	February 20, 1884.....	1,040,000 00
Thirteenth German-American Building Association.....	February 25, 1885.....	1,040,000 00
Triumph Permanent Building Association.....	April 5, 1889.....	200,000 00
Twenty-fifth German-American Building Association.....	March 7, 1892.....	416,000 00
Twenty-first German-American Building Association.....	March 6, 1893.....	208,000 00
Twenty-second German-American Building Association.....	March 6, 1894.....	208,000 00
Twenty-third German-American Building Association.....	March 30, 1895.....	2,080,000 00
Twenty-fifth German-American Building Association.....	April 6, 1896.....	2,080,000 00
Twenty-sixth German-American Building Association.....	April 3, 1897.....	520,000 00
Twenty-seventh German-American Building Association.....	April 4, 1898.....	520,000 00
Twenty-eighth German-American Building Association.....	March 30, 1899.....	520,000 00
U. S. Building Association No. 3.....	January 24, 1870.....	125,000 00
Unity Building Association No. 1.....	January 25, 1870.....	40,000 00
Ulmen Building Association No. 2.....	January 26, 1871.....	100,000 00
United People's Building Association No. 2.....	May 2, 1871.....	100,000 00
Ulmen Building Association No. 3.....	April 10, 1873.....	100,000 00

TABLES.
Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS AND COMPANIES.—Continued.		
United German Building Association.....	July 2, 1878.....	200,000 00
West Pratt Street Building Association No. 3.....	February 1, 1870.....	125,000 00
Washington Mutual Building Association.....	February 12, 1870.....	400,000 00
West End Harmony Building Association.....	February 18, 1870.....	100,000 00
William Street Building Association No. 4.....	March 18, 1870.....	100,000 00
West Columbia Building Association No. 6.....	March 19, 1870.....	125,000 00
William Street Building Association No. 5.....	April 16, 1870.....	100,000 00
West Pratt Street Building Association "SS"	April 19, 1870.....	100,000 00
West End Building Association No. 5.....	May 26, 1870.....	125,000 00
Washington Mutual Building Association.....	August 1, 1870.....	225,000 00
West Columbia Building Association No. 7.....	September 7, 1870.....	100,000 00
William Tell Building Association.....	September 27, 1870.....	100,000 00
West Columbia Building Association No. 1.....	November 12, 1870.....	100,000 00
Workingmen's Perpetual Building Association "A" of the West End.....	November 18, 1870.....	150,000 00
William Street Building Association No. 6.....	February 25, 1871.....	100,000 00
Waesche Building Association.....	March 29, 1871.....	100,000 00
West Columbia Building Association No. 8.....	April 27, 1871.....	100,000 00
William Street Building Association No. 8.....	September 18, 1871.....	100,000 00
West Columbia Building Association No. 2.....	November 3, 1871.....	100,000 00
Waesche Building Association No. 2.....	December 4, 1871.....	100,000 00
William Street Building Association No. 10.....	May 15, 1872.....	100,000 00
West Baltimore Permanent Building Association No. 1.....	May 21, 1872.....	150,000 00
Washington Street Permanent Building Association of East Baltimore.....	May 23, 1872.....	400,000 00
Waesche Perpetual Building Association.....	June 21, 1872.....	200,000 00
West Pratt Street Building Association No. 1.....	November 4, 1872.....	120,000 00
William Tell Building Association No. 4.....	March 25, 1873.....	104,000 00
William Street Building Association No. 18.....	April 12, 1873.....	100,000 00
William Street Building Association No. 20.....	April 10, 1874.....	100,000 00

West Pratt Street Building Association No. 4.....	May 6, 1874.....	125,000 00
William Tell Building Association "B".....	November 10, 1874.....	80,000 00
William Street Building Association No. 21.....	November 4, 1876.....	100,000 00
West Street Building Association No. 5.....	December 1, 1877.....	100,000 00
William Tell Building Association "C".....	February 21, 1879.....	80,000 00
William Street Building Association No. 3.....	November 11, 1879.....	100,000 00
West Columbia Building Association No. 10.....	October 1, 1880.....	100,000 00
Western Union Building Association.....	March 21, 1881.....	50,000 00
Wells & McComas Permanent Building Association No. 1.....	October 21, 1887.....	40,000 00
West Baltimore Permanent Mutual Building Association.....	February 4, 1888.....	65,000 00
Warner Street Permanent Building Association.....	December 4, 1888.....	40,000 00
Walbrook Park Permanent Building Association.....	May 15, 1890.....	52,000 00
William Keller Building Association.....	March 5, 1891.....	200,000 00
West Baltimore Street Building Association.....	May 21, 1895.....	1,300,000 00
West End Building Association.....	March 10, 1896.....	50,000 00
York Road Building Association.....	March 2, 1898.....	390,000 00
BUILDING AND BANKING COMPANIES.		
Patapsco Building and Savings Association.....	July 17, 1889.....	400,000 00
Weyler Street Building and Banking Association No. 1.....	April 8, 1891.....	400,000 00
BUILDING, LAND AND SAVINGS COMPANIES.		
Bolton Building, Land and Savings Society.....	May 20, 1871.....	300,000 00
William Penn Building, Savings and Land Association.....	May 18, 1871.....	250,000 00
BUILDING, LOAN AND INVESTMENT ASSOCIATIONS.		
Fraternal Building, Loan and Investment Association.....	October 19, 1899.....	10,000,000 00
People's Building, Loan and Investment Association.....	March 30, 1895.....	100,000 00
United States Building, Loan and Investment Association.....	October 31, 1899.....	10,000,000 00
BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.		
Ashland Permanent Building and Loan Co.....	June 12, 1873.....	125,000 00
August C. Schmidt Permanent Building and Loan Association of S. Bulto.....	January 22, 1889.....	400,000 00
Aurora Building and Loan Association.....	September 4, 1895.....	25,000 00
American Building and Loan Association.....	October 14, 1896.....	1,000,000 00
Atlantic Building and Loan Association.....	September 7, 1899.....	5,000,000 00
Baltimore Perpetual Building and Loan Association.....	November 30, 1877.....	520,000 00
Boulevard Permanent Building and Loan Association No. 1.....	November 1, 1892.....	200,000 00
Business Men's Building and Loan Association.....	March 7, 1896.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Trust Building and Loan Association.....	November 10, 1898.....	2,500,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.—(Continued).		
Charter Oak Permanent Loan and Building Society.....	February 17, 1870.....	300,000 00
Commercial Building and Loan Co.	May 8, 1871.....	250,000 00
Cytheria Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	August 18, 1887.....	300,000 00
Cosmopolitan Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	December 19, 1888.....	400,000 00
Citizens' Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	April 18, 1894.....	520,000 00
Chatsworth Building and Loan Association.....	November 27, 1894.....	325,000 00
Calvert Building and Loan Co.	February 23, 1895.....	25,000 00
Clifton Park Building Loan Association.....	July 13, 1895.....	600,000 00
Continental Building and Loan Association.....	October 19, 1895.....	130,000 00
Commercial Building and Loan Association.....	November 11, 1896.....	10,000,000 00
Carroll Park Building and Loan Association.....	July 10, 1897.....	100,000 00
Consolidated Building and Loan Association.....	July 7, 1898.....	1,000,000 00
Cortland Building and Chatfield Loan Association.....	March 6, 1899.....	100,000 00
Druid Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	March 31, 1894.....	300,000 00
Dover Perpetual Building and Loan Association.....	April 5, 1894.....	100,000 00
Emory Street Permanent Building and Loan Co.	March 24, 1873.....	1,000,000 00
Emory Street Permanent Building and Loan Co. No. 2.....	June 5, 1874.....	1,000,000 00
Economical Permanent Building and Loan Co.	April 15, 1875.....	500,000 00
Enterprise Perpetual Building and Loan Association.....	November 15, 1877.....	200,000 00
Exchange Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	February 27, 1886.....	750,000 00
Economy Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	February 13, 1889.....	260,000 00
Entaw Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	April 23, 1891.....	130,000 00
Equitable Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	March 4, 1895.....	1,300,000 00
East Baltimore Building and Loan Association.....	December 10, 1897.....	1,500,000 00
Edmonson Avenue Building and Loan Association.....	May 16, 1898.....	400,000 00
Franklin Square Building and Loan Association.....	May 20, 1876.....	200,000 00
Franklin Square Building and Loan Association No. 2.....	June 26, 1882.....	200,000 00

Franklin Square Building and Loan Association No. 8.....	March 12, 1890.....	200,000 00
Friendship Building and Loan Association.....	May 17, 1894.....	50,000 00
Franklin Square Building and Loan Association No. 9.....	June 7, 1897.....	200,000 00
Fidelity and Deposit Building and Loan Association.....	June 10, 1898.....	2,000,000 00
Germania Permanent Building and Loan Association No. 1.....	June 2, 1873.....	300,000 00
Girard Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	March 2, 1891.....	260,000 00
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BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.		
Guilford Permanent Building and Loan Association	February 27, 1893.....	130,000 00
Guarantee Building and Loan Co.	July 6, 1894.....	10,000,000 00
Guardian Building and Loan Association	August 16, 1895.....	500,000 00
Grocers' Building and Loan Association	February 3, 1897.....	200,000 00
Great Eastern Building and Loan Association.....	October 12, 1898.....	100,000 00
Hamburg Street Permanent Building and Loan Co.	July 30, 1873.....	1,000,000 00
Householders' Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	November 2, 1891.....	200,000 00
Home Purchase Building and Loan Association.....	March 8, 1895.....	500,000 00
Hebrew-American Building and Loan Co.	September 4, 1895.....	1,000,000 00
Hibernian Perpetual Building and Loan Association.....	November 23, 1896.....	1,300,000 00
Independent Patterson Park Permanent Loan and Building Association.....	December 21, 1887.....	300,000 00
Imperial Permanent Building and Loan Association No. 1.....	April 19, 1888.....	300,000 00
Institute Perpetual Building and Loan Association.....	October 10, 1892.....	130,000 00
Independent Building and Loan Association.....	March 15, 1899.....	300,000 00
Lansdowne Building and Loan Association.....	February 3, 1890.....	150,000 00
Liberty Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	May 24, 1895.....	100,000 00
Locust Point Building and Loan Association No. 2.....	November 12, 1895.....	10,000 00
Locust Point Building and Loan Association No. 2.....	January 19, 1897.....	10,000 00
Loyal Building and Loan Association.....	May 21, 1897.....	1,300,000 00
Liberty Building and Loan Association.....	September 19, 1899.....	260,000 00
Mount Clare Permanent Loan and Building Association.....	April 16, 1874.....	300,000 00
Maryland Mutual Building and Loan Co.	January 9, 1877.....	162,500 00
Mechanics' Lexington Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	August 18, 1877.....	300,000 00
Mechanics and Laborers' Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	March 31, 1891.....	50,000 00
Mount Royal Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	October 3, 1893.....	50,000 00
Madison Avenue Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	December 2, 1893.....	300,000 00
Mutual Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	March 19, 1894.....	200,000 00
Mutual Protective Building and Loan Association.....	August 22, 1895.....	10,000,000 00
Myrtle Building and Loan Association.....	January 19, 1897.....	10,000,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS—(Continued).		
McHenry Street Building and Loan Association No. 1.....	July 27, 1898.....	500,000 90
Mechanics' Building and Loan Association.....	October 18, 1898.....	400,000 00
Metropolitan Building and Loan Association.....	November 17, 1898.....	1,000,000 00
Merchants and Manufacturers' Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	March 27, 1899.....	390,000 00
Monroe Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	May 29, 1899.....	130,000 00
Northern Central Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	May 17, 1890.....	260,000 00
North Gay Street Loan and Perpetual Building Association.....	June 25, 1885.....	150,000 00
North Eden Street Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	November 23, 1894.....	200,000 00
North Point Building and Loan Association.....	February 25, 1897.....	650,000 00
National Guard Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	January 3, 1898.....	260,000 00
Oriole Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	November 23, 1888.....	200,000 00
Occident Perpetual Building and Loan Association.....	June 22, 1894.....	390,000 00
Old Town Merchants' Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	February 6, 1895.....	200,000 00
Occidental Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	November 7, 1896.....	500,000 00
Oak Street Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	April 28, 1899.....	650,000 00
Perseverance Building and Loan Co.	March 31, 1873.....	520,000 00
Pine Street Loan and Building Association.....	April 10, 1874.....	150,000 00
Pennsylvania Avenue Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	June 9, 1884.....	20,000 00
Preston Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	October 5, 1885.....	600,000 00
Patterson Park Permanent Loan and Building Association.....	October 23, 1885.....	312,000 00
Progressive Loan and Building Association.....	March 5, 1888.....	200,000 00
Paca Building and Loan Association.....	January 29, 1889.....	400,000 00
Patterson Avenue Colored Perpetual Building and Loan Association.....	July 26, 1890.....	400,000 00
Progress Loan and Building Association.....	February 19, 1890.....	200,000 00
Phoenix National Building and Loan Association.....	September 10, 1894.....	300,000 00
Prudential Building and Loan Association.....	November 28, 1896.....	10,000,000 00
Peabody Building and Loan Association.....	April 14, 1898.....	1,300,000 00

P. O. S. of A. Building and Loan Association.....	October 6, 1898.....	1,300,000 00
Philanthropy Building and Loan Association.....	November 14, 1898.....	1,000,000 00
Liverside Building and Loan Association of South Baltimore.....	March 21, 1887.....	400,000 00
South Wolfe Street Loan and Building Association.....	December 28, 1885.....	200,000 00
Spalding Perpetual Building and Loan Association.....	March 29, 1886.....	520,000 00
Saratoga Building and Loan Association.....	June 29, 1887.....	300,000 00
South Baltimore Progressive Perpetual Building and Loan Association.....	February 8, 1888.....	400,000 00
Steuben Permanent Loan and Building Association No. 1.....	November 20, 1889.....	208,000 00
St. Vincent de Paul Perpetual Building and Loan Association.....	March, 1891.....	130,000 00
St. Charles' Permanent Building and Loan Co.	April 6, 1891.....	50,000 00
Surety Guarantee Building and Loan Co.	December 15, 1892.....	10,000 00
St. Paul Building and Loan Association.....	September 17, 1895.....	520,000 00
Safety Perpetual Building and Loan Association.....	June 19, 1896.....	260,000 00
Suburban Building and Loan Association.....	January 11, 1898.....	500,000 00
Security Perpetual Building and Loan Association.....	April 6, 1899.....	1,300,000 00
South Baltimore Business Men's Building and Loan Association.....	October 26, 1899.....	100,000 00
Teutonia Building and Savings Association No. 3.....	November 28, 1870.....	250,000 00
Thomas Building and Loan Association.....	January 9, 1894.....	300,000 00
Union Building and Loan Association.....	June 20, 1898.....	1,000,000 00
United Merchants and Mechanics' Building and Loan Association.....	August 21, 1899.....	300,000 00
Walhalla Permanent Building and Loan Co.	October 25, 1873.....	1,000,000 00
Welcome Loan and Perpetual Association.....	December 1, 1885.....	150,000 00
Western Permanent Loan and Building Association.....	June 29, 1888.....	500,000 00
Western Maryland Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	January 9, 1891.....	1,040,000 00
Wilkins Avenue Permanent Building and Loan Association.....	July 18, 1892.....	200,000 00
Washington and Baltimore Building and Loan Association.....	January 9, 1894.....	300,000 00
West Lafayette Building and Loan Association.....	October 8, 1894.....	200,000 00
Windsor Building and Loan Association.....	March 10, 1897.....	130,000 00
BUILDING MATERIAL COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Building Material Co.	April 27, 1893.....	10,000 00
Maryland Building Material Co.	November 26, 1890.....	50,000 00
National Building Supply Co.	August 31, 1892.....	60,000 00
BUILDING AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS.		
Annex Building and Saving Fund Society.....	June 12, 1891.....	130,000 00
Acme Savings and Building Association	July 8, 1891.....	300,000 00
Active Permanent Building and Savings Association.....	May 9, 1894.....	200,000 00

TABLES.
Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUILDING AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS.—(Continued.)		
Battery Avenue Permanent Building and Savings Society No. 1.....	October 22, 1873.....	200,000 00
Biddle Street Permanent Building and Savings Association.....	July 28, 1874.....	300,000 00
Bohemian Permanent Building and Savings Association "Slavantos".....	May 19, 1884.....	100,000 00
Bartholdi Permanent Building and Savings Association.....	November 29, 1886.....	400,000 00
Baltimore Fidelity Building and Savings Association.....	October 26, 1896.....	500,000 00
Citizens' Building and Savings Association No. 5.....	April 11, 1870.....	125,000 00
Central Permanent Building and Savings Society.....	May 6, 1870.....	400,000 00
Citizens' Building and Savings Society No. 6.....	May 14, 1872.....	100,000 00
Conway Building and Savings Association No. 1.....	August 14, 1872.....	200,000 00
Camden Building and Savings Association No. 1.....	May 12, 1873.....	200,000 00
Citizens' Building and Savings Association No. 7.....	June 3, 1873.....	125,000 00
Conway Street Building and Savings Association No. 2.....	July 5, 1873.....	400,000 00
Columbia Avenue Savings and Building Association No. 1.....	April 23, 1874.....	200,000 00
Casino Building and Savings Association No. 1.....	June 5, 1874.....	200,000 00
Casino Building and Savings Association No. 2.....	September 24, 1875.....	100,000 00
Cross Street Building and Savings Association.....	July 31, 1882.....	400,000 00
Chesapeake Perpetual Savings and Building Association No. 1.....	March 24, 1886.....	300,000 00
Camden Street Building and Savings Association No. 1.....	July 22, 1887.....	400,000 00
Crown Prince Building and Savings Association.....	May 2, 1888.....	400,000 00
Co-operative Building and Savings Association.....	August 12, 1889.....	1,000,000 00
Druid Hill Permanent Building and Savings Association.....	June 24, 1873.....	500,000 00
East Street Perpetual Building and Savings Association.....	June 3, 1874.....	100,000 00
Eagle Building and Savings Association No. 1.....	December 23, 1874.....	400,000 00
East Baltimore Mechanics' Perpetual Building and Savings Association.....	January 22, 1878.....	100,000 00
East Monument Street Permanent Building and Savings Association.....	February 7, 1879.....	200,000 00
East Lombard Street Permanent Building and Savings Society "A".....	January 22, 1883.....	200,000 00
Eastern Mutual Savings and Building Association.....	March 9, 1883.....	390,000 00

Eastern Mutual Savings and Building Association No. 2.....	March 8, 1884.....	390,000 00
Empire Permanent Building and Savings Association.....	July 28, 1886.....	650,000 00
Eastern Permanent Savings and Building Association.....	March 31, 1887.....	1,300,000 00
Equitable Building and Savings Association.....	May 31, 1898.....	500,000 00
Franklin Square Building and Saving Association.....	March 23, 1872.....	150,000 00
Federal Hill Central Permanent Building and Savings Society	March 28, 1872.....	200,000 00
Forward Permanent Building and Savings Society.....	May 6, 1872.....	200,000 00
Federal Hill Permanent Building and Savings Society No. 1.....	October 7, 1872.....	300,000 00
Federal Hill Perpetual Building and Savings Association.....	November 12, 1872.....	300,000 00
Franklin Permanent Savings and Building Association.....	April 18, 1873.....	150,000 00
Franklin Square Building and Savings Association No. 2.....	December 23, 1874.....	500,000 00
Fortune Building and Savings Association.....	January 14, 1875.....	100,000 00
Fells Point Building and Savings No. 100.....	November 18, 1870.....	100,000 00
German Building and Savings Association No. 2.....	December 24, 1870.....	150,000 00
Gustav Adolph Building and Savings Association No. 1.....	May 11, 1871.....	100,000 00
German Building and Savings Association No. 3.....	March 5, 1872.....	200,000 00
Gay Street Permanent Building and Savings Society	March 10, 1873.....	300,000 00
Great Western Permanent Building and Savings Society No. 1.....	March 10, 1875.....	100,000 00
German Building and Savings Association No. 4.....	July 27, 1875.....	600,000 00
German Central Building and Savings Association.....	January 14, 1878.....	600,000 00
Gay Street Permanent Building and Savings Association No. 2.....	December 19, 1884.....	100,000 00
Good Intent Building and Savings Association.....	October 2, 1888.....	400,000 00
Globe Building and Savings Association No. 1.....	August 4, 1890.....	400,000 00
Garrett Park Permanent Building and Savings Association	December 11, 1890.....	500,000 00
Hollins Street Building and Savings Association No. 1.....	February 5, 1873.....	500,000 00
Henrietta Building and Savings Association No. 1.....	October 24, 1888.....	400,000 00
Hamburg Perpetual Building and Savings Association No. 3.....	April 20, 1892.....	50,000 00
Jr. O. U. A. M. Perpetual Savings and Building Association.....	April 11, 1888.....	250,000 00
BUILDING AND SAVINGS COMPANIES.		
Low Street Permanent Building and Savings Society.....	May 6, 1872.....	200,000 00
Light Street Savings and Building Association.....	September 11, 1873.....	200,000 00
Lombard Street Permanent Savings and Building Association	May 9, 1874.....	100,000 00
Light Street Savings and Building Association No. 2	December 21, 1874.....	400,000 00
Light Street Permanent Building and Savings Society No. 1.....	May 19, 1875.....	200,000 00
Linden Building and Savings Association.....	September 30, 1887.....	400,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUILDING AND SAVINGS COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
Ladenhill Street Permanent Building and Savings Association No. 1.....	May 7, 1889.....	400,000 00
Loreley City Permanent Building and Savings Association.....	October 8, 1890.....	500,000 00
Lloyd Permanent Building and Savings Association.....	May 16, 1894.....	300,000 00
Lennox Building and Savings Association.....	October 23, 1895.....	500,000 00
Loyal Building and Savings Association.....	June 17, 1899.....	375,000 00
Mechanics and Employees' Mutual Building and Savings Association.....	July 19, 1871.....	130,000 00
Mechanics' Building and Savings Association of South Baltimore.....	July 27, 1872.....	300,000 00
Monumental Perpetual Building and Savings Society No. 5.....	January 20, 1873.....	200,000 00
Mechanics' Permanent Building and Savings Association No. 1.....	July 24, 1874.....	50,000 00
Monument Building and Savings Association.....	January 27, 1875.....	300,000 00
Minerva Perpetual Building and Savings Association No. 1.....	July 23, 1887.....	200,000 00
Monumental Perpetual Building and Savings Society No. 6.....	January 25, 1888.....	200,000 00
Mutual Reserve Building and Savings Association.....	November 21, 1888.....	400,000 00
Mutual Building and Savings Society of South Baltimore.....	April 10, 1889.....	200,000 00
North-Western Savings and Building Association No. 1.....	August 23, 1873.....	200,000 00
North Fremont Street Savings and Building Association.....	October 24, 1874.....	100,000 00
North Bond Street Permanent Building and Savings Society No. 1.....	October 24, 1879.....	100,000 00
North-Eastern Permanent Building and Savings Association.....	December 3, 1888.....	400,000 00
North-Western Permanent Savings and Building Association.....	January 25, 1889.....	500,000 00
North-Western Bohemian Permanent Building and Savings Association.....	October 18, 1894.....	200,000 00
Old Town Savings and Building Society.....	February 13, 1871.....	125,000 00
Orleans Permanent Savings and Building Association.....	December 6, 1872.....	300,000 00
Our Fritz Permanent Savings and Building Association.....	December 26, 1872.....	450,000 00
Oriental Perpetual Building and Savings Society No. 1.....	June 3, 1874.....	200,000 00
Portland Street Perpetual Building and Savings Association No. 1.....	October 5, 1872.....	300,000 00
Pius Savings and Building Association No. 3.....	December 4, 1872.....	150,000 00
Potomac Building and Savings Association.....	July 19, 1873.....	200,000 00

Pearl Street Perpetual Savings and Building Association.....	[April 22, 1882.....]	312,000 00
Pearl Street Perpetual Savings and Building Association No. 2.....	[September 3, 1886.....]	520,000 00
Puritan Perpetual Savings and Building Association.....	[October 11, 1895.....]	500,000 00
Riverside Building and Savings Association No. 2.....	[June 11, 1887.....]	500,000 00
South Wolfe Street Savings and Building Association.....	[March 18, 1870.....]	100,000 00
Savings Building Association No. 4.....	[April 5, 1871.....]	105,000 00
Sycamore Permanent Building and Savings Society No. 1.....	[March 8, 1873.....]	200,000 00
South Baltimore (17th Ward) Permanent Building and Savings Society.....	[March 11, 1873.....]	200,000 00
St. James' Hall Savings and Building Association No. 3.....	[June 23, 1873.....]	200,000 00
Spring Garden Permanent Building and Savings Society.....	[December 2, 1873.....]	200,000 00
Seventh Ward Building and Savings Association.....	[July 29, 1874.....]	200,000 00
South Liberty Building and Savings Association.....	[April 13, 1876.....]	400,000 00
Spring Garden Building and Savings Association.....	[November 10, 1881.....]	400,000 00
Standard Permanent Building and Savings Association.....	[December 12, 1888.....]	416,000 00
Tentonia Building and Savings Association No. 4.....	[February 17, 1872.....]	250,000 00
Tentonia Building and Savings Association No. 5.....	[October 16, 1872.....]	250,000 00
Tentonia Building and Savings Association No. 6.....	[August 7, 1874.....]	400,000 00
Union Square Permanent Building and Savings Association.....	[July 31, 1872.....]	390,000 00
West Columbia Permanent Building and Savings Society.....	[December 6, 1871.....]	200,000 00
West Saratoga Street Building and Savings Association.....	[April 23, 1872.....]	200,000 00
William Street Permanent Building and Savings Society No. 1.....	[August 27, 1873.....]	200,000 00
West Saratoga Street Building and Savings Association No. 2.....	[May 16, 1874.....]	500,000 00
William Street Permanent Building and Savings Society No. 1.....	[July 31, 1874.....]	200,000 00
Workingmen's Building and Savings Association of South Baltimore.....	[May 18, 1878.....]	100,000 00
William Permanent Building and Savings Association No. 1.....	[September 1, 1883.....]	450,000 00
Workingmen's Union Per'mt Building and Savings Asso. of S. Balt'o. No. 1.....	[August 16, 1884.....]	400,000 00
West Pratt Street Phoenix Savings and Building Association.....	[February 15, 1889.....]	400,000 00
BUILDING UNION COMPANIES.		
Butecher Hill Building Union Co. No. 1.....	[January 31, 1870.....]	130,000 00
Concordia Building Union No. 3.....	[April 19, 1870.....]	100,000 00
Canton Building Union No. 3.....	[December 30, 1871.....]	104,000 00
Irving Building Union.....	[March 19, 1873.....]	150,000 00
Mohaw Building Union No. 2.....	[January 31, 1870.....]	104,000 00
Patterson Park Building Union No. 2.....	[June 9, 1880.....]	104,000 00
Patterson Park Building Union No. 3.....	[November 17, 1886.....]	104,000 00
William Tell Building Union No. 3.....	[August 13, 1870.....]	104,000 00

REPORT OF THE

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	INCORPORATION DATE OF	CAPITAL STOCK.
BUTCHERS' UNION COMPANIES.		
Maryland Butchers' Union.....	June 17, 1886.....	100,000 00
United Butchers' Slaughtering Co.....	May 2, 1889.....	200,000 00
BUTTON COMPANIES.		
Alma Button Co.....	November 3, 1898.....	25,000 00
Raymond Button Co.....	July 15, 1897.....	110,000 00
CAB COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Cab Co.....	February 8, 1888.....	75,000 00
James W. Clarke Standard Cab Co.....	May 5, 1887.....	75,000 00
Standard Cab Co.....	October 29, 1886.....	100,000 00
CAN COMPANIES.		
Atlantic Can Co.....	June 22, 1888.....	500,000 00
Baltimore Can Co.....	June 24, 1871.....	5,000 00
Baltimore Can Manfg Co.....	June 11, 1885.....	50,000 00
Can Company.....	February 1, 1870.....	1,200 00
Eastern Can Co.....	January 15, 1896.....	100,000 00
Grillet & Mann Can Co.....	April 19, 1892.....	50,000 00
Hughes-Taylor Can Co.....	January 17, 1895.....	30,000 00
Independent Can Co.....	December 23, 1871.....	5,200 00
R. Tynes Smith Can Co.....	January 28, 1888.....	60,000 00
Reconverting Can Co.....	November 20, 1889.....	100,000 00
Thirlkel Can Co.....	June 3, 1899.....	30,000 00
CANDY COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Candy Co.....	March 3, 1899.....	50,000 00
Derby Candy Co.....	February 7, 1899.....	100,000 00
CAR BRAKE COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Car Brake Co.....	October 30, 1884.....	200,000 00

Boyden Brake Co.....	December 26, 1889.....	3,500,000 00
Bearstey Car Brake Co.....	June 29, 1897.....	100,000 00
Brashears Parlor and Sleeping Car Co.....	March 17, 1887.....	2,000,000 00
Baltimore Carette Company.....	April 25, 1891.....	250,000 00
Continental Cash Car Co.....	July 18, 1883.....	300,000 00
Ewbank Car Tender Co.....	February 28, 1895.....	150,000 00
Norwood Car Replacer Co.....	July 5, 1890.....	300,000 00
Patent Car Starter Co.....	August 28, 1880.....	107,500 00
CARRIAGE AND TOY COMPANIES.		
Carriage and Toy Co.....	January 22, 1879.....	5,000 00
Carriage and Toy Co.....	January 25, 1888.....	12,500 00
McCormick Carriage Manfg Co.....	January 8, 1887.....	20,000 00
Pneumatic Gun Carriage Co.....	August 23, 1884.....	250,000 00
CAR WHEEL COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Car Wheel Co.....	April 17, 1873.....	75,000 00
Diamond Wheel Co.....	June 30, 1896.....	10,000 00
CEDAR WORKS.		
Baltimore Cedar Works.....	August 29, 1888.....	100,000 00
Patuxent Cedar Point Co.....	June 9, 1893.....	15,000 00
CHEMICAL COMPANIES.		
Brown Chemical Co.....	April 15, 1884.....	60,000 00
Baltimore Chemical Co.....	January 30, 1885.....	20,000 00
Benson Chemical Co.....	May 24, 1889.....	30,000 00
Boraline Chemical Co.....	May 9, 1899.....	25,000 00
Cedar Point Chemical Co.	April 26, 1876.....	80,000 00
Commercial Chemical Co.	September 29, 1899.....	10,000 00
Faultless Chemical Co.....	January 27, 1894.....	10,000 00
Gem Chemical Co.....	July 6, 1898.....	100,000 00
Holmes Chemical Co.....	February 24, 1899.....	25,000 00
Keller Chemical Co.....	December 29, 1893.....	15,000 00
Laur Chemical Co.....	March 28, 1893.....	10,000 00
Monumental Chemical Co.....	November 15, 1889.....	100,000 00
Natural Guano and Chemical Co.....	May 8, 1880.....	20,000 00
Pool Chemical Co.....	May 9, 1887.....	100,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
CHEMICAL COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
Royal Chemical Co.	September 28, 1894.	20,000 00
Southern Chemical Co.	January 14, 1881.	100,000 00
Stonebraker Chemical Co.	April 22, 1895.	25,000 00
Slingluff Chemical Co.	February 21, 1899.	150,000 00
Sal-Veget Chemical Co.	October 13, 1899.	10,000 00
Thomas Chemical Co.	January 12, 1898.	25,000 00
Thomsen Chemical Co.	May 17, 1898.	150,000 00
John Chemical Co.	August 24, 1899.	100,000 00
CIDER AND VINEGAR COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Cider and Vinegar Co.	September 2, 1885.	6,000 00
Maryland Vinegar Co.	April 2, 1886.	10,000 00
CIGAR COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Cigar Co.	September 22, 1894.	10,000 00
El Arte Cigar Manfg. Co.	October 28, 1897.	25,000 00
Fulton Cigar Manfg. Co.	February 27, 1899.	10,000 00
Manchester Cigar Manfg. Co.	January 4, 1898.	21,000 00
Patten Cigar Co.	October 28, 1897.	10,000 00
Wm. H. Beale Cigar Co.	October 9, 1899.	3,500 00
CIGARETTE COMPANIES.		
Independent Cigarette Manfg. Co.	November 11, 1893.	25,000 00
Maryland Cigarette Co.	August 15, 1899.	10,000 00
CLAY COMPANIES		
Glen Burnie Clay Company.	February 25, 1892.	28,750 00
Maryland Clay Co.	August 2, 1893.	10,000 00
Baltimore Clothing Manfg. Co.	July 22, 1891.	100 00

Co-operative Clothing Manf'g Co.....	April 21, 1888.....	25,000 00
Reliable Clothing Co.....	March 27, 1896.....	7,000 00
Rose Clothing Co.....	April 19, 1897.....	5,000 00
Weinberg Clothing Co.....	September 16, 1897.....	3,300 00
COAL COMPANIES.		
Atlantic and George's Creek Consolidation Coal Co.....	September 13, 1872.....	1,000,000 00
Bridgeport, W. Va. Coal Co.....	April 27, 1874.....	300,000 00
Black Bear Coal Co.....	December 24, 1890.....	50,000 00
British-American Coal Compound Co.....	October 31, 1885.....	100,000 00
Black Bear Coal Co.....	December 24, 1890.....	50,000 00
Black, Sheridan & Wilson Co.....	October 27, 1891.....	300,000 00
Consumers' Coal Co.....	October 5, 1885.....	50,000 00
Cumberland Coal Co.....	October 6, 1885.....	60,000 00
Chesapeake Coal Co.....	January 31, 1889.....	5,000 00
Carroll Coal and Feed Co.....	September 22, 1897.....	4,500 00
Consumers' Coal Co.....	January 14, 1898.....	50,000 00
Continental Coal Co.....	February 9, 1899.....	250,000 00
E. D. Onion Coal Co.....	November 21, 1893.....	20,000 00
Fair View Coal Co.....	April 7, 1885.....	300,000 00
Harry F. Read Coal Co.....	March 19, 1897.....	3,000 00
H. Lange & Son Coal Co.	June 10, 1897.....	10,000 00
Lonaconing Coal Co.....	May 20, 1899.....	10,000 00
Monongahela Gas Coal Co.....	February 18, 1873.....	500,000 00
Mutual Coal Co.....	May 26, 1882.....	25,000 00
Meadow Branch Anthracite and Cumberland Coal Co.....	December 7, 1888.....	3,000,000 00
Merchants' Coal Co.....	June 19, 1893.....	20,000 00
Maryland Coal Co.....	February 24, 1896.....	10,000 00
Monumental Coal Co.....	February 24, 1898.....	10,000 00
New England, Fairmount and Western Gas Coal Co.....	July 20, 1883.....	200,000 00
Reiley Coal Co.....	February 10, 1887.....	100,000 00
Robinson Coal Co.....	September 22, 1897.....	3,500 00
Spring Garden Coal and Coke Co. of Garrett County.....	October 15, 1888.....	250,000 00
West Virginia Coal and Coke Co.....	June 27, 1873.....	2,000,000 00
Woodward Gas Carbonizing Co. of Wilmington and Baltimore City.....	August 23, 1873.....	20,000 00
West Virginia Coal and Coke Co. of Marion county and Baltimore City, [December 23, 1873]		2,000,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
COAL COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
Washington Gas, Coal and Coke Co.	January 6, 1874.....	1,000,000 00
Youghiogheny Gas Coal Co.	January 7, 1870.....	1,000,000 00
COAL AND IRON COMPANIES.		
Mount Patrick Coal and Iron Co.	April 6, 1877.....	150,000 00
Meadow Branch Anthracite Coal and Iron Co.	June 27, 1883.....	3,000,000 00
Meadow Branch Anthracite Coal and Iron and Lumber Co.	August 1, 1883.....	1,000,000 00
Mill Stone Point Coal and Iron Co.	October 21, 1887.....	500,000 00
COAL AND WOOD COMPANIES.		
Hafer-Lapps Coal and Wood Co.	January 27, 1896.....	25,000 00
McCullough Wood and Coal Co.	January 19, 1891.....	10,000 00
Silverwood Coal and Wood Co.	September 3, 1895.....	10,000 00
COAT PAD COMPANIES.		
Eureka Coat Pad Co.	May 15, 1889.....	25,000 00
Phoenix Coat Pad Co.	December 30, 1898.....	6,000 00
Sanitary Pad Co.	November 4, 1891.....	50,000 00
COFFEE COMPANIES.		
Baltimore-London Santos Coffee Co.	March 24, 1893.....	25,000 00
Enterprise Coffee Co.	March 3, 1888.....	30,000 00
COLLEGES.		
Sadler's Bryant & Stratton Business College.	February 19, 1895.....	10,000 00
Strayer's Business College.	April 6, 1898.....	5,000 00
CONSTRUCTION COMPANIES.		
Baltimore and Catonsville Construction Co.	November 28, 1894.....	52,000 00
Baltimore Telephone Construction Co.	May 12, 1899.....	10,000 00
Cable Motor and Construction Co.	February 12, 1884.....	250,000 00
Chesapeake Construction Co.	June 26, 1890.....	100,000 00

Calvert Building and Construction Co.....	July 25, 1890.....	1,800,000 00
Central Construction Co.....	March 11, 1892.....	200 00
Chesapeake Construction Co.....	April 16, 1895.....	10,000 00
Electrical Construction Co.....	November 2, 1889.....	12,000 00
Electrical Construction and Manf'g Co.....	March 12, 1890.....	35,000 00
Frederick-McCabe Construction Co.....	January 24, 1895.....	50,000 00
Lucas Electric Construction Co.....	October 14, 1895.....	2,000 00
Maryland Construction Co.....	November 16, 1889.....	250,000 00
Monumental Construction Co.....	April 12, 1890.....	62,500 00
Mount Royal Construction Co.....	December 20, 1893.....	60,000 00
Maryland Manf'g. Construction Co.....	December 4, 1895.....	100,000 00
Montgomery Construction Co.....	September 28, 1896.....	100,000 00
Mount Royal Construction Co.....	April 11, 1899.....	150,000 00
Rapid Transit Construction Co.....	December 23, 1895.....	25,000 00
Susquehanna Construction Co.....	November 7, 1895.....	100,000 00
Western Construction Co.....	June 3, 1892.....	500 00
CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS.		
Can Makers' Co-operative Association, No. 1.....	December 22, 1877.....	10,000 00
Industrial Co-operative Association.....	February 9, 1887.....	1,200 00
Journeymen Butcher Co-operative Manf'g Association.....	September 10, 1886.....	6,000 00
Mercantile Co-operative Association.....	October 31, 1890.....	20,000 00
COPPER COMPANIES.		
Consolidated Copper Co.....	February 21, 1876.....	1,000,000 00
Ore Knob Copper Co.....	July 17, 1873.....	1,500,000 00
Old Dominion Copper Co.....	December 27, 1887.....	500,000 00
CORK COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Cork Co.....	April 30, 1891.....	21,000 00
Crown Cork and Seal Co.....	March 10, 1892.....	1,000,000 00
Friction Cap Cork Co.....	March 24, 1894.....	400,000 00
CROME COMPANIES.		
Consolidated Crome Co.....	August 9, 1875.....	1,000,000 00
Maryland and California Crome Co.....	September 14, 1876.....	1,000,000 00
CYCLE COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Mutual Cycle Co.....	March 30, 1896.....	100,000 00
Clark Cycle Co.....	January 23, 1888.....	100,000 00
Chesapeake Cycle Co.....	December 27, 1895.....	5,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
CYCLE COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
Eisenbrandt Cycle Co.	February 25, 1890....	15,000 00
Enterprise Cycle Co.	January 27, 1896....	1,000 00
Iroquois Cycle Stock Co.	June 19, 1893....	1,000 00
Maryland Cycle Path Association....	March 28, 1899....	5,000 00
Park Cycle and Athletic Association....	March 29, 1894....	12,000 00
Royal Cycle Co.	May 18, 1891....	20,000 00
Tribune Cycle Co.	November 22, 1897....	5,000 00
DAIRY COMPANIES.		
Baltimore County Dairy Co.	February 18, 1895....	2,500 00
Dairymen's Protective and Collection Agency....	August 27, 1895....	3,000 00
Harford County Farm Dairy Co.	January 28, 1897....	6,000 00
Maryland Dairy Co.	June 30, 1886....	10,000 00
Maryland Sanitary Dairy Co.	July 26, 1899....	1,000 00
Pikesville Dairy Co.	November 22, 1871....	12,000 00
DEPOSIT COMPANIES.		
Fidelity and Deposit Co., (Prior to 1899)	.....	1,500,000 00
Maryland Safe Deposit and Trust Co.	November 15, 1887....	100,000 00
Maryland Safe Deposit and Trust Co.	November 19, 1887....	100,000 00
DEPOSITORY COMPANIES.		
Book Depository of the M. E. Church....	June 17, 1870....	20,000 00
Book Depository of the Balt. Annual Conference of the M. E. Church....	December 18, 1871....	40,000 00
DISTILLING COMPANIES.		
Belle of Baltimore Distilling Co.	February 26, 1894....	25,000 00
Baltimore Distilling Co.	April 10, 1894....	25,000 00
Carroll Springs Distilling Co.	July 22, 1897....	15,000 00
Stannissville and Mount Vernon Distilling Co.	September 22, 1870....	500,000 00
Haniss Distilling Co., of Philadelphia and Baltimore City....	May 1, 1871....	1,600,000 00

H. Wietheger Distilling Co.....	November 9, 1896.....	30,000 00
Maryland Distilling Co.....	August 4, 1892.....	100,000 00
Monumental Distilling Co.....	February 23, 1893.....	100,000 00
Orient Distilling Co.....	January 13, 1876.....	5,000 00
Sherwood Distilling Co.....	January 27, 1882.....	30,000 00
Wilson Distilling Co.....	December 15, 1898.....	1,000,000 00
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Baltimore Screw Dock Co.....	May 11, 1871.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Dry Dock Co.....	December 14, 1877.....	365,500 00
William Skinner & Sons Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Co.....	March 29, 1899.....	300,000 00
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Louis C. Horn Drug and Chemical Co.....	December 14, 1899.....	500 00
Volina Drug and Chemical Co.....	August 4, 1886.....	100,000 00
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Becker Drug Co.....	February 25, 1898.....	10,000 00
Calvert Drug Co.....	July 3, 1896.....	5,000 00
Doctor Kimberly Drug Co.....	September 20, 1893.....	25,000 00
Debrick Drug Co.....	May 6, 1899.....	—
Emerson Drug Co.....	March 23, 1891.....	250,000 00
Fisher Drug Co.....	October 7, 1898.....	1,000 00
Holmes Drug Co.....	August 20, 1898.....	50,000 00
Kahn-Miller Drug Co.....	August 5, 1897.....	2,500 00
Petzold Drug Co.....	February 9, 1899.....	20,000 00
Pepsin Seltzer Drug and Chemical Co.....	March 13, 1899.....	7,500 00
Royal Drug Co.....	March 21, 1899.....	100,000 00
Robertson & Dick Drug Co.....	March 23, 1899.....	100,000 00
Seth S. Hance Drug Co.....	July 25, 1891.....	3,000 00
Winkelmann & Brown Drug Co.....	September 28, 1888.....	20,000 00
William H. Read Drug and Chemical Co.....	December 11, 1894.....	80,000 00
Woolens Drug Co.....	February 9, 1899.....	50,000 00
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Acme Dyeing and Cleaning Co.....	March 13, 1894.....	30,000 00
Baltimore City Bleach Dye and Finishing Co.....	December 13, 1881.....	30,000 00
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American Electric Co.....	November 16, 1887.....	300,000 00
Brush Electric Co.....	March 8, 1882.....	1,250,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
ELECTRIC COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
Baxter Electric Manufacturing and Motor Co.....	September 24, 1886.....	500,000 00
Baxter Electric Motor Co.....	January 30, 1890.....	500,000 00
Baltimore Electric Refining Co.....	February 2, 1891.....	200,000 00
Baltimore Electric Co.....	November 14, 1893.....	10,000 00
Donaldson-Macrae Electric Co.....	November 19, 1890.....	20,000 00
Electric Underground Co.....	August 28, 1883.....	1,000,000 00
Eastern Electric Co.....	July 23, 1889.....	10,000 00
Franklin Electric Works.....	July 1, 1885.....	1,000 00
Ries Electric Specialty Co.....	June 16, 1891.....	150,000 00
Southern Electric Co.....	September 12, 1891.....	1,000,000 00
Susquehanna River Electric Co.....	December 19, 1894.....	100,000 00
Southern Electric Co.....	September 8, 1896.....	70,000 00
Underground Electric Traction System Co.....	July 17, 1890.....	100,000 00
Volta Electric Battery Co.....	June 19, 1890.....	300,000 00
Virginia Electric Co.....	May 24, 1897.....	10,000 00
Waterhouse Electric Co.....	October 21, 1887.....	250,000 00
Wenstrom Southern Electric Manufacturing Co.....	September 1, 1888.....	100,000 00
Wenstrom Electric Co.....	October 3, 1893.....	1,000,000 00
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANIES.		
Atlantic Electric Light, Storage and Power Co.....	March 31, 1886.....	200,000 00
Domestic Electric Power and Light Co.....	September 26, 1893.....	50,000 00
Excelsior Electric Light Co.....	October 8, 1885.....	300,000 00
Hockenhausen Electric Light Co.....	February 9, 1886.....	300,000 00
Old Town Electric Light, Storage and Power Co.....	March 31, 1886.....	200,000 00
Pennock Electric Light and Power Co.....	May 13, 1889.....	500,000 00
Southern Baxter Electric Light and Power Co.....	September 28, 1884.....	1,000,000 00
Thomson-Houston Electric Light Co.....	[November 17, 1887.....]	200,000 00

United States Electric Light and Power Co.....	April 30, 1885.....	500,000 00
United States Electric Light and Power Co.....	October 21, 1885.....	500,000 00
United Electric Light and Power Co.....	May 8, 1899.....	3,000,000 00
ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANIES.		
Baltimore and Pikesville Electric Railway Co.....	May 3, 1890.....	100,000 00
Baltimore, Severn Park and Annapolis Railway Co.....	March 7, 1895.....	100,000 00
Baltimore, North Point and Bear Creek Railway Co.....	August 25, 1897.....	300,000 00
Rasmussen Eastern Cable Railway Co.....	March 8, 1885.....	1,000,000 00
Roland Avenue Electric Railway Co.....	August 18, 1891.....	25,000 00
Spedden Marine Railway Co.....	August 27, 1894.....	10,000 00
Southern Street Railway Advertising Co.....	September 9, 1897.....	45,000 00
West Baltimore Passenger Railway Co.....	October 18, 1893.....	100,000 00
ELEVATOR COMPANIES.		
Automatic Letter Elevator Co.....	June 12, 1882.....	8,000 00
Baltimore Elevator Co.....	January 13, 1877.....	250,000 00
Farmer's Elevator Co.....	June 30, 1899.....	2,250 00
Maryland Floating Elevator Co.....	May 9, 1878.....	22,000 00
Maryland Elevator and Storage Co.....	December 8, 1888.....	6,000 00
Union Elevator Co.....	March 1, 1881.....	250,000 00
ENGINE COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Concentric Engine Co.....	December 5, 1872.....	400,000 00
Combined Steam and Air Engine Co.....	December 5, 1872.....	1,000,000 00
Williams' Engine Co.....	October 15, 1891.....	50,000 00
ENGRAVING COMPANIES.		
Alpha Photo-Engraving Co.....	October 3, 1895.....	10,000 00
Baltimore Engraving Co.....	January 12, 1891.....	50,000 00
Charles E. Maas Engraving Co.....	July 25, 1890.....	1,000 00
Electro Photo-Engraving Co.....	November 11, 1895.....	30,000 00
Southern Engraving Co.....	October 24, 1889.....	10,000 00
Standard Electrotype Foundry, Engraving Co.....	March 22, 1893.....	10,000 00
EXCHANGE COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Coffee Exchange.....	March 8, 1883.....	1,800,000 00
Fruit and Produce Exchange.....	April 9, 1888.....	10,000 00
Florists' Exchange.....	February 1, 1890.....	5,000 00
Telephone Exchange Co.....	May 25, 1880.....	10,000 00
EXPORT COMPANIES.		
Frick Export Co.....	January 5, 1897.....	25,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK
EXPORT COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
Gambrill Export Co.	April 22, 1890	50,000 00
Hinrich's Export Co.	July 12, 1894	25,000 00
Manhattan Bottling and Export Co., (Limited).	February 1, 1886.....	5,000 00
Maryland Export and Commission Co.	June 30, 1898.....	25,000 00
South Baltimore Brick and Tile Co.	March 3, 1887.....	150,000 00
EXPRESS COMPANIES.		
Citizens' Express Co.	September 11, 1893	10,000 00
Local Express Co.	March 21, 1882	10,000 00
Pennsylvania Express Co.	January 23, 1884.....	10,000,000 00
FASTENER COMPANIES.		
American Fastener Co.	March 18, 1897	50,000 00
Union Car Door Cleat and Fastener Co.	June 23, 1888.....	100,000 00
FENCE COMPANIES.		
American Stock Fence Co.	June 3, 1896	100,000 00
Chandlee Fence Co.	May 12, 1898.....	10,000 00
FERTILIZING COMPANIES.		
Bear Creek Fertilizing Co.	May 19, 1881	30,000 00
Maryland Earth Closet and Fertilizer Co.	June 12, 1873	50,000 00
Old Dominion Fertilizer and Manufacturing Co.	September 14, 1883	100,000 00
FERTILIZER AND CHEMICAL COMPANIES.		
Bradley Fertilizer and Chemical Co.	December 17, 1888	100,000 00
Detrick Fertilizer and Chemical Co.	March 13, 1893	100,000 00
Natural Fertilizer and Manufacturing Co.	November 2, 1888	20,000 00
Poppleton Silicated Phosphate Fertilizer Co.	February 9, 1876	100,000 00
Powell Fertilizer and Chemical Co.	March 20, 1894	45,000 00
Rasin Fertilizer Co.	January 11, 1882	419,000 00
Susquehanna Fertilizer Co.	January 11, 1883	100,000 00

Washington Fertilizer Co.....	FIBRE COMPANIES.	November 30, 1891.....	100,000 00
American Fibre Co.....		April 21, 1882.....	8,000 00
Bell Fibre Packing Co.....		July 31, 1882.....	100,000 00
Columbia Fibre Co.....		December 7, 1886.....	300,000 00
Fibre Manufacturing Co.....	FILE WORKS.	January 27, 1879.....	100,000 00
Union File Works.....		February 18, 1880.....	50,000 00
Union File Co.....	FILE COMPANIES.	January 24, 1884.....	50,000 00
Baltimore Filter Co.....		September 29, 1898.....	100,000 00
Jenning's Filter Manufacturing Co.....	FIRE ALARM COMPANIES.	December 1, 1879.....	75,000 00
Automatic Fire Alarm Co.....		October 16, 1893.....	100,000 00
Baltimore National Automatic Fire Alarm Co.		August 27, 1889.....	100,000 00
Instantaneous Fire Alarm Co.....		June 13, 1890.....	20,000 00
Monarch Alarm Co.....	FIRE ARMS COMPANIES.	May 13, 1889.....	2,200 00
National Fire Arms Co.....		November 18, 1897.....	9,000 00
National Arms Co.....	FIRE ESCAPE COMPANIES.	December 15, 1897.....	50,000 00
International Fire Escape Co.....		September 3, 1883.....	100,000 00
National Fire Escape Co.....		January 9, 1882.....	50,000 00
United States Fire Escape Guide Co.		March 26, 1883.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Fire Extinguisher Works.....	FIRE EXTINGUISHER WORKS.	November 15, 1873.....	35,000 00
Perfect Hand Fire Extinguisher Co.....		April 27, 1886.....	50,000 00
PURE INSURANCE, SECURITY AND LAND COMPANIES.		February 12, 1870.....	800,000 00
Citizens' Fire Insurance Security and Land Co.		December 21, 1870.....	200,000 00
Corn Exchange Fire Insurance Co.		January 28, 1871.....	300,000 00
Commonwealth Fire Insurance Co.		March 28, 1887.....	100,000 00
Commercial Fire Insurance Co.		April 5, 1899.....	200,000 00
Commercial Fire Insurance Co.		November 21, 1870.....	300,000 00
Buttaw Fire Insurance Co.		September 25, 1870.....	1,000,000 00
Fire Insurance Treasurer of the United States.		February 25, 1899.....	500,000 00
Fidelity Fire Insurance Co.		October 10, 1877.....	200,000 00
German American Fire Insurance Co.			

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
FIRE INSURANCE SECURITY AND LAND COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
German American Central Fire Insurance Co.....	February 14, 1878.....	250,000 00
German American Fire Insurance Co.....	June 10, 1880.....	200,000 00
Mechanics' Insurance Co.....	September 14, 1870.....	200,000 00
Merchants' Fire Insurance Co.....	August 28, 1886.....	100,000 00
Merchants and Manufacturers' Fire Insurance Co.....	December 14, 1895.....	200,000 00
National Fire Insurance Co.....	October 31, 1882.....	100,000 00
Old Town Fire Insurance Co.....	March 17, 1885.....	100,000 00
Universal Fire Insurance and Security Co.....	March 6, 1871.....	250,000 00
United Fire Insurance Co.....	March 4, 1899.....	250,000 00
West Baltimore Fire Insurance Co.....	October 4, 1887.....	125,000 00
FISH COMPANIES.		
Chesapeake Fish Co.....	July 26, 1893.....	5,000 00
Universal Produce and Fish Exchange.....	January 11, 1881.....	250,000 00
FLINT MILL COMPANIES.		
Flint Mill Co.....	June 7, 1895.....	100 00
Patapsco Flint Mill Co.....	August 26, 1890.....	5,000 00
FLOORING COMPANIES.		
A. & H. Flexible Flooring Co.....	January 20, 1886.....	25,000 00
National Flexible Flooring Co.....	January 15, 1889.....	25,000 00
FRUIT COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Fruit Co.....	March 9, 1888.....	50,000 00
Buckman Fruit Co.....	January 14, 1892.....	50,000 00
Baker Fruit Co.....	November 3, 1892.....	1,000 00
Easteru Ripe Fruit Carrier Co.....	December 6, 1886.....	300,000 00
J. Hart Fruit Co.....	September 8, 1887.....	100,000 00
Kirwan-Schall Fruit Co.....	December 31, 1897.....	20,000 00
Monumental Fruit Co.....	March 29, 1894.....	10,000 00

FRUIT COMPANIES.—(Continued.)	
MERCHANTS' FRUIT EXCHANGE.....	September 19, 1894.....
STEWART FRUIT CO.....	December 23, 1892.....
STANDARD PRODUCE AND FRUIT CO.....	JULY 17, 1899.....
FURNACE AND STEAM HEATING COMPANIES.	
HUBBARD FURNACE STEAM HEATING CO.....	MAY 10, 1897.....
MCKIBBIN PERFECT COMBUSTION FURNACE CO.	JULY 24, 1897.....
NATIONAL FURNACE CO.....	JUNE 29, 1889.....
ZELL RETORT FURNACE CO.....	APRIL 9, 1883.....
FURNITURE COMPANIES.	
Bagby Furniture Co.....	April 18, 1898.....
Economy Carpet and Furniture Co.....	March 5, 1895.....
Hughes Furniture Manufacturing Co.....	January 31, 1895.....
Reliable Furniture Manufacturing Co.....	August 24, 1888.....
Rivers' Furniture Co.....	July 7, 1897.....
Union Woven Cord Furniture Co.....	February 21, 1889.....
William P. B. Schmitt Furniture Co.....	April 27, 1897.....
GAS BURNER COMPANIES.	
Automatic Gas Burner Co.....	December 13, 1882.....
Wilson Burner Co.....	MARCH 7, 1883.....
GAS COMPANIES.	
CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY.....	Gas Light Co., Chesapeake Gas Co.....
	Peoples' Gas Co., Equitable Gas Light Co.....
	Consumers' Mutual Gas Light Co.....
CITY GAS CO.....	JULY 1, 1880.....
MUNICIPAL GAS CO.	
PORTABLE GAS CO.	
UNITED STATES CRUDE PETROLEUM GAS AND REFINING CO.	MAY 2, 1881.....
WATER GAS HEATER CO.	February 13, 1882.....
GAS FIXTURE AND ART METAL MFG COMPANIES.	
BALTIMORE GAS FIXTURE AND ART METAL MANUFACTURING CO.	NOVEMBER 25, 1871.....
SCHULTZ GAS FIXTURE AND ART METAL CO.	February 14, 1887.....
	MARCH 9, 1894.....
	SEPTEMBER 12, 1891.....
	JANUARY 11, 1886.....
GAS LIGHT COMPANIES.	
AUTOMATIC GAS LIGHT CO.	MAY 25, 1899.....
COLUMBIA GAS LIGHT CO.	February 10, 1873.....
ECONOMY GAS LIGHT IMPROVEMENT CO.	February 5, 1876.....
	100,000 00
	24,000 00
	2,500 00
	50,000 00
	10,000 00
	10,000 00
	20,000 00
	1,200 00
	250,000 00
	25,000 00
	50,000 00
	3,000 00
	30,000 00
	32,000 00
	25,000 00
	50,000 00
	20,000 00
	5,000 00
	100,000 00
	1,500,000 00
	1,500,000 00
	1,250,000 00
	20,000 00
	1,000,000 00
	100,000 00
	60,000 00
	300,000 00
	100,000 00
	24,000 00
	2,500 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
GAS LIGHT COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
Electric Gas Light Co.....	July 26, 1898.....	10,000 00
Independent Gas Light Co.....	April 6, 1880.....	3,000,000 00
Incandescent Gas Light Co.....	December 22, 1887.....	50,000 00
New Gas Light Co.....	June 14, 1881.....	100,000 00
Standard Automatic Gas Light Co.....	May 26, 1887.....	100,000 00
Washington Automatic Gas Light Co.....	January 23, 1880.....	100,000 00
GAS SAVING COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Gas Saving Co.....	March 2, 1875.....	150,000 00
Gas Saving Co.....	July 24, 1896.....	20,000 00
Mutual Gas Saving Co.....	February 18, 1895.....	50,000 00
GAZOLINE STREET LAMP COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Gasoline Street Lamp Co.....	November 28, 1877.....	3,000 00
Monumental Gasoline Street Lamp and Manufacturing Co.....	January 9, 1878.....	10,000 00
GATE AND GUARD COMPANIES.		
Maryland Folding Iron Gate and Guard Co.....	January 7, 1884.....	50,000 00
Toulmin Electric Railway Gate Co.....	May 25, 1886.....	1,000,000 00
GLASS MANUFACTURING COMPANIES.		
Co-operative Druggist Ware Glass Manufacturing Co.....	August 14, 1885.....	25,000 00
Monumental Glass Co.....	October 13, 1897.....	10,000 00
Union Glass Co.....	August 12, 1872.....	30,000 00
GOLD AND COPPER COMPANIES.		
Conrad Hill Gold and Copper Co.....	May 17, 1880.....	1,500,000 00
Consolidated Gold and Copper Co.....	June 30, 1885.....	1,000,000 00
GOLD MINING COMPANIES.		
American Gold Mining Co.....	August 2, 1884.....	1,000,000 00
Bright Light Gold Mining Co.....	August 5, 1882.....	750,000 00
Clear Water Gold Mine Co.....	December 4, 1875.....	1,500,000 00

• GOLD MINING COMPANIES.—(Continued.)

Dunn Gold Mining Co.....	June 1, 1889.....	500,000 00
Southern Gold Mining Co.....	August 27, 1885.....	1,000,000 00
GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Gold and Silver Mining and Smelting Co.....	October 14, 1878.....	3,000,000 00
Diamond Tunnel Gold and Silver Mining Co.....	March 17, 1882.....	2,500,000 00
Montana Gold and Silver Development, Investment and Mining Co.....	February 7, 1893.....	200,000 00
Oriole Gold and Silver Mining Co.....	June 9, 1882.....	2,000,000 00
GRAIN AND STOCK COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Grain and Stock Commission Co.....	August 31, 1891.....	20,000 00
Brummell Grain and Feed Co.....	October 28, 1893.....	25,000 00
B. V. White Grain Co.....	June 6, 1895.....	10,000 00
Kirwan Bro's Grain Co.....	April 28, 1892.....	10,000 00
Kirwan Bro's Grain Co.....	May 4, 1897.....	10,000 00
Standard Grain Co.....	March 19, 1891.....	25,000 00
GRATE COMPANIES.		
Worthington Grate Co.....	March 26, 1895.....	3,600 00
Worthington National Grate Co.....	September 17, 1897.....	50,000 00
GREASE COMPANIES.		
Smith's Railroad Axle Grease.....	July 11, 1889.....	10,000 00
Union Fire Proof Grease Co.....	September 14, 1895.....	50,000 00
GROCERY COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Wholesale Grocery Co.....	March 27, 1899.....	25,000 00
Grocers' Association.....	October 12, 1892.....	12,000 00
Grocers' Union.....	January 5, 1898.....	15,000 00
Maryland Grocery Co.....	October 22, 1896.....	30,000 00
Reese Grocery Co.....	February 7, 1891.....	30,000 00
William M. Powell Grocery and Flour Co.....	November 28, 1890.....	75,000 00
Wholesale Grocers' Association.....	December 9, 1895.....	1,000 00
GUANO COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Guano Co.....	November 28, 1881.....	30,000 00
Chesapeake Guano Co.....	August 12, 1875.....	260,000 00
Filaming's Guano Co.....	March 31, 1883.....	50,000 00
Lazaretto Guano Co.....	June 5, 1897.....	300,000 00
Monefa Guano Co.....	August 3, 1875.....	1,000,000 00
Piedmont Guano and Manufacturing Co.....	June 29, 1874.....	30,000 00

TABLES.
Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
GUANO COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
Park's Guano Co.	June 24, 1887.....	100,000 00
Piedmont-Mt. Airy Guano Co.	June 14, 1896.....	50,000 00
Rialto Guano Co.	February 12, 1884.....	150,000 00
GUM COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Chewing Gum Co.	February 18, 1897.....	2,000 00
Gum Manufacturing Co.	April 9, 1894.....	1,000 00
Oriole Gum Co.	March 25, 1895.....	10,000 00
GUARANTY COMPANIES.		
Security Loan Guaranty.....	September 1, 1893.....	2,000 00
Union Loan and Guarantee Institution.....	January 8, 1894.....	50,000 00
GUNPOWDER PAPER COMPANIES.		
Gunpowder Paper Co.	December 5, 1893.....	15,000 00
Ivy Paper Co.	September 22, 1874.....	50,000 00
Maryland Paper Manufacturing Co.	May 6, 1897.....	75,000 00
New York Paper Co.	August 19, 1898.....	25,000 00
HEATING COMPANIES.		
Alva Hubbard Heating Co.	July 20, 1895.....	20,000 00
Baltimore Heating Co.	May 16, 1894.....	5,000 00
Beery Heating Co.	March 4, 1898.....	5,000 00
Steam Heating and Supply Co.	January 23, 1880.....	600,000 00
Steam Coil and Pipe Heating Co.	May 11, 1891.....	250,000 00
Universal Heating and Manufacturing Co.	May 4, 1898.....	5,000 00
Whittingham Electric Car Heating Co.	November 16, 1894.....	2,500 00
HEAT AND LIGHT COMPANIES.		
Aurora Standard Heat and Light Co.	November 20, 1889.....	500,000 00
American Heat, Light and Power Co.	January 18, 1898.....	100,000 00
Standard Heat and Light Co.	April 15, 1884.....	500,000 00

HIDE AND TALLOW ASSOCIATIONS.

Baltimore Hide and Tallow Association No. 1.....	March 10, 1870.....	1,750 00
Calf Hide Association No. 1.....	May 28, 1875.....	15,000 00
Calf Hide Association No. 1.....	April 26, 1884.....	100,000 00
HOMINY COMPANIES.	June 27, 1890.....	40,000 00
Baltimore Pearl Hominy Milling Co.....	January 14, 1891.....	10,000 00
Baltimore Pearl Hominy Mills.....	September 16, 1886.....	42,000 00
Bromwell Pearl Hominy and Coraline Co.....	February 1, 1899.....	5,000 00
Maryland Hominy and HORSE SHOE ASSOCIATIONS.	April 3, 1897.....	50,000 00
Baltimore Horse Shoe Association.....	February 1, 1882.....	200,000 00
Only Bob Rubber Horse Shoe Co.....	March 21, 1895.....	200,000 00
Walker Horse Shoe Co.....	September 1, 1894.....	35,000 00
HORSE SHOW ASSOCIATIONS.	February 21, 1899.....	1,000,000 00
Baltimore Horse Show Association.....	March 28, 1899.....	30,000 00
Maryland Horse Show Association.....	December 2, 1898.....	30,000 00
Hotel Bennert Co.....	July 1, 1878.....	12,000 00
Hotel St. James Co.....	November 16, 1887.....	8,000 00
Maryland Hotel Co.....	December 6, 1881.....	150,000 00
Old Town Hotel Co.....	December 10, 1897.....	10,000 00
Old Town Merchants' Hotel Co.....	June 1, 1880.....	10,000 00
Stronita Spring Hotel Co.....	November 16, 1882.....	100,000 00
St. James Hotel Co.....	November 24, 1884.....	600,000 00
ICE ASSOCIATIONS.	January 24, 1890.....	50,000 00
Butchers' Ice Association.....	March 11, 1890.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Ice Company.....	December 6, 1892.....	400,000 00
Cochran-Oler Ice Co.....	July 22, 1898.....	300,000 00
Crystal Ice Co.....	April 16, 1895.....	40,000 00
Crystal Ice Manfg. Co.....	November 3, 1898.....	50,000 00
Consumers' Ice Co.....	November 8, 1893.....	100,000 00
Citizens' Ice Co.....	April 20, 1887.....	20,000 00
Diamond Ice Co.....	..	..
Distilled Water Ice Co.....	..	..
Economy Ice Co.....	..	..
Independent Ice Co.....	..	..

TABLES.
Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
ICE ASSOCIATIONS.—(Continued.)		
Independent Ice Co.	October 17, 1898.....	100,000 00
Loch Raven Ice Manufg. Co.	May 31, 1882.....	600,000 00
ICE AND COAL COMPANIES.		
Biemiller Ice and Coal Co.	August 4, 1897.....	120,000 00
Independent Ice and Coal Co.	January 21, 1892.....	20,000 00
Patapsco Coal and Ice Co.	November 7, 1896.....	10,000 00
ILLUMINATING FLUID AND MANUFACTURING COMPANIES.		
Danforth Illuminating Fluid and Manfg. Co.	May 16, 1878.....	100,000 00
Electric Illuminating Co.	June 22, 1889.....	500,000 00
Edison Electric Illuminating Co.	December 23, 1895.....	1,000,000 00
IMMIGRATION COMPANIES.		
Baltimore and Ohio Immigration Co.	August 14, 1884.....	800,000 00
Maryland Land and Immigration Co.	February 1, 1899.....	50,000 00
IMPORTING COMPANIES.		
Gerson Importing Co.	September 23, 1899.....	5,000 00
J. H. Seward Importing Commission Co.	December 18, 1897.....	100,000 00
Wm. Koch Importing Co.	December 7, 1895.....	100,000 00
IMPROVEMENT COMPANIES.		
Athlantic Coast Improvement Co.	April 5, 1884.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Cycle Club Improvement Association.	January 28, 1890.....	25,000 00
Camden Valley Blue Grass and Improvement Co.	June 8, 1883.....	50,000 00
Caves Improvement Co.	October 22, 1887.....	600,000 00
Chesapeake Improvement Co.	November 13, 1889.....	1,000,000 00
Concordia Improvement Co.	November 25, 1891.....	1,000 00
Darlyshire Rural Home Improvement Co.	June 10, 1891.....	50,000 00
Equitable Mutual Land Improvement Association of East Baltimore.	March 25, 1870.....	400,000 00
Eastern Kentucky Improvement Mining and Land Co.	November 18, 1890.....	1,000,000 00

Eastern Improvement Co.....	April 4, 1893.....	36,000 00
East Laurel Improvement Co.....	March 8, 1894.....	40,000 00
Fairfield Improvement Co.....	October 17, 1891.....	* 60,000 00
Gray Improvement Co.....	March 9, 1893.....	98,000 00
Harbor and Inland Improvement Co.....	September 13, 1893.....	50,000 00
Isle of Avon Improvement Co.....	January 16, 1895.....	50,000 00
Lyndhurst Improvement Co.....	April 4, 1895.....	40,000 00
Lansdowne Improvement Co.....	September 10, 1895.....	35,000 00
Mount Carroll Improvement Co.....	August 18, 1893.....	12,000 00
National Improvement Co.....	July 13, 1888.....	25,000 00
Powhatan Improvement Co.....	June 24, 1891.....	100,000 00
Rockaway Beach Improvement Co.....	May 14, 1886.....	5,000 00
Ruxton Heights Improvement Co.....	December 20, 1894.....	12,000 00
Southern and Western Improvement Co.....	August 14, 1885.....	200,000 00
Sel-Bern-Am Heights Improvement Co.....	July 25, 1863.....	32,000 00
Summit Improvement Co.....	January 18, 1895.....	25,000 00
Sherwood Improvement Co.....	December 10, 1895.....	15,000 00
Tolchester Beach Improvement Co.....	March 4, 1884.....	11,400 00
West Arlington Improvement Co.....	April 28, 1890.....	250,000 00
INSURANCE AND SECURITY COMPANIES.		
American Casualty Insurance and Security Co.....	January 14, 1890.....	1,000,000 00
Maryland Theft Insurance Co.....	November 30, 1892.....	100,000 00
National Indemnity and Insurance Co.....	July 1, 1899.....	100,000 00
People's Vehicle Accident Insurance Co.....	January 7, 1895.....	10,000 00
Standard Insurance Co.....	February 26, 1890.....	10,000 00
Standard Insurance Co.....	May 11, 1897.....	100,000 00
INVESTMENT AND SECURITY ASSOCIATIONS.		
Baltimore Investment and Security Association.....	January 31, 1891.....	50,000 00
Baltimore Investment Co.....	August 7, 1896.....	25,000 00
Clinton Co-operative Manufacturing and Investment Co.....	March 16, 1887.....	25,500 00
Commercial Investment Co.....	September 28, 1896.....	25,000 00
City and Suburban Realty Investment Co.....	July 24, 1897.....	200,000 00
Home Investment and Trust Co.....	September 11, 1888.....	50,000 00
Industrial Investment and Securities Co.....	June 2, 1899.....	100,000 00
Maryland Investment Co.....	March 28, 1890.....	25,000 00
Mutual Investment Association.....	July 23, 1890.....	10,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1850 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
INVESTMENT AND SECURITY ASSOCIATIONS.—(Continued.)		
Mutual Fund Investment Co.	February 28, 1893.....	2,000 00
Union Investment Co.	November 2, 1898.....	25,000 00
Virginia Investment Co.	October 23, 1890.....	45,000 00
IRON COMPANIES.		
Betty Martin Iron Co.	August 18, 1874.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Iron Co.	March 24, 1877.....	80,000 00
Booth Iron Mixture Co.	December 13, 1888.....	125,000 00
Caution Iron Co.	March 2, 1875.....	25,000 00
Cedar Point Iron Co.	July 6, 1880.....	10,000 00
Empire Iron Co.	June 5, 1888.....	50,000 00
L. H. Miller Safe and Iron Works....	October 23, 1899.....	50,000 00
Manganese and Iron Co.	August 10, 1885.....	200,000 00
Piedmont Manganese and Iron Co.	June 15, 1886.....	200,000 00
Patapsco Iron Works....	September 13, 1893.....	25,000 00
Stickney Iron Co.	June 11, 1870.....	80,000 00
Stickney Iron Co.	June 9, 1871.....	100,000 00
South Baltimore Iron Co.	June 26, 1882.....	100,000 00
Structural Iron Co.	December 29, 1897.....	50,000 00
IRON AND STEEL COMPANIES.		
Blue Mountain Iron and Steel Co.	June 22, 1899.....	500,000 00
Locust Point Iron and Steel Works Co.	October 14, 1892.....	100,000 00
Malleable Iron and Steel Casting Co.	January 8, 1892.....	15,000 00
LABEL COMPANIES.		
American Label Co.	June 5, 1891.....	50,000 00
Chesapeake Label Co.	September 5, 1888.....	20,000 00
Monumental Label Co.	May 1, 1896.....	30,000 00

LAMP COMPANIES.

Automatic Lamp Co.	June 25, 1879.....	50,000 00
Central Lamp Shade Co.	February 9, 1892.....	10,000 00
Home Mutual Land Co.	June 22, 1870.....	1,000,000 00
National Street Lamp Co.	January 29, 1878.....	25,000 00
Non-Explosive Lamp and Manufacturing Co.	August 29, 1882.....	25,000 00
Ocean City Land Co.	October 31, 1890.....	10,000 00
Safety Extinguisher Lamp Co.	January 23, 1879.....	100,000 00
Siemens Regenerative Gas Lamp Co.	July 3, 1884.....	50,000 00
Siemens' Lungren Gas Lamp Co.	August 6, 1886.....	100,000 00
LAND COMPANIES.		
Abbott Land Co.	March 17, 1882.....	8,000 00
Alta Land Co.	September 8, 1896.....	3,000 00
Baltimore Mutual Land Society	May 22, 1884.....	5,000 00
Belvidere Land Co.	April 28, 1892.....	35,000 00
Berwyn Heights Land Co.	May 13, 1899.....	3,000 00
Chesapeake and Patuxent Land Co.	February 11, 1888.....	300,000 00
Commonwealth Land Co.	February 2, 1895.....	10,000 00
Colonial Land Co.	January 17, 1896.....	20,000 00
Chester Land Co.	March 11, 1897.....	80,000 00
Fidelity Land Co.	July 16, 1883.....	200,000 00
German Land Co.	August 1, 1871.....	400,000 00
Kansas City Land Co.	October 20, 1891.....	50,000 00
Locust Point Land Co.	October 23, 1877.....	6,000 00
Mount Carroll Land Co.	May 27, 1871.....	120,000 00
Maryland Land Co.	May 19, 1875.....	100,000 00
Metropolitan Land Association.	March 13, 1886.....	10,000 00
Maryland Land Co.	April 1, 1893.....	10,000 00
North Avenue Land Co.	January 26, 1891.....	150,000 00
Odenton Land Association.	January 23, 1892.....	3,000 00
Permanent Land Co.	June 17, 1872.....	1,000,000 00
Patapsco Land Co.	October 7, 1874.....	3,000,000 00
Plymouth Land Co.	February 3, 1876.....	100,000 00
Preston Land Co.	January 31, 1887.....	10,000 00
Plateau Land Co.	April 29, 1892.....	35,000 00
Prudential Land Co.	July 10, 1886.....	100,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
LAND COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
Sheep Butchers' Land Association No. 2.....	October 7, 1874.....	100,000 00
Southern Land and Silk Association.....	April 7, 1888.....	150,000 00
Southern Land Co.....	December 3, 1890.....	100,000 00
Woodberry Land Co.....	December 6, 1873.....	250,000 00
Wilkins Avenue Land Co.....	October 21, 1878.....	25,000 00
West Baltimore Land Co.....	April 12, 1893.....	250,000 00
Washington and Baltimore Land Co.....	January 20, 1894.....	1,100 00
Walbrook Central Land Association.....	April 9, 1898.....	40,000 00
LAND AND BUILDING COMPANIES.		
Anchor Permanent Land and Building Society.....	May 20, 1871.....	800,000 00
American Permanent Land and Building Association.....	May 24, 1871.....	400,000 00
Caroline Mutual Land and Building Association.....	February 10, 1870.....	300,000 00
Metropolitan Land and Building Society.....	March 30, 1870.....	400,000 00
Maryland Land and Building Association.....	March 16, 1871.....	250,000 00
Peoples' Building and Land Association.....	March 16, 1871.....	200,000 00
Phoenix Perpetual Land and Building Association.....	June 9, 1871.....	200,000 00
St. Jacob's Building and Land Association.....	July .., 1891.....	13,000 00
Unequal Perpetual Land and Building Association.....	July 1, 1870.....	100,000 00
LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANIES.		
American Land and Improvement Co.....	July 20, 1881.....	130,000 00
East Brookland Land and Improvement Co.....	September 3, 1887.....	50,000 00
Fairfield Land and Improvement Co.....	January 26, 1891.....	100,000 00
Halethorpe Land and Improvement Co.....	February 3, 1891.....	100,000 00
Leeds Land and Improvement Co.....	March 29, 1894.....	10,000 00
Maryland Construction and Land Improvement Co.....	October 31, 1892.....	100,000 00
Maryland Construction and Land Improvement Co.....	March 26, 1887.....	100,000 00
Mutual Land and Improvement Co.....	August 26, 1887.....	100,000 00
Mutual Land and Improvement Co.....	June 23, 1890.....	8,000 00

LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANIES.—(Continued.)

Mount Holly Land and Improvement Co.	September 8, 1897.	40,000 00
New Baltimore and Ohio Land and Improvement Co.	March 17, 1890.	1,000,000 00
North Baltimore Land and Improvement Co.	April 24, 1891.	250,000 00
Ocean Beach Land and Improvement Co.	July 7, 1892.	100,000 00
Rock Hall Land and Improvement Co.	December 24, 1892.	100,000 00
Standard Mutual Land and Improvement Co.	February 27, 1871.	520,000 00
Suburban Mutual Land and Improvement Association.	March 11, 1891.	130,000 00
Western Maryland Railroad Land and Improvement Co.	September 24, 1891.	300,000 00
LAND AND INVESTMENT COMPANIES.		
Farmers and Merchants' Land and Investment Co.	June 25, 1887.	100,000 00
Queensnstown Land and Investment Co.	January 13, 1896.	50,000 00
Southern Land and Investment Co.	March 11, 1892.	1,000 00
Suburban Land and Investment Co.	March 22, 1894.	7,500 00
LAND AND LOAN COMPANIES.		
Amicable Permanent Land and Loan Co.	July 8, 1875.	2,000,000 00
Belvidere Land and Loan Co.	July 1, 1871.	250,000 00
Commonwealth Land and Loan Co.	January 17, 1870.	500,000 00
Carrollton Land and Loan Association.	January 31, 1890.	200,000 00
Enterprise Permanent Land and Loan Co.	October 2, 1871.	200,000 00
Franklin Land and Loan Co.	March 3, 1871.	400,000 00
Imperial Land and Loan Co.	August 14, 1872.	1,010,000 00
Independent Real Estate Land and Loan Co.	June 13, 1883.	3,000 00
Irwin Land and Loan Co.	October 13, 1885.	1,000 00
Lafayette Institute Permanent Land and Loan Co.	October 31, 1871.	650,000 00
Mechanics' and Traders' Land and Loan Co.	May 1, 1872.	400,000 00
Newington Land and Loan Co.	May 13, 1872.	1,290,000 00
Northwestern Permanent Land and Loan Co.	September 30, 1889.	390,000 00
People Permanent Land and Loan Co.	February 1, 1872.	650,000 00
Paitapsco Mutual Land and Loan Co.	January 26, 1874.	650,000 00
Winans' Permanent Land and Loan Co.	March 27, 1892.	650,000 00
LAND AND LUMBER COMPANIES.		
Cumberland Land and Lumber Co.	January 14, 1887.	25,000 00
New River Land and Lumber Co.	March 12, 1883.	10,000 00
Tidewater Land and Lumber Co.	May 27, 1885.	30,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
LANDLORDS ASSOCIATIONS.		
Mutual Landlord's Association No. 7.....	March 13, 1876.....	250,000 00
Mutual Landlord's Association No. 8.....	March 21, 1882.....	250,000 00
Mutual Landlord's Association No. 9.....	July 12, 1887.....	120,000 00
Orem Mutual Landlord's Association.....	August 18, 1870.....	250,000 00
Oldershaw Mutual Landlord's Association.....	October 11, 1871.....	250,000 00
LAUNDRY COMPANIES.		
Acme Laundry Co.....	June 26, 1895.....	5,000 00
Crown Laundry Co.....	October 27, 1898.....	2,500 00
Co-operative Laundry Co.....	January 7, 1899.....	3,000 00
Crystal Laundry Co.....	February 10, 1899.....	1,000 00
Excelsior Laundry Co.....	September 28, 1898.....	10,000 00
Globe Steam Laundry.....	December 1, 1890.....	25,000 00
Mercantile Laundry Co.....	December 10, 1896.....	25,000 00
Patapsco Laundry Co.....	December 1, 1886.....	10,000 00
Star Laundry Co.....	June 6, 1893.....	10,000 00
LEATHER COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Leather Co.....	December 12, 1896.....	15,000 00
Mullikin Leather Co.....	December 15, 1894.....	6,000 00
LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANIES		
Industrial Life and Accident Insurance Co.....	December 4, 1886.....	100,000 00
Immediate Benefit Life Insurance Co.....	January 12, 1897.....	15,000 00
LIGHT COMPANIES.		
Improved Light Co.....	March 7, 1873.....	10,000 00
United States Prismatic Light Co.....	February 10, 1886.....	100,000 00
Wenstrom Manufacturing and Light Co.....	January 9, 1899.....	27,155 00

LIGHT, HEAT AND POWER COMPANIES.	
American Safety Light, Heat and Power Co.	October 23, 1894.....
American Safety Light, Heat and Power Co., of Maryland and D. C.	October 23, 1894.....
TIME COMPANIES.	
Monitor Lime Manufacturing Co.	November 22, 1898.....
Texas Lime Co.	January 3, 1890.....
LIVE STOCK COMPANIES.	
Baltimore Butchers' Abattoir and Live Stock Co.	January 11, 1884.....
Baltimore and Calverton Live Stock and Abattoir Co.	February 13, 1886.....
East Baltimore Live Stock Co.	May 18, 1894.....
Maryland Live Stock Yard Co.	April 15, 1876.....
LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.	
Baltimore Sheep Butchers' Loan Association No.1.	September 19, 1877.....
Consolidated Loan Association.	March 29, 1874.....
Chattel Loan Association.	April 7, 1898.....
Consolidated Chattel Loan Co.	July 11, 1898.....
Mutual Loan and Fund Association.	October 19, 1899.....
North Baltimore Mutual Loan Association.	Angrust, 2, 1873.....
North Baltimore Mutual Loan Association No. 2.	July 5, 1877.....
Peabody Loan Association.	May 27, 1870.....
Penn Mutual Loan Institution.	November 28, 1890.....
West End Loan Association.	April 29, 1875.....
LOAN AND INVESTMENT COMPANIES.	
Equitable Loan and Investment Association.	February 7, 1894.....
Monumental Investment and Loan Association.	October 20, 1893.....
Security Investment and Loan Association.	February 16, 1891.....
LOAN AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS.	
Alice Anna Street Loan and Savings Association.	March 27, 1883.....
Anglo Saxon Permanent Loan and Savings Association.	December 26, 1888.....
Assurance Permanent Loan and Savings Association.	January 29, 1892.....
Anglo-American Loan and Savings Co. No. 2.	August 28, 1895.....
Boyd Mutual Loan and Savings Institution.	July 10, 1876.....
Belvidere Savings and Loan Association.	July 10, 1891.....
Baltimore Loan and Savings Association No. 1.	December 8, 1891.....
Carrollton Savings and Loan Association.	February 1, 1873.....
Carrollton Savings and Loan Association.	May 17, 1873.....

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
LOAN AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS.—(Continued.)		
Confidence Loan and Savings Association.....	December 11, 1885.....	300,000 00
Clifton Perpetual Loan and Savings Association.....	March 10, 1886.....	25,000 00
Chesapeake Loan and Savings Association.....	July 12, 1889.....	100,000 00
Concordia Loan and Savings Association.....	February 18, 1891.....	500,000 00
Columbian Permanent Savings and Loan Society.....	November 11, 1893.....	208,000 00
Co-operative Savings and Loan Association.....	October 8, 1896.....	2,500,000 00
Commercial Savings and Loan Association.....	June 29, 1898.....	1,300,000 00
David Reus Permanent Loan and Savings Co.	February 14, 1872.....	300,000 00
East End Loan and Savings Association.....	May 19, 1874.....	200,000 00
Exchange Permanent Savings and Loan Co.	June 27, 1874.....	500,000 00
East End Permanent Loan and Savings Co.....	August 19, 1874.....	300,000 00
Eagle Loan and Savings Society.....	August 28, 1874.....	100,000 00
Fremont Savings and Loan Association No. 1.....	March 6, 1873.....	50,000 00
Frederick Avenue Loan and Savings Association.....	May 12, 1887.....	25,000 00
Franklin Loan and Savings Association.....	June 17, 1889.....	1,000,000 00
German Savings and Loan Association.....	March 31, 1871.....	400,000 00
Germany, Loan and Savings Association No. 1.....	July 2, 1874.....	125,000 00
Gough Street Loan and Savings Association No. 1.....	May 29, 1885.....	300,000 00
German-American Loan and Savings Association.....	February 2, 1889.....	400,000 00
Great Western Loan and Savings Association.....	December 11, 1894.....	20,000 00
Guardian Savings and Loan Association.....	December 9, 1898.....	5,000,000 00
Harmony Perpetual Loan and Savings Co.....	April 14, 1873.....	500,000 00
Hanover Loan and Savings Co.....	February 16, 1874.....	200,000 00
Home Permanent Mutual Loan and Savings Association.....	April 11, 1883.....	45,000 00
Home Permanent Mutual Loan and Savings Association.....	May 16, 1883.....	45,000 00
Hamburg Loan and Savings Association No. 1.....	November 13, 1884.....	200,000 00
Hopkins Permanent Loan and Savings Association.....	April 30, 1885.....	200,000 00

Howard Loan and Savings Association.....	March 15, 1892.....
Industry Loan and Savings Association No. 2.....	February 3, 1874.....
Independent Loan and Savings Association, of E. Baltimore.....	October 11, 1881.....
Jackson Loan and Savings Association No. 1.....	April 28, 1882.....
Jackson Square Loan and Savings Association.....	May 10, 1894.....
Koscinski Permanent Loan and Savings Association.....	June 4, 1894.....
Linden Permanent Loan and Savings Association.....	March 16, 1891.....
Monroe Savings and Loan Association No. 2.....	January 6, 1872.....
Mechanics' Hall Permanent Loan and Savings Association.....	May 18, 1872.....
Monroe Savings and Loan Association.....	October 29, 1872.....
Monroe Savings and Loan Association No. 4.....	September 11, 1874.....
Moltke Loan and Savings Association No. 1.....	September 30, 1874.....
Mount Street Loan and Savings Association.....	September 4, 1882.....
Mutual Savings and Loan Association.....	October 31, 1882.....
Monumental Loan and Savings Association of E. Baltimore.....	February 27, 1886.....
Mutual Loan and Savings Institution.....	November 8, 1889.....
Monumental Savings and Loan Association.....	July 19, 1893.....
Normal Permanent Savings and Loan Association.....	October 6, 1870.....
North Broadway Loan and Savings Association.....	June 6, 1874.....
North Howard Loan and Savings Institution.....	June 5, 1882.....
Northeast Loan and Savings Association.....	July 2, 1884.....
New Michaels Permanent Savings and Loan Association.....	December 15, 1885.....
Northeastern Loan and Savings Association.....	August 7, 1886.....
National Loan and Savings Institution.....	March 29, 1889.....
Old Town Loan and Savings Association No. 1.....	February 24, 1874.....
Orleans Street Loan and Savings Association.....	June 23, 1887.....
Oriole Savings and Loan Association.....	February 16, 1889.....
Peoples' Savings and Loan Association.....	January 21, 1892.....
Reliable Savings and Loan Association.....	June 2, 1885.....
Reserve Savings and Loan Association of South Baltimore.....	November 15, 1889.....
Richmond Permanent Loan and Savings Association.....	September 18, 1890.....
Record Loan and Savings Association.....	August 26, 1896.....
S. Fremont Street Loan and Saving Co.....	May 16, 1872.....
S. Baltimore Permanent Mutual Loan and Savings Association.....	July 29, 1872 *
Saving and Loan Association Industry No. 1.....	July 30, 1873.....
South Wolfe Street Perpetual Savings and Loan Association.....	April 30, 1874.....

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
LOAN AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS.—(Continued.)		
South Bond Street Loan and Savings Association No. 1....	May 4, 1874.....	50,000 00
South Liberty Loan and Savings Association No. 1....	November 5, 1874.....	250,000 00
South Wolfe Street Perpetual Savings.....		
Scott Street Loan and Savings Association No. 1.....	January 16, 1886.....	200,000 00
South Baltimore Enterprise Loan and Savings Association.....	February 4, 1888.....	300,000 00
Smallwood Street Loan and Savings Association No. 1.....	June 5, 1888.....	100,000 00
Southern Savings and Loan Association.....	April 15, 1895.....	2,600,000 00
Sterling Permanent Savings and Loan Association.....	October 24, 1896.....	208,000 00
South Fremont Avenue Loan and Savings Association.....	July 12, 1897.....	50,000 00
Union Savings and Loan Association.....	March 10, 1873.....	500,000 00
Uncle Sam Loan and Savings Co.....	February 8, 1881.....	10,000 00
Union Park Savings and Loan Association.....	August 1, 1891.....	30,000 00
Uncle Sam Loan and Savings Co. No. 2.....	May 2, 1895.....	100,000 00
Victoria Perpetual Loan and Savings Association.....	June 18, 1874.....	200,000 00
West Mechanics' Permanent Loan and Savings Co.....	December 13, 1872.....	500,000 00
West Pratt Street Saving and Loan Association No. 1.....	November 17, 1874.....	125,000 00
Washington Loan and Savings Association No. 1.....	April 12, 1882.....	100,000 00
West Pratt Street Saving and Loan Association No. 1.....	October 9, 1885.....	100,000 00
Williams Street Saving and Loan Association.....	October 7, 1891.....	50,000 00
West North Avenue Savings and Loan Association.....	March 31, 1897.....	500,000 00
LOAN, SAVINGS AND BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS.		
Abbott Loan, Savings and Building Association No. 1.....	July 2, 1888.....	200,000 00
Adonis Loan, Savings and Building Association.....	July 28, 1893.....	25,000 00
Citizens' Permanent Building, Savings and Loan Co.	May 14, 1874.....	250,000 00
Camion Avenue Building, Loan and Savings Association.....	March 9, 1889.....	250,000 00
Central State Savings, Loan and Building Association.....	February 19, 1892.....	500,000 00
Columbia Permanent Building, Loan and Savings Asso. of Locust Point, December 4, 1897....	December 4, 1897....	10,000 00

East End Savings, Loan and Building Association.....	April 20, 1892.	25,000 00
Fidelity Building, Loan and Savings Association.....	October 19, 1897.	2,600,000 00
Gilmor Permanent Building, Loan and Savings Association.....	April 13, 1893.	650,000 00
Hanover Street Permanent Building, Loan and Savings Association.....	February 9, 1886.	300,000 00
Hamilton Terrace Permanent Building, Savings and Loan Association.....	February 9, 1894.	90,000 00
Inter-State Building, Loan and Savings Association.....	February 6, 1890.	1,000,000 00
Keystone Building, Savings and Loan Association.....	May 31, 1895.	1,300,000 00
Model Permanent Savings, Loan and Building Association.....	April 2, 1887.	100,000 00
Milton Building, Loan and Savings Association.....	April 26, 1895.	200,000 00
Progressive Permanent Building, Loan and Savings Association.....	June 25, 1895.	2,500,000 00
Regester Permanent Building, Loan and Savings Association.....	August 4, 1896.	500,000 00
South Wolfe Street Perpetual Savings, Loan and Building Association.....	April 13, 1875.	300,000 00
S. Fulton Avenue Building, Savings and Loan Association No. 1.....	June 17, 1892.	40,000 00
Southern Baltimore Building, Loan and Savings Association.....	July 14, 1893.	40,000 00
Star Building, Loan and Savings Association.....	January 8, 1896.	300,000 00
West End Savings, Loan and Building Association.....	May 18, 1891.	25,000 00
Workingmen's Savings, Loan and Building Association.....	August 4, 1899.	1,000,000 00
Young Men's Saving, Loan and Building Association.....	March 19, 1895.	200,000 00
 LOCK COMPANIES.		
Clarke Combination Lock Co.....	February 1, 1876.	50,000 00
Maryland Bolt and Lock Nut Co	June 26, 1890.	100,000 00
Maryland Bicycle Lock Co.	June 13, 1899.	25,000 00
 LUMBER COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Lumber Co.....	May 22, 1893.	10,000 00
Canton Lumber Co.....	April 6, 1891.	25,000 00
Chesapeake Lumber Co.....	September 21, 1896.	30,000 00
Goldman Lumber Co.....	August 7, 1896.	10,000 00
Intermont Timber and Lumber Co.....	October 3, 1892.	30,000 00
Interstate Lumber Co.....	May 18, 1894.	11,000 00
J. S. Hoskins Lumber Co.....	January 14, 1896.	20,000 00
Lafayette Mill and Lumber Co.....	September 11, 1899.	2,500 00
McNeil Lumber Co.....	February 28, 1899.	10,000 00
Ryland & Brooks Lumber Co.....	November 22, 1890.	50,000 00
Storch Lumber Co.....	January 4, 1899.	15,000 00
Tunis Lumber Co.....	October 17, 1887.	400,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
LUNCH COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Dairy Lunch Co.	November 6, 1891.....	10,000 00
Baltimore Dairy Lunch Co.	August 22, 1892.....	5,000 00
Bruxton Dining and Dairy Lunch Co.	August 21, 1897.....	500 00
MACHINE COMPANIES.		
American Brick Machine Co.	May 29, 1886.....	300,000 00
Atlantic Fibre Machine Co.	March 20, 1888.....	100,000 00
American Folding Box Machine Manufacturers Co.	February 4, 1895.....	2,000 00
Acme Electric Machine Co.	June 1, 1899.....	25,400 00
Barrel Pitching Machine Co.	January 30, 1871.....	1,000 00
Baltimore Cigarette Machine Co.	April 7, 1890.....	700,000 00
Baron Machine Co.	May 27, 1891.....	100,000 00
Burt Labeling Machine Co.	January 14, 1897.....	100,000 00
Crane Machine Co.	November 23, 1888.....	500,000 00
Campbell Barrel Machine Co.	January 16, 1892.....	100,000 00
Cooperage and Machine Co.	April 16, 1894.....	10,000 00
Courtland Machine Co.	March 6, 1895.....	10,000 00
Derrick & Harvey Machine Co.	December 31, 1889.....	150,000 00
Derrick Cigarette Machine Co.	February 18, 1896.....	30,000 00
Great American Brick Machine Co.	December 28, 1885.....	100,000 00
Geneseo Compressor and Moulding Machine Co.	June 3, 1895.....	10,000 00
J. S. King Machine Co.	October 29, 1898.....	2,000 00
Kent Machine Co.	January 26, 1888.....	400 00
Little Giant Gas Machine Manufacturing Co.	June 24, 1881.....	750,000 00
McKenney Machine Co.	February 26, 1889.....	100,000 00
Maryland Ice Machine Co.	April 14, 1890.....	50,000 00
Maryland Machine Works.	November 23, 1898.....	50,000 00
Oriole Tablet Machine Co.	July 17, 1891,.....	15,000 00

Portable Gas Machine Co.....	April 5, 1872.....	20,000 00
Perfection Embroidery and Lace Cutting Machine Co.....	January 5, 1885.....	30,000 00
Pioneer Co-operative Machine Work.....	May 31, 1894.....	25,000 00
Tunis Gang Flooring Machine Co.....	July 7, 1884.....	500,000 00
United States Automatic Machine Co.....	February 5, 1896.....	1,000 00
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Box Machinery Co.....	February 4, 1891.....	200,000 00
Fiber Machine Co.....	October 6, 1886.....	300,000 00
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MANGANESE COMPANIES.		
Old Dominion Manganese Co.....	September 23, 1885.....	50,000 00
Outslow Manganese Co.....	November 2, 1885.....	500,000 00
Royal Manganese Co.....	September 28, 1886.....	200,000 00
Shenandoah Manganese Co.....	November 3, 1887.....	50,000 00
Woodstock Manganese.....	March 4, 1886.....	200,000 00
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MANTEL COMPANIES.		
Broadbent & Davis Mantel Co.....	February 19, 1898.....	30,000 00
National Mantled and Tile Co.....	June 22, 1895.....	50,000 00
W. H. Riddle Mantel Co.....	April 18, 1893.....	10,000 00
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MANUFACTURING COMPANIES.		
American Manufacturing Co.....	December 23, 1875.....	250,000 00
Acme Manufacturing Co.....	November 11, 1889.....	2,000 00
Antiseptic Manufacturing Co.....	August 23, 1893.....	20,000 00
Australian Sanee Manufacturing Co.....	December 30, 1895.....	10,000 00
Arundel Caster Manufacturing Co.....	January 13, 1899.....	1,000 00
Atlantic Manufacturing Co.....	March 6, 1899.....	3,000 00
American Xylorite Manufacturing Co.....	October 27, 1899.....	500,000 00
Baltimore Chandelier Manufacturing Co.....	August 11, 1875.....	100,000 00
Brodback & O'Sullivan Manufacturing Co.....	August 4, 1877.....	50,000 00
Baltimore Manufacturing Co.....	June 1, 1886.....	300 00
Botham Manufacturing Co.....	March 19, 1889.....	75,000 00
Baldwin Manufacturing Co.....	January 18, 1890.....	24,000 00
Blondell Manufacturing Co.....	November 8, 1890.....	200,000 00
Baltimore Manufacturing Co.....	November 5, 1891.....	50,000 00
Burroughs Bros' Manufacturing Co.....	January 25, 1894.....	100,000 00
Barr Manufacturing Co.....	May 7, 1894.....	1,500 00
B. H. Little Hat Manufacturing Co.....	August 6, 1895.....	10,000 00

TABLES.
Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
MANUFACTURING COMPANIES.—Continued.		
Consolidated Bottling and Manufacturing Co.	October 8, 1879.....	30,000 00
Ceres Manufacturing Co.	March 11, 1881.....	72,000 00
C. A. Gambrell Manufacturing Co.	May 16, 1881.....	3,600 00
Carroll Decorative Plate Glass Manufacturing Co.	March 15, 1884.....	25,000 00
Chesapeake Manufacturing Co.	January 3, 1887.....	10,000 00
Colton & White Manufacturing Co.	November 17, 1890.....	15,000 00
Carroll Manufacturing Co.	December 24, 1890.....	125,000 00
Copeland & Tyler Manufacturing Co.	April 28, 1892.....	5,000 00
C. Klank & Sons Manufacturing Co.	July 20, 1892.....	25,000 00
Chatterton Manufacturing Co.	June 5, 1894.....	20,000 00
Caton Manufacturing Co.	January 7, 1895.....	15,000 00
Chatard Manufacturing Co.	June 20, 1896.....	25,000 00
Columbian Manufacturing Co.	December 6, 1897.....	25,000 00
Chesapeake Manufacturing Co.	April 4, 1898.....	6,000 00
Columbia Brewing and Ice Manufacturing Co.	May 18, 1899.....	150,000 00
Charles Osse Manufacturing Co.	November 1, 1899.....	100,000 00
Deveraux Manufacturing Co.	June 22, 1888.....	10,000 00
Darby Manufacturing Co.	May 7, 1891.....	175,000 00
Delmarva Manufacturing and Lumber Co.	October 6, 1897.....	20,000 00
Empire Manufacturing Co.	December 18, 1886.....	10,000 00
Eureka Manufacturing Co.	August 16, 1888.....	300,000 00
Eclipse Manufacturing Co.	November 28, 1891.....	5,000 00
E. F. Kirwan Manufacturing Co.	December 14, 1892.....	200,000 00
E. D. Loane, Jr. Co.	February 10, 1894.....	5,000 00
Elkridge Manufacturing Co.	September 27, 1898.....	1,000 00
Furniture Workers' Co-operative Manufacturing Association....	June 15, 1886.....	50,000 00

Forestell Manufacturing Plumbing Co.....	March 12, 1891.....	5,000 00
Foster Brothers Manufacturing Co.....	August 18, 1891.....	20,000 00
Filbert Manufacturing Co.....	October 19, 1894.....	25,000 00
F. Schulte Manufacturing Co.....	November 7, 1896.....	2,000 00
Grape Sugar and Vinegar Manufacturing Co.....	August 13, 1870.....	100,000 00
Gus Consumers' Protective Manufacturing Co.....	May 19, 1876.....	150,000 00
Guarantee Manufacturing Co.....	December 28, 1885.....	28,000 00
Garrison Manufacturing Co.....	October 9, 1890.....	40,000 00
Gantett-Perrine Manufacturing Co.....	July 10, 1893.....	5,000 00
Greenmount Iron Manufacturing Co.....	June 4, 1895.....	20,000 00
Gibbons Manufacturing Co.....	April 17, 1896.....	10,000 00
Gardner Manufacturing Co.....	July 14, 1898.....	5,000 00
Gilbert & Wilkins Manufacturing Co.....	December 8, 1899.....	25,000 00
Hull Manufacturing Co.....	March 12, 1874.....	60,000 00
Hull & Brooks Manufacturing Co.....	March 13, 1876.....	350,000 00
Hilt Manufacturing Co.....	October 6, 1880.....	50,000 00
Harlen Manufacturing Co.....	July 9, 1881.....	100,000 00
Hahl Manufacturing Co.....	January 11, 1883.....	50,000 00
Howard Manufacturing Co.....	March 3, 1890.....	1,000 00
Horne-Miller Straw Goods Manufacturing Co.....	April 21, 1891.....	750,000 00
Henry McShane Manufacturing Co.....	August 1, 1894.....	100,000 00
Hildebrandt Manufacturing Co.....	May 4, 1895.....	5,000 00
Hopkins Manufacturing Co.....	March 17, 1897.....	5,000 00
Hopps, Boyd & Grain Manufacturing Co.....	June 7, 1898.....	25,000 00
Home Manufacturing Co.....	July 21, 1899.....	10,000 00
Inventors' Manufacturing Co.....	September 15, 1899.....	10,000 00
James Robertson Manufacturing Co.....	June 10, 1893.....	250,000 00
John Kesselsring Manufacturing Co.....	November 24, 1893.....	2,000 00
J. S. Hull Manufacturing Co.....	January 21, 1899.....	100,000 00
Kohler Manufacturing Co.....	February 19, 1890.....	20,000 00
Klank Manufacturing Co.....	January 27, 1892.....	25,000 00
Keen & Hagerly Manufacturing Co.....	April 19, 1897.....	250,000 00
Lehmann Manufacturing Co.....	August 10, 1891.....	10,000 00
Lynnmar Manufacturing Co.....	February 24, 1893.....	5,000 00
Leland Manufacturing Co.....	October 11, 1893.....	5,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
MANUFACTURING COMPANIES.—Continued.		
Lyrochord Manufacturing Co.	August 27, 1898.	24,000 00
L. H. Robinson Manufacturing Co.	July 19, 1899.	5,000 00
Monumental Silk Works and Shirt Manufacturing Co.	April 2, 1872.	100,000 00
Matthai Manufacturing Co.	December 20, 1883.	10,000 00
Maryland Electric Meter Manufacturing Co.	July 24, 1886.	250,000 00
Maryland Decorating and Art Manufacturing Co.	July 7, 1888.	100,000 00
Mt. Airy Manufacturing Co.	May 21, 1890.	100,000 00
Mary Veneer Manufacturing Co.	March 21, 1891.	30,000 00
Maryland Mineral Mining and Manufacturing Co.	May 18, 1891.	150,000 00
Maryland Manufacturing Co.	March 24, 1892.	50,000 00
Murphy Manufacturing Co.	December 31, 1897.	50,000 00
Monarch Manufacturing Co.	January 11, 1898.	25,000 00
National Manufacturing Co.	January 9, 1874.	50,000 00
New Scott Manufacturing Co.	March 31, 1887.	30,000 00
National Architectural Manufacturing Co.	November 26, 1889.	125,000 00
Novelty Manufacturing Co.	October 10, 1890.	5,000 00
Norwood Manufacturing Co.	April 11, 1894.	50,000 00
North Avenue Manufacturing Co.	November 17, 1898.	150,000 00
National Manufacturing Co.	February 27, 1899.	5,000 00
Oakland Manufacturing Co.	January 16, 1875.	20,000 00
Oakum Manufacturing Co.	November 23, 1875.	20,000 00
Ore Milling and Manufacturing Co.	March 7, 1888.	250,000 00
Oriental Manufacturing Co.	April 3, 1895.	1,000 00
Powhatan Manufacturing Co.	December 10, 1886.	65,000 00
P. Hanson Miss Manufacturing Co.	December 8, 1887.	30,000 00
Pilling's Manufacturing Co.	July 20, 1889.	100,000 00

Paper Board Manufacturing Co.....	March 15, 1896.....	20,000 00
Pancoast Manufacturing Co.....	April 2, 1897.....	100,000 00
Richardson Manufacturing Co.....	June 21, 1883.....	200,000 00
Regester Manufacturing Co.....	September 21, 1889.....	100,000 00
Seal & Brooks Manufacturing Co.....	December 12, 1873.....	30,000 00
Sterling Manufacturing Co.....	May 8, 1880.....	40,000 00
Sewerage & Pondrette Manufacturing Co.....	February 4, 1881.....	8,250,000 00
Scott Manufacturing Co.....	February 4, 1882.....	40,000 00
Specialty Manufacturing Co.....	January 9, 1884.....	100,000 00
Steinbach Manufacturing Co.....	January 6, 1890.....	25,000 00
Sinclair-Scott Manufacturing Co.....	January 25, 1890.....	60,000 00
Strasser Manufacturing Co.....	July 12, 1890.....	15,000 00
Synerete Manufacturing Co.....	November 14, 1891.....	125,000 00
Smith-Defenderfer Manufacturing Co.....	January 9, 1893.....	8,000 00
Snowden & Cowman Manufacturing Co.....	July 7, 1894.....	40,000 00
Sundry Manufacturing Co.....	September 1, 1896.....	1,000 00
Standard Manufacturing Co.....	August 19, 1897.....	125,000 00
Swiss Manufacturing Co.....	March 14, 1898.....	50,000 00
Strauss Manufacturing Co.....	August 6, 1898.....	1,000 00
Taylor Manufacturing Co.....	March 7, 1877.....	1,000,000 00
Thalman Manufacturing Co.....	August 17, 1891.....	40,000 00
Thomas Manufacturing Co.....	January 19, 1892.....	10,000 00
Thomas Manufacturing Co.....	June 29, 1892.....	50,000 00
Thompson Manufacturing Co.....	August 1, 1894.....	20,000 00
Thorpe Manufacturing Co.....	June 7, 1898.....	15,000 00
United States Manufacturing Co.....	March 22, 1870.....	50,000 00
Viaduct Manufacturing Co.....	April 28, 1883.....	500,000 00
Vose Manufacturing Co.....	September 6, 1894.....	50,000 00
Warfield Manufacturing Co.....	December 1, 1883.....	50,000 00
Wheat, Starch and Glitter Manufacturing Co.	June 4, 1885.....	5,000 00
Wm. B. Price Manufacturing Co.....	July 4, 1886.....	100,000 00
Wm. Knabe & Co. Manufacturing Co.....	June 29, 1889.....	1,000,000 00
W. H. Towles Manufacturing Co.....	September 16, 1892.....	40,000 00
Wm. J. Hooper Manufacturing Co.....	February 20, 1895.....	100,000 00
Wilson Manufacturing Co.....	August 24, 1895.....	30,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
MANUFACTURING COMPANIES.—Continued.		
W. E. Beveridge Manufacturing Co.	December 5, 1895.....	20,000 00
Wm. B. O'Connor Manufacturing Co.	January 8, 1896.....	10,000 00
W. L. Arminger Manufacturing Co.	December 16, 1897.....	50,000 00
Zell Manufacturing Co.	July 26, 1892.....	100,000 00
MARBLE AND GRANITE COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Marble and Granite Cleaning Co.	September 6, 1892.....	60,000 00
Baltimore Marble and Granite Co.	February 9, 1894.....	20,000 00
Coekeysville Marble Quarry Co.	April 19, 1871.....	100,000 00
Evans Marble Co.	November 1, 1892.....	100,000 00
E. B. Doran Marble Co.	July 11, 1895.....	10,000 00
Gettysburg Granite Co.	October 9, 1891.....	30,000 00
Woodstock Granite Co.	April 27, 1882.....	10,000 00
MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS.		
Baltimore Medical and Chemical Institute	February 4, 1885.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Medical College	June 29, 1888.....	50,000 00
Handy & Cox Medical Co.	November 15, 1886.....	50,000 00
Hummer Medical Co.	January 5, 1891.....	100,000 00
Irisin Medical Co.	September 1, 1873.....	300,000 00
Maryland Medical College	July 26, 1898.....	5,000 00
National Bureau of Medical, Surgical Hygienic Relief	October 7, 1891.....	10,000 00
Red Cross Medical Association	June 15, 1899.....	10,000 00
Southern Homoeopathic Medical College and Hospital	May 15, 1890.....	115,000 00
Specific Medical Co.	August 11, 1897.....	2,000 00
MEDICINE COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Medicine Co.	March 14, 1885.....	50,000 00
Dr. Martin Homoeopathic Family Medicine Co.	January 3, 1899.....	20,000 00

Guinn Pioneer Medicine Co.	MERCANTILE COMPANIES.	January 15, 1887....	30,000 00
American Mercantile Co.		January 27, 1898....	1,000 00
Progressive Union Mercantile Co.		May 22, 1884....	5,000 00
Baltimore City Milk Co.	MILK COMPANIES.	September 11, 1875....	5,000 00
Iron Milk Co.		November 18, 1897....	20,000 00
Milk Exchange.		November 28, 1894....	20,000 00
United Milk Producers' Association.	MINING COMPANIES.	December 5, 1899....	1,000 00
Baltimore Chrome and Serpentine Mining Co.		November 22, 1870....	500,000 00
Baltimore Chrome Mining Co.		August 11, 1871....	500,000 00
Bethesda Mining Co.		September 17, 1894....	10,000 00
Colonial Mining Co.		June 2, 1881....	50,000 00
Carrolton Mining Co.		June 12, 1883....	400,000 00
Charlevoix Mining Co.		October 19, 1883....	2,500 00
Corry Mining Co.		March 3, 1884....	90,000 00
Corry Mining Co.		March 26, 1895....	40,000 00
Consolidating Mining and Trading Co.		February 4, 1898....	100,000 00
Double Eagle Mining and Milling Co.		October 20, 1899....	1,000,000 00
Goodwin Mining Co.		January 4, 1881....	2,000,000 00
Great Arkansas Mining Co.		November 25, 1885....	100,000 00
Idaho Mining Co.		April 1, 1887....	2,000,000 00
Maryland Mining and Manufacturing Co.		December 9, 1877....	1,000,000 00
Montgomery Mining Co.		December 5, 1878....	1,000,000 00
Maryland and Charlotte Mining Co.		May 18, 1882....	400,000 00
Mineral Mining Co.		May 22, 1883....	100,000 00
Maryland and Colorado Mining and Milling Co.		July 3, 1883....	1,500,000 00
Maryland and Montana Mining Co.		August 11, 1884....	140,000 00
Maryland and Pennsylvania Mining Co.		December 17, 1884....	100,000 00
Maryland and Arizona Mining and Land Co.		February 24, 1885....	100,000 00
Mineral Hill Mining Co.		July 9, 1888....	150,000 00
Maryland Mining and Milling Co.		May 24, 1890....	2,000 00
Montgomery Mining Co.		July 28, 1891....	60,000 00
Oak Hill Mining Co.		October 13, 1896....	100,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
MINING COMPANIES.—Continued.		
Patapsco Mineral Mining Co.....	April 22, 1878.....	30,000 00
Pittsburgh Mining Co.....	August 5, 1880.....	1,000,000 00
Pembroke Mining Co.....	October 19, 1882.....	1,000,000 00
Potomac Mining Co.....	April 22, 1889.....	1,000,000 00
Pender Mining Co.....	January 19, 1897.....	1,50,000 00
Rye Valley Mining Co.....	May 12, 1891.....	500,000 00
Spring Garden Mining Co.....	April 17, 1871.....	30,000 00
Syndicate Mining Association.....	April 28, 1878.....	3,000,000 00
San Jose Mining and Reduction Co.....	October 24, 1882.....	200,000 00
Seavers and Anderson Mining Co.....	January 24, 1883.....	50,000 00
Standard Mutual Land and Mining Co.....	March 25, 1887.....	1,000,000 00
Siskiyon Mining Co.....	April 3, 1895.....	18,000 00
True Fissure Copper Mining Co.....	March 26, 1883.....	250,000 00
U. S. Manganese Mining Co.....	October 8, 1887.....	250,000 00
Vernon Mining Co. of Bare Hill.....	March 8, 1882.....	1,000,000 00
Vallecito Mining and Smelting Co.....	November 9, 1886.....	48,000 00
Yadkin Mining and Milling Co.....	April 9, 1887.....	24,000 00
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.		
American Patent Anchor Co.....	July 11, 1870.....	300,000 00
Adams White Lead Co.....	November 10, 1873.....	50,000 00
Allston Company.....	June 28, 1875.....	30,000 00
American Patent Lamp and Flint Glass Co.....	June 19, 1878.....	100,000 00
American Automatic Elevator Hatchway Door Co.....	December 15, 1882.....	25,000 00
Aughinbaugh Canning Co.....	June 29, 1883.....	40,000 00
Antizymotic Chemical Disinfection Co.....	December 13, 1884.....	150,000 00
Automatic Burglar Alarm Co.....	October 15, 1886.....	20,000 00
Anchor Paste Co.....	January 19, 1889.....	20,000 00

A. B. Association.....	April 17, 1889.....	10,000 00
A. B. Bulock Co.....	July 5, 1889.....	25,000 00
American Prudential Benefit Association.....	March 4, 1890.....	2,000 00
American Portable Couch Fan Co.....	March 27, 1890.....	60,000 00
American Oil Projectile Co.....	July 1, 1891.....	250,000 00
American Stationery and Paper Co.....	June 1, 1892.....	8,000 00
Automatic Electric Light Extinguisher Co.....	March 2, 1893.....	10,000 00
American Lumber and Box Co.....	December 5, 1893.....	30,000 00
Automatic Gas and Water Stop Co.....	February 7, 1894.....	24,000 00
Acme Index Company.....	May 31, 1894.....	15,000 00
A. G. Alford Sporting Goods Co.....	May 7, 1895.....	20,000 00
Atlantic Casing Co.....	May 21, 1895.....	12,000 00
Asbestos Insulation Co.....	July 19, 1895.....	50,000 00
August Haag Co.....	August 9, 1895.....	50,000 00
Alfred Ely Co.....	December 31, 1895.....	50,000 00
American Premium Co.....	March 10, 1896.....	10,000 00
Armstrong, Denny Co.....	February 25, 1897.....	2,500 00
Avalon Beach Co.....	June 16, 1897.....	25,000 00
Ames & Fentress Co.....	October 25, 1897.....	10,000 00
Arnold Co.....	October 19, 1898.....	20,000 00
American Illuminating Shell Co.....	March 22, 1899.....	250,000 00
Automobile and Manufacturing Co.....	June 1, 1899.....	25,400 00
Baltimore Stove, Range and Hollow Ware Co.....	February 14, 1870.....	50,000 00
Baltimore Bridge Co.....	October 26, 1871.....	100,000 00
Book and Publishing Co., of the M. E. Church South.....	December 15, 1871.....	200,000 00
Belvidere Land Improvement and Building Association.....	October 12, 1872.....	400,000 00
Baltimore Quartz Co.....	November 18, 1872.....	150,000 00
Baltimore Public Savings and Building Association No. 1.....	November 21, 1872.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Plough Co.....	April 20, 1877.....	10,000 00
Baltimore Mutual Life Association.....	February 12, 1878.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Volkeblatt Association.....	February 15, 1878.....	5,000 00
Baltimore Hydraulic Cement Pipe Works.....	August 3, 1878.....	5,000 00
Bronwell Plating Works.....	April 8, 1879.....	76,000 00
Baltimore Tile Co.....	October 10, 1879.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Acetate Co.....	January 6, 1880.....	100,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.—Continued.		
Baltimore Chrome and Copper Co.	February 4, 1880.....	1,000,000 00
Baltimore Chrome and Chemical Co.	August 13, 1881.....	300,000 00
Bakers' Association.....	August 28, 1884.....	1,000 00
Baltimore Dredging Co.	September 25, 1884.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Assembly No. 1.....	October 31, 1884.....	200 00
Baltimore Smelting and Refining Co.	November 10, 1884.....	250,000 00
Baltimore Pulverizing Co.	October 29, 1885.....	50,000 00
Baltimore Woven Wire Mattress Co.	March 3, 1886.....	5,000 00
B. A. C.	April 2, 1886.....	250 00
Baltimore Pie Co.	February 5, 1889.....	5,000 00
Baltimore Coupe and Victoria Co.	October 20, 1890.....	25,000 00
Brazil Trading Co.	March 3, 1891.....	50,000 00
Bentley Mineral Springs Co.	April 7, 1891.....	100,000 00
Bureau of Medical Relief.....	August 7, 1891.....	1,000 00
Bingham-Hopkins Co.	August 17, 1891.....	200,000 00
Baltimore Corset and Novelty Co.	September 8, 1891.....	50,000 00
Brilliant Sign Letter Co.	September 9, 1891.....	10,000 00
B. T. Hyson Wall Papering Co.	October 7, 1891.....	4,000 00
Baltimore Tin Specialty Co.	February 24, 1892.....	3,000 00
Baltimore Shipping Co.	June 28, 1892.....	25,000 00
Baltimore Hernia Institute.	July 25, 1892.....	25,000 00
Benson & Washburn Co.	September 1, 1893.....	5,000 00
Burekard Blacking and Oil Co.	September 23, 1893.....	2,000 00
Baltimore Iron and Steel and Tim-Plate Co.	January 19, 1894.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Ground Rent Co.	January 31, 1894.....	15,000 00
Bulaek-Hart Co.	April 23, 1894.....	25,000 00

Beebler Solarimeter Co.....	July 25, 1894.....	130,000 00
Baltimore Designing and Carving Co.....	August 28, 1894.....	5,000 00
Bachelors' Apartment Co.....	April 22, 1895.....	25,000 00
Booker T. Washington Business Association.	February 11, 1896.....	10,000 00
Baltimore Sterling Silver Co.....	March 30, 1896.....	6,000 00
Baltimore Enamel Co.....	May 5, 1896.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Fruit Auction Co.....	February 11, 1897.....	25,000 00
Baltimore Kennel Association.....	February 15, 1897.....	1,000 00
Benedict Co.....	January 4, 1898.....	20,000 00
Blake Co.....	June 6, 1898.....	3,000 00
Baltimore Fire Patrol and Dispatch Co.....	June 30, 1898.....	5,000 00
Baltimore Home Builders' Co.....	August 16, 1898.....	5,000 00
Boykin & Garner Co.....	November 30, 1898.....	60,000 00
Baltimore Introduction and Novelty Co.....	February 16, 1899.....	5,000 00
Baltimore Bolt and Iron Works.....	February 23, 1899.....	5,000 00
Baltimore Coverage Co.....	April 18, 1899.....	100,000 00
Baltimore and Washington Sanitation Co.....	April 26, 1899.....	15,000 00
Baltimore Ball Bearing Co.....	May 8, 1899.....	150,000 00
Baltimore Hydraulic and Steam Pipe Works Co.....	May 16, 1899.....	10,000 00
Baltimore Embroidery Co.....	August 2, 1899.....	1,000 00
Bakel, Gwynn, McKenney Co.....	September 18, 1899.....	100,000 00
Bwins & Russell Co.....	September 23, 1899.....	50,000 00
Central Brass and Iron Works Co.....	September 23, 1872.....	30,000 00
Chariot Stage Coach Co.....	January 19, 1880.....	15,000 00
Counter and Seam Protective Boot Co.....	January 27, 1880.....	2,000 00
Carroll Hall Association of St. Vincent's de Paul Parish.....	October 6, 1880.....	20,000 00
Combustion Attachment Co.....	May 22, 1883.....	100,000 00
Coyne Lightering Co.....	December 21, 1883.....	3,600 00
Columbian Iron Works and Dry Dock Co.....	February 4, 1884.....	75,000 00
Commercial Association.....	November 26, 1887.....	3,000 00
Campbell & Zell Co.....	December 31, 1887.....	150,000 00
Coale Muffler Safety Valve Co.....	January 23, 1888.....	5,000 00
Carroll Hall Association of E. Baltimore	March 12, 1888.....	20,000 00
Champion Hay Fork and Carrier Co.....	May 15, 1888.....	10,000 00
Coale Muffler Safety Valve Co.....	May 31, 1889.....	100,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.—Continued.		
Cyclorama Co.	December 12, 1889.	100,000 00
Chisholm Scott Pea Huller Co.	January 31, 1890.	5,000 00
Clarke Plaster Backing Co.	May 21, 1890.	10,000 00
Chloride of Silver Dry Cell Battery Co.	September 10, 1890.	75,000 00
Canton Color Co.	November 10, 1890.	10,000 00
Cooper Side Propeller Co.	June 11, 1891.	25,000 00
Christopher Lips Co.	December 30, 1891.	10,000 00
Cork Pulley Covering Co.	February 1, 1892.	10,000 00
Columbia Co-operative Association.	March 11, 1892.	100,000 00
Chesapeake Bay Resort Co.	May 9, 1892.	3,000 00
Charles Willms Surgical Instrument Co.	August 29, 1892.	40,000 00
Consumers' Co-operative Co.	October 13, 1892.	1,000 00
Corline Co.	December 29, 1892.	50,000 00
Columbia Paper Bag Co.	February 8, 1893.	100,000 00
Charles Simons' Sons Co.	February 15, 1893.	100,000 00
Chesapeake Resort Co.	June 2, 1893.	6,900 00
Chesapeake Co.	April 30, 1894.	20,000 00
Copenhagen Puzzle Co.	June 15, 1896.	3,000 00
Conrad Sanitarium Co.	March 5, 1897.	2,500 00
C. L. Reitz Co.	September 1, 1897.	1,000 00
Cassidy Co.	May 5, 1898.	15,000 00
Catanzaro-Di Giorgio Co.	February 10, 1899.	10,000 00
Conservative Review Co.	March 7, 1899.	20,000 00
C. L. Mering Co.	March 29, 1899.	10,000 00
Chesapeake Launch Co.	May 20, 1899.	2,000 00
Domel Society No. 16.	March 28, 1870.	300,000 00

Domeil Society No. 17.....	June 14, 1872.....
Daily News Association.....	July 16, 1886.....
Druid Felt Co.....	August 17, 1887.....
Daily Record Co.....	April 7, 1890.....
B. D. Stewart Co.....	September 25, 1890.....
Druid Mills Co.....	July 8, 1891.....
Dennicad Malting Co.....	October 14, 1891.....
Dixon, Bartlett Co.....	August 23, 1892.....
Denber Co.....	December 16, 1895.....
Deford Co.....	September 24, 1897.....
Dorman Co.....	April 12, 1899.....
Dublin Co.....	June 2, 1899.....
Daniel Miller Co.....	November 18, 1899.....
Equitable Savings, Loan and Insurance Co.....	December 14, 1870.....
Emory Grove Camp Meeting Association.....	April 1, 1871.....
Extract Fibre and Dye Co.....	October 16, 1878.....
East Baltimore Natatorium Society.....	November 13, 1880.....
Electric Floor Mat Alarm Co.....	February 3, 1883.....
E. J. Codd Co.....	July 28, 1888.....
Eckhardt Picture Frame Works.....	November 4, 1889.....
Economic Association.....	April 28, 1890.....
Enterprise Patent Promoting and Manufacturing Co.....	November 14, 1890.....
E. Hayden Co.....	October 15, 1891.....
East Baltimore Columbia Fair Co.....	April 8, 1892.....
Economic Shippers Poultry Trough Co.....	August 7, 1895.....
E. G. Shriver Co.....	January 18, 1896.....
Emerson Pharmaceutical Co.....	January 16, 1899.....
Firemen's Insurance Co.....	July 3, 1872.....
Fayette Association.....	December 30, 1882.....
Farmers' and Planters' Bonded Agency.....	May 13, 1886.....
Frauen Scott Key Monument Association.....	September 25, 1890.....
Fraternal Cleaner Co.....	October 15, 1890.....
Fidelity Loan and Trust Co.....	January 19, 1892.....
Franklin Davis Nursery Co.....	August 5, 1892.....
Forest Heights Co.....	August 5, 1892.....

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.—Continued.		
F. A. Lazenby & Co.....	September 21, 1892.....	50,000 00
Fait & Slagle Co.....	December 30, 1892.....	60,000 00
Friedenwald Co.....	August 11, 1893.....	65,100 00
F. W. Felgner & Son Co.....	January 31, 1894.....	400,000 00
Fan de Siecle Co.....	May 8, 1895.....	20,000 00
F. William Timpel Co.....	September 5, 1895.....	1,500 00
Ferris, Noeth, Stern Co.....	January 21, 1896.....	50,000 00
Farmers' Market Co.....	March 6, 1896.....	150,000 00
F. J. Chapman Co.....	May 17, 1897.....	5,000 00
Faultless Roller Brake Co.....	May 18, 1897.....	10,000 00
Forest Inn Co.....	January 15, 1898.....	20,000 00
Fox Gum Co.....	July 26, 1898.....	50,000 00
Fayette Land and Construction Co.....	March 6, 1899.....	5,000 00
Germania Maennerchor.....	January 28, 1871.....	200,000 00
German Roman Catholic Kolping Casino.....	March 14, 1871.....	10,000 00
Grahamite Asphalt Pavement Co.....	April 20, 1871.....	150,000 00
Georgia and Tennessee Milling and Grain Cleaning Co.....	March 1, 1872.....	60,000 00
German Homestead Association.....	March 24, 1873.....	300,000 00
German Northwestern Land and Savings Co.....	March 27, 1873.....	400,000 00
Gruver Automatic Car Coupler Co.....	April 29, 1875.....	4,500 00
Globe Lubricating Co.....	August 26, 1875.....	2,000 00
Gas Furnace Co.....	September 29, 1879.....	50,000 00
G. Ober & Sons Co.....	February 5, 1881.....	400,000 00
Guadalupe Quicksilver Co.....	December 28, 1883.....	1,000,000 00
Grand United Order of Odd Fellows Joint Stock Association.....	June 16, 1887.....	5,500 00
George H. Foster Co.....	January 25, 1888.....	25,000 00

Gottschalk Co.....	July 2, 1888.....	250,000 00
Grand United Order of Nazarite Joint Stock Association.....	September 14, 1889.....	20,000 00
Guardian Security and Trust Co.....	February 26, 1890.....	500,000 00
Graining and Decorating Co.....	July 16, 1891.....	40,000 00
Grand Army Hall Association.....	October 7, 1891.....	1,000 00
Gates Lacing Co.....	December 3, 1891.....	50,000 00
George H. Geiger Co.....	October 27, 1892.....	10,000 00
George P. Cronise Co.....	March 1, 1893.....	10,000 00
Gibson Glazed Brick and Terra Cotta Co.....	April 17, 1893.....	50,000 00
Great Falls of the Potomac Co.....	June 22, 1893.....	1,000 00
George Blome & Son Co.....	July 22, 1896.....*	100,000 00
Griffith & Turner Co.....	September 30, 1896.....	100,000 00
Gibson Glaser & Co.....	July 29, 1897.....	10,000 00
G. Fred Krantz Co.....	October 20, 1897.....	15,000 00
George F. Adams Co.....	October 5, 1898.....	10,000 00
Garrett-Williams Co.....	November 14, 1898.....	100,000 00
Goldman Tailoring Co.....	January 14, 1899.....	2,500 00
Hamboldt Spar Verein No. 1.....	September 3, 1873.....	100,000 00
Harlem Stage Co.....	February 27, 1878.....	50,000 00
Herdie Phaeton Co.....	May 2, 1881.....	300,000 00
Harlem Omnibus Co.....	December 20, 1887.....	50,000 00
Hagerman Rheumatic Liniment Co.....	September 5, 1888.....	10,000 00
Hughes Cotton Harvester Co.....	January 3, 1889.....	1,000,000 00
Henry Brothers Co.....	November 24, 1890.....	50,000 00
Huntington, How & Pitcher.....	February 17, 1891.....	35,000 00
Hil Pen How Leather Dressing Co.....	May 28, 1892.....	25,000 00
Hadger Commission Co.....	August 4, 1892.....	25,000 00
H. S. Hares Co.....	December 2, 1892.....	50,000 00
High Rock Development Co.....	March 22, 1893.....	25,000 00
H. Steffens Co.....	April 25, 1893.....	10,000 00
Henkelman-Jackson Co.....	January 2, 1894.....	60,000 00
Harris, Britton & Dean Co.....	June 21, 1894.....	20,000 00
Hodges Brothers.....	June 1, 1895.....	100,000 00
H. B. Pearson Co.....	December 7, 1895.....	1,000 00
Henry D. Mentzel Co.....	September 22, 1896.....	10,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.—Continued.		
H. A. Harig Co.	June 11, 1897.....	5,000 00
Haywood Brothers & Wakefield.	June 30, 1897.....	5,000 00
Heirelita Window Glass Co.	November 12, 1897.....	100,000 00
Jinbbs & Corning Co.	January 6, 1898.....	20,000 00
J. Depkin Co.	March 20, 1899.....	1,500 00
Hennegan-Bates Co.	April 5, 1899.....	200,000 00
J. M. Biden Co.	October 3, 1899.....	10,000 00
Independent Order of Hoptasophs Stock Co.	April 28, 1892.....	50,000 00
International Fraternal Alliance.	December 3, 1895.....	10,000 00
Ivory Printing and Tag Co.	(November 3, 1897.....)	3,000 00
John Hopkins Deposit and Loan Co.	(April 8, 1872.....)	250,000 00
Jackson Grove Camp Meeting Association of Maryland and Dist. Col.	(March 6, 1880.....)	10,000 00
Jottings Co.	July 28, 1885.....	5,000 00
James L. Wicks Co.	July 16, 1887.....	50,000 00
John Ryan Co.	October 22, 1887.....	50,000 00
Jacob & Wilson Co.	(November 28, 1887.....)	4,000 00
Jones Hollow Ware Co.	(September 24, 1888.....)	50,000 00
Jas. R. Board Co.	December 29, 1888.....	250,000 00
John C. Graftlin Co.	(September 3, 1889.....)	180,000 00
J. Winslow Jones Co.	(November 16, 1889.....)	25,000 00
J. W. F. Dorman & Co.	February 15, 1890.....	100,000 00
Joseph S. Johnson Co.	August 2, 1890.....	60,000 00
Journal Co.	March 19, 1891.....	25,000 00
Jacob Lerian Meat Co.	June 9, 1891.....	5,000 00
Jervis-Spener Co.	December 22, 1891.....	25,000 00
Junior Order U. A. M. Hall Stock Association.	June 13, 1893.....	50,000 00

J. B. Brown Co.....	June 30, 1892.....	5,000 00
J. C. Lake & Son Co.....	July 11, 1892.....	25,000 00
James Clark Co.....	September 5, 1892.....	50,000 00
James D. Mason Co.....	September 7, 1892.....	300,000 00
J. W. F. Dorman Co.....	June 6, 1892.....	35,000 00
James A. Le Brun Co.....	August 24, 1893.....	10,000 00
J. G. Wehrmann Co.....	October 9, 1893.....	10,000 00
Joseph Tute Co.....	June 12, 1894.....	25,000 00
J. Hurst Purnell Co.....	April 29, 1895.....	100,000 00
John E. Beck Co.....	June 5, 1895.....	2,500 00
J. E. Britton Co.....	March 6, 1896.....	10,000 00
John Bolgiano Co.....	March 31, 1896.....	2,000 00
James R. Arniger Co.....	April 6, 1896.....	50,000 00
J. W. Bond Co.....	April 9, 1896.....	30,000 00
J. B. Brown Co.....	January 4, 1897.....	30,000 00
J. P. Bryan Co.....	September 2, 1897.....	10,000 00
Journal of Commerce Co.....	September 9, 1897.....	5,000 00
John Murphy Co.....	January 27, 1899.....	2,000 00
John M. Gressitt Co.....	February 3, 1899.....	2,000 00
John Boyle Co.....	February 10, 1899.....	25,000 00
John J. Dubbelle Co.....	May 1, 1899.....	2,000 00
J. Regester's Sons Co.....	August 4, 1899.....	100,000 00
J. Wilson Brown Co.....	September 21, 1899.....	1,000 00
Keystone Watch Co.....	December 20, 1889.....	
Keeley Institute of Maryland.....	May 8, 1895.....	
Kines-Philbrick Co.....	June 17, 1895.....	
Klinefelter Co.....	December 31, 1895.....	
Lexington Savings Bank Fire Insurance and Land Co.....	December 17, 1897.....	
Krohn Co.....	December 19, 1871.....	
Light Street and Park Stage Co.....	July 17, 1880.....	
Lubricating Extract Co.....	March 3, 1881.....	
Lubricating Composition Co.....	July 1, 1881.....	
Lawyers Collection Association.....	March 24, 1888.....	
Loan, Guarantee and Development Co.....	July 17, 1889.....	
Lloyd Elevated Building Map Co.....	April 10, 1890.....	

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.—Continued.		
Lord Baltimore Maennerchor.....	October 12, 1891.....	4,000 00
L. Felber Co.	February 24, 1892.....	20,000 00
Lake Roland Heights Company	May 11, 1892.....	65,000 00
Lyman Fuller and Post Co.	November 4, 1892.....	10,000 00
Leonhardt Pneumatic Safety Car Fender Co.	August 23, 1893.....	10,000 00
Larrabee-Carey Co.	July 18, 1894.....	40,000 00
Legion of the Red Cross Hall Association.....	April 29, 1895.....	15,000 00
Lord-Mott Co.	April 21, 1896.....	6,000 00
L. Hehl Co.	April 5, 1897.....	15,000 00
Lerch Cycle Saddle Co.	December 7, 1897.....	500,000 00
Maryland Joint Stock Association.....	July 1, 1872.....	9,000 00
Monroe Spar Vorschuss Verein No. 5.....	August 30, 1876.....	2,500 00
Monumental Gas Regulating and Patent Co.	December 11, 1877.....	10,000 00
Maryland Home Colonization Association.....	April 20, 1878.....	50,000 00
Maryland Industrial and Chemical Co.	December 27, 1878.....	500,000 00
Maryland Pharmaceutical Co.	December 16, 1880.....	50,000 00
Maryland Indemnity Association.....	March 30, 1881.....	500 00
Maryland Pavement Co.	July 18, 1881.....	100,000 00
Metropolitan Savings, Loan and Trust Co.	November 4, 1881.....	12,000 00
Marine Oakum Co.	November 14, 1883....	10,000 00
My Maryland Whitewash Co.	March 5, 1884.....	10,000 00
Manufacturers' Record Co.	January 22, 1886.....	100,000 00
Mathews Patent Retort Co.	May 10, 1886.....	1,000,000 00
Metal Seaming Co.	June 4, 1886.....	1,000,000 00
Magnetic Clock and Power Co.	January 29, 1887.....	100,000 00
Maryland Plate Glass Insurance Co.	February 1, 1887.....	

Mechanics' Mutual Institute.....	April 30, 1887.....	100 00
Merchants' Parcel Delivery Co.....	September 9, 1887.....	75,000 00
Maryland Colored Industrial Fair Association	February 3, 1888.....	5,000 00
Mount Airy Co.....	March 6, 1888.....	15,000 00
Merchants and Manufacturing Journal Co..	April 19, 1888.....	5,000 00
Mutual Aid Society.....	June 4, 1888.....	1,000 00
Maryland Law Journal Co.....	September 1, 1888.....	20,000 00
Maryland Tack Co.....	December 18, 1888.....	6,000 00
Maryland Feed, Heat and Purifier	March 2, 1889.....	100,000 00
Monumental Coupling Co.....	August 19, 1889.....	1,500,000 00
Merchants' Store Service Co.....	November 30, 1889.....	5,000 00
Maryland Screw Co.....	December 19, 1889.....	50,000 00
Martin Wagner Co.....	December 30, 1889.....	200,000 00
Maryland Commission Agency.....	January 10, 1890.....	15,000 00
Maryland Non-Acid Phosphate Co	May 17, 1890.....	250,000 00
Maryland Tree Transplanting Co.....	December 19, 1890.....	10,000 00
Maryland and Virginia Serpentine and Tad Co.	February 12, 1891.....	50,000 00
Monumental Talc, Soapstone Co.	June 22, 1891.....	50,000 00
Maryland Chip Beef Co.....	September 16, 1891.....	50,000 00
Maryland Building, Land and Loan Co.....	October 24, 1891.....	1,000,000 00
Maryland Excursion Co.....	February 8, 1892.....	1,000 00
Maryland Savings, Loan and Investment Co.	June 11, 1892.....	50,000 00
McCormick & Co.....	October 4, 1892.....	30,000 00
Mason Produce Co	November 14, 1892.....	10,000 00
M. S. Pachholder Co.....	October 2, 1893.....	10,000 00
McAfee Raw Bone Phosphate Co.....	April 14, 1894.....	20,000 00
Morton's Life and Limb Saving Fender Co	July 20, 1894.....	2,000,000 00
Maryland Church Organ Co.....	August 1, 1894.....	10,000 00
Maryland Agricultural Co.....	October 22, 1894.....	25,000 00
Maryland Grand Agency.....	December 13, 1894.....	20,000 00
Miller Boat Co.....	February 13, 1895.....	2,000 00
Maryland Yeast Co.	May 18, 1895.....	100,000 00
Merchants' Collection Agency.....	December 2, 1895.....	1,000 00
Myers & Hicks Co.....	June 6, 1896.....	40,000 00
McCauley & Bryan Co.	March 19, 1896.....	18,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.—Continued.		
Mathews American Armor Co.	August 2, 1897.	\$2,500 00
M. Mills Co.	August 30, 1897.	1,000 00
Monogram Co.	October 11, 1897.	3,000 00
Maryland Casualty Co.	February 9, 1898.	750,000 00
M. Cowan Co.	February 11, 1898.	10,000 00
McCoy Engineering Co.	March 14, 1898.	5,000 00
Maryland Illustrated Weekly Co.	April 9, 1898.	500 00
Margaret O'Connor Dressmaking Co.	May 4, 1898.	1,000 00
McKenney-Gazelle Co.	November 22, 1898.	10,000 00
Maryland Automatic Banjo Co.	November 25, 1898.	6,000 00
Maryland Evaporating Co.	February 6, 1899.	30,000 00
Maryland Manufacturing and Trading Co.	March 18, 1899.	500 00
Malley Remedy Co.	May 19, 1899.	100,000 00
Madam Stewart Millinery Co.	July 12, 1899.	10,500 00
Mortgage Syndicate Co.	August 11, 1899.	100,000 00
Monumental Trunk and Bag Co.	October 13, 1899.	4,000 00
Mutual Fidelity Co.	November 10, 1899.	50,000 00
Marine Torch Co.	November 22, 1899.	60,000 00
Monumental Sanitary Co.	December 12, 1899.	100,000 00
Natatorium and Physical Culture Association.	October 13, 1879.	30,000 00
North Baltimore Athletic Association.	June 14, 1883.	1,000 00
National Pharmacy Association.	March 10, 1884.	50,000 00
National Rapid Cash and Parcel Conveyor Co.	September 15, 1884.	100,000 00
National Patent Gaisson Co.	September 22, 1885.	500,000 00
National Electrical Appliance Co.	January 31, 1887.	5,000,000 00
New Mercantile Library Association.	December 14, 1887.	25,000 00

National Pulley Covering Co.....	January 3, 1888.....	60,000 00
North Baltimore Permanent Stock and Loan Association.....	September 30, 1890.....	25,000 00
New Era Equitable Association.....	June 5, 1891.....	5,000 00
Novelty Perfumery Co.....	October 8, 1891.....	10,000 00
National Sanitary Co.....	February 24, 1892.....	100,000 00
National Perfumery Co.; Industrial Co.....	April 27, 1893.....	1,000 00
New Warsaw Land and Industrial Co.....	December 22, 1893.....	24,000 00
Northwestern Jr. O. U. A. M. Hall Association.....	October 12, 1894.....	10,000 00
National Wholesale Wine and Spirit Dealers' Protective Association.....	February 15, 1897.....	10,000 00
National Colosseum.....	June 10, 1898.....	12,500 00
National Underwriter Co.....	July 21, 1898.....	5,000 00
Non-Tearing Band Co.....	January 21, 1899.....	1,000 00
National Tool and Stamping Co.....	March 8, 1899.....	20,000 00
National Canopy Co.....	April 20, 1899.....	25,000 00
National Cocoanut Co.....	May 29, 1899.....	10,000 00
Odorless Excavating Apparatus Co.....	May 6, 1874.....	100,000 00
Ore Reduction Co.....	May 16, 1877.....	2,000,000 00
Orange Grove Association.....	October 8, 1881.....	16,000 00
Order of the International Benevolent and Fraternal Co.....	June 5, 1888.....	5,000 00
Order of the Golden Fleece.....	June 8, 1891.....	5,000 00
O'Donnell-Lange Co.....	March 30, 1899.....	650,000 00
Orem Commission Co.....	September 7, 1899.....	25,000 00
Peabody Heights Co.....	October 3, 1870.....	500,000 00
Publishers Mercantile Agency.....	May 22, 1882.....	50,000 00
Polytechnic Co.....	May 30, 1887.....	10,000 00
Planters Grain, Garden Seed and Agricultural Produce Society.....	November 28, 1887.....	10,000 00
Prohibition Camp Meeting Association.....	December 5, 1887.....	10,000 00
Patent Self Oiling Axle Journal Co.....	January 5, 1891.....	100,000 00
Parker & Knight Co.....	December 9, 1891.....	25,000 00
Pharmaceutical Review Co.....	December 24, 1891.....	5,000 00
People's Despatch Co.....	January 22, 1892.....	50,000 00
Patapsco Boating and Social Association.....	May 12, 1893.....	625,000 00
Painter & Morrison Co.....	June 15, 1893.....	50,000 00
Perfect Clasp Co.....	August 2, 1893.....	20,000 00
People's Vehicle Repair Co.....	January 17, 1895.....	10,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.—Continued.		
Provident Goods Co.	February 27, 1895.	6,000 00
Paul Boyton Co.	March 1, 1895.	50,000 00
People's Agency.	November 14, 1895.	20,000 00
Paul & Falconer Co.	February 11, 1896.	12,000 00
Philip Hiss Co.	June 1, 1897.	30,000 00
Pitt Bros. Co.	October 16, 1897.	10,000 00
Price & Robertson & Cushing Co.	October 31, 1898.	5,000 00
Patent Record Co.	February 2, 1899.	100,000 00
Reamy Truck Co.	October 6, 1874.	10,000 00
Rapid Messenger District Co.	December 16, 1881.	30,000 00
Rent Purchase Homestead Association	January 23, 1892.	500,000 00
R. M. Spedden Co.	May 31, 1892.	150,000 00
Rapid Contracting Co.	February 10, 1893.	25,000 00
Robert C. Griffith Co.	May 9, 1893.	20,000 00
Roman Confectionery-Cordial Co.	August 24, 1893.	10,000 00
R. H. Woodward Co.	December 29, 1893.	10,000 00
Reliance Dry Kiln Co.	August 3, 1894.	60,000 00
Richard J. Biggs Commission Co.	November 26, 1895.	25,000 00
Ringrose Mover Co.	February 23, 1897.	50,000 00
Reporting and Collecting Union	September 16, 1898.	1,000 00
R. S. Godwin Co.	February 20, 1899.	10,000 00
Red Cross Society.	June 15, 1899.	5,000 00
Southern Maryland Commission Agency	February 27, 1875.	15,000 00
Saba Sulphur Co.	December 10, 1876.	100,000 00
Safety Axle and Top Co.	March 4, 1880.	25,000 00
Standard Water Meter Co.	March 19, 1880.	400,000 00
Swimming Pool Co.	December 31, 1881.	15,000 00

Shepherd Car Replacer Co.....	March 14, 1887.....	50,000 00
Snow, Church & Co.....	January 17, 1889.....	7,500 00
Sneider Arms Co.....	March 10, 1890.....	100,000 00
Smith Patent Boiler Co.....	November 8, 1890.....	150,000 00
Sinepuxent Beach Co.....	November 29, 1890.....	120,000 00
Sanitary Silex Co.....	December 16, 1890.....	100,000 00
Sanitary Silex Piping Co.....	May 21, 1891.....	100,000 00
Schall & Flighman Co.....	June 17, 1891.....	40,000 00
S. D. Warfield Co.....	December 30, 1891.....	100,000 00
Standard Coupe Co.....	February 2, 1892.....	20,000 00
Sportsman Furnishing Co.....	February 8, 1892.....	10,000 00
Sharp & Dohme.....	February 26, 1892.....	500,000 00
Sherwood Co.....	December 1, 1892.....	50,000 00
Sadler Co.....	August 4, 1892.....	20,000 00
Steam Generator and Flusher Co.....	February 7, 1893.....	20,000 00
Shoeco Game Association.....	April 4, 1893.....	30,000 00
Sayre & Brown Optical Co.....	November 22, 1893.....	5,000 00
Southern Maryland Co.....	November 23, 1893.....	300,000 00
Schley & Sons Co.....	December 20, 1893.....	5,000 00
Spanish Main Cocoanut Co.....	April 10, 1894.....	25,000 00
S. L. Lamberd Co.....	November 15, 1894.....	20,000 00
Sinclair-Scott Co.....	February 1, 1895.....	12,000 00
Southern Business Association.....	March 21, 1895.....	10,000 00
Suburban Development Co.....	July 16, 1895.....	10,000 00
Samuel Phillips Co.....	July 10, 1895.....	10,000 00
Simpson & Doveller Co.....	March 19, 1896.....	25,000 00
S. S. Waterproof Co.....	April 27, 1896.....	1,000 00
Schuman-Mommenthy Co.....	January 11, 1896.....	25,000 00
Smith-Gambrill Co.....	June 12, 1896.....	50,000 00
Samuel Kirk & Son Co.....	August 10, 1896.....	100,000 00
Stevenson Co.....	June 5, 1897.....	60,000 00
S. H. Leicester Co.....	January 12, 1898.....	5,000 00
Sadler & Rose Co.....	March 3, 1898.....	15,000 00
Sanford & Brooks Co.....	July 11, 1898.....	200,000 00
Snyder & Blankford Co.....	August 27, 1898.....	30,000 00

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Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.—Continued.		
Sundry Co.	September 1, 1898.....	1,000 00
Sterling West Co.	January 25, 1899.....	12,000 00
Sellers Book Binding Co.	July 12, 1899.....	2,000 00
Sandard Granule Co.	September 28, 1899.....	10,000 00
Triumph Patent Safety Powder Co.	August 28, 1875.....	1,000,000 00
Thistle Mills Co.	January 20, 1882.....	200,000 00
Toulmin Cotton Gin Co.	October 12, 1886.....	1,500,000 00
Tolchester Excursion Co.	December 18, 1888.....	35,000 00
Taylor's Island Ducking and Fishing Co.	October 15, 1889.....	12,000 00
Townsend Marine Investment Co.	August 2, 1890.....	100,000 00
Thiel Combustion Governor and Manufacturing Co.	November 29, 1892.....	100,000 00
Tennessee Carolina Hardwood Co.	May 8, 1894.....	10,000 00
T. A. Robinson Co.	September 1, 1896.....	2,000 00
Ulman Goldsborough Co.	December 21, 1891.....	450,000 00
Uneo Lubricator Co.	February 2, 1892.....	60,000 00
Universal Engineering Co.	January 29, 1895.....	10,000 00
United Merchants.	January 22, 1896.....	50,000 00
United States Agency Co.	August 2, 1897.....	1,000,000 00
Union Circumferential Roll Co.	July 23, 1898.....	12,000 00
Vorwarts Hallenban Gesellschaft.	January 24, 1892.....	10,000 00
Veteran Corps of the Fifth Maryland Regiment.	February 17, 1892.....	20,000 00
Vibrometer Co.	November 18, 1892.....	200,000 00
Victor G. Bloede Co.	June 1, 1893.....	150,000 00
Veteran Corps Band.	October 25, 1894.....	5,000 00
Virginia Rock Springs Co.	March 24, 1896.....	10,000 00
Vieari-Hamas Co.	February 16, 1899.....	5,000 00

Venetian Co.	March 27, 1899.....	10,000 00
West Baltimore Schuetzen Association.....	October 10, 1870.....	50,000 00
Wordwards Gas Carbonizer Co.	June 8, 1871.....	60,000 00
Wolfe Street Homestead Society.....	July 26, 1873.....	40,000 00
White Hall Co.	January 14, 1885.....	10,000 00
Weaver Treadle Co.	December 18, 1885.....	1,200 00
Wilkins Gold Amalgamator Co.	May 25, 1886.....	200,000 00
Western Coil and Pipe Cleaning Co.	January 9, 1890.....	500,000 00
W. H. Faulkner Co.	October 25, 1890.....	10,000 00
Warren Bros.	December 16, 1891.....	50,000 00
World's Fair 'Tourists' Association, of Maryland	January 30, 1892.....	10,000 00
World's Fair Excursion Co.	February 4, 1892.....	5,000 00
West Arlington Water Co.	May 10, 1892.....	50,000 00
Whiting & Waples Co.	January 13, 1893.....	50,000 00
W. S. Kinsey Co.	September 28, 1893.....	20,000 00
Welch Middlings Roll Co.	June 5, 1894.....	5,000 00
West India Cocoanut Co.	December 17, 1894.....	100,000 00
Worthington Grate Co.	March 26, 1895.....	3,600 00
West Falls Co.	July 23, 1895.....	5,000 00
Wm. Fait Co.	April 1, 1896.....	70,900 00
W. H. Killian Co.	April 8, 1896.....	10,000 00
MOTOR COMPANIES.		
Belgian Water Motor Co.'s.....	July 18, 1893.....	10,000 00
Lewis Gas Motor Co.	March 14, 1896.....	2,000 00
National Electric Motor and Manufacturing Co.	September 16, 1889.....	250,000 00
Roberts Steam Motor Co.	February 19, 1889.....	340,000 00
Wenstrom Consolidated Dynamo and Motor Co.	March 27, 1890.....	1,000,000 00
NAVIGATION AND HOTEL COMPANIES.		
Chesapeake Steam Navigation and Hotel Co.	December 10, 1879.....	50,000 00
Chesapeake and Potomac Navigation Co.	November 14, 1894.....	50,000 00
NEWSPAPER AND PUBLISHING COMPANIES.		
Afro-American Newspaper and Publishing Co.	May 7, 1896.....	5,000 00
World Newspaper Co.	December 31, 1890.....	20,000 00
NOVELTY COMPANIES.		
Doig Novelty Manufacturing Co.	June 2, 1894.....	10,000 00

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Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK
NOVELTY COMPANIES.—(Continued).		
International Novelty Co.....	April 13, 1892.....	10,000 00
Kennard Novelty Co.....	October 30, 1890.....	30,000 00
Perfection Roller Screen and Novelty Co.....	March 29, 1894.....	1,000 00
Thomas Novelty Co.....	December 3, 1891.....	25,000 00
OIL COMPANIES.		
Anchor Prepared Paint Oil Co.....	January 20, 1888.....	7,500 00
Baltimore Oil and Greuse Co.....	July 14, 1893.....	10,000 00
Chesapeake Oil Co.....	October 16, 1894.....	5,000 00
Lubricating Oil Company.....	May 1, 1880.....	25,000 00
Lubricating Material and Oil Co.....	September 1, 1880.....	125,000 00
Maryland Oil Co.....	September 8, 1897.....	25,000 00
National Oil Company.....	August 5, 1896.....	2,000 00
Niagara Oil Company.....	September 22, 1896.....	50,000 00
Peuss Oil Works.....	December 24, 1897.....	12,000 00
Red C Oil Manufacturing Co.....	February 12, 1878.....	25,000 00
Silverine Oil Co.....	April 17, 1886.....	25,000 00
West Virginia Oil Co.....	February 23, 1883.....	25,000 00
OIL REFINING COMPANIES.		
Cotton Oil Refining Co.....	September 26, 1891.....	25,000 00
Monumental Oil and Refining Company.....	November 16, 1889.....	500,000 00
OYSTER COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Oyster Co.....	March 24, 1882.....	1,000,000 00
Consolidated Oyster Packing Co.....	June 5, 1875.....	146,000 00
Exchange Oyster Co.....	November 26, 1889.....	100,000 00
Oyster Improving Co.....	May 28, 1886.....	100,000 00

PACKAGE COMPANIES.	
Patent Postal Package Co.....	18,000 00
Postal Package Co.....	60,000 00
Safety Package Co.....	1,000,000 00
Southern Veneer Package Co.....	100,000 00
PACKING COMPANIES.	
C. H. Pearson Packing Co.....	60,000 00
Charles Rohr Packing Co.....	10,000 00
Houghton Packing Co.....	5,000 00
Joseph L. O'Connell Packing Co.....	10,000 00
Maryland Creamery and Packing Co., (Consolidated).	30,250 00
Metropolitan Packing Co.....	5,000 00
R. A. Sanford Packing Co.....	1,500 00
Standard Packing Co.....	15,000 00
Storey-Bunnell Packing Co.....	1,500 00
PAINT COMPANIES.	
Eutaw Paint Co.....	5,000 00
Graf Fire Proof Paint Co.....	150,000 00
Plastic Paint Co.....	30,000 00
PARK COMPANIES.	
Druid Park Heights Co.....	500,000 00
Euclid Park Co.....	200,000 00
Lutherville Heights Park Co.....	50,000 00
Labyrinth Park Co.....	5,000 00
Pen-Mar Park Co.....	100,000 00
Roland Park Co.....	1,000,000 00
PAVING BLOCK COMPANIES.	
Asphaltic Paving Block Co.....	150,000 00
Hellersone Pavement Co.....	75,000 00
Maryland Paving Block Co.....	250,000 00
Maryland Durable Paving and Building Block Co.....	100,000 00
National Paving Co.....	100,000 00
PLANING MILL AND MANUFACTURING COMPANIES.	
Baltimore Planing Mill and Manufacturing Co.....	10,000 00
Headl Saw and Planing Mill Co.....	1,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
PLATE AND CONSTRUCTION COMPANIES.		
American Armor Plate and Construction Co.	October 21, 1899.	10,000 00
Baltimore Silver Plate Co.	September 26, 1889.	8,000 00
Baltimore Tin-Plate Co.	July 15, 1897.	100,000 00
PLEASURE ASSOCIATIONS.		
Athletic Club.....	June 2, 1888.....	1,000 00
Baltimore Yacht Club.....	March 20, 1880.....	10,000 00
Baltimore Pleasure Club.....	February 12, 1885.....	1,300 00
Baltimore Rink Company and Social and Literary Society.....	March 10, 1885.....	30,000 00
Baltimore Cycle Club Co.	December 12, 1894.....	5,000 00
Druid Cyclists' Club.....	May 10, 1884.....	1,200 00
Electric Amusement Co.	July 20, 1898.....	10,000 00
Franklin Club.....	January 20, 1887.....	10,000 00
German Club House Association.....	February 24, 1880.....	16,400 00
Globe Boat Club.....	July 15, 1889.....	1,000 00
Lyceum Social Club.....	May 5, 1887.....	5,000 00
Lennox Club.....	November 21, 1894.....	1,000 00
Maryland Yacht Club.....	January 15, 1875.....	15,000 00
Maryland Bicycle Club.....	August 23, 1884.....	10,000 00
Maryland Bicycle Country Club.....	April 14, 1890.....	5,000 00
Nautillus Club.....	February 10, 1882.....	3,500 00
New Year's Pleasure Association of East Baltimore.....	January 5, 1887.....	300 00
Patapsco Club.....	April 17, 1877.....	1,000 00
Patapsco River Club.....	June 7, 1894.....	500 00
Standard Club.....	May 22, 1878.....	500 00
Thaumaturgical Amusement Co.	June 8, 1897.....	1,000 00
Walbrook Athletic Association.....	July 13, 1894.....	5,000 00

POLISHING COMPANIES.

Baltimore Coffee Polishing Co.	October 18, 1872.....	15,000 00
Baltimore Coffee Polishing Co.	March 27, 1888.....	2,000,000 00
Maryland Coffee Polishing Co.	January 16, 1873.....	15,000 00
New York and Baltimore Coffee Polishing Co.	January 22, 1881.....	30,000 00
POTATO UNIONS.		
Baltimore Protective Potato Union.	October 10, 1884.....	8,000 00
Sweet Potato Supply Co.	July 27, 1889.....	22,000 00
POTTERY COMPANIES.		
Edwin Bennett Pottery Co.	September 2, 1890.....	80,000 00
Maryland Pottery Co.	March 31, 1888.....	75,000 00
POULTRY AND PIGEON COMPANIES.		
Maryland and District of Columbia Poultry and Pigeon Association.	May 10, 1895.....	5,000 00
Maryland Poultry Supply Co.	October 27, 1899.....	5,000 00
POWER COMPANIES.		
Aerostatic Power Co.	September 7, 1897.....	200,000 00
Boydell Power Brake Co.	January 28, 1887.....	500,000 00
Clifton Storage and Power Co.	September 17, 1895.....	2,000 00
Gwynn Falls Power Co.	May 27, 1898.....	100,000 00
Zell Stored Power Co.	February 24, 1891.....	500,000 00
PRESERVING COMPANIES.		
Coning Preserving Co.	April 25, 1896.....	3,000 00
Gibbs Preserving Co.	May 10, 1883.....	20,000 00
Monoxide Preserving Co.	November 6, 1884.....	100,000 00
Mudge Meat and Meat Extract Preserving Co.	May 30, 1888.....	100,000 00
Maryland Preserving Co.	October 17, 1888.....	50,000 00
National Preserving Co.	May 14, 1870.....	60,000 00
Van Lill Preserving Co.	February 2, 1893.....	10,000 00
PRESS ASSOCIATIONS.		
Baltimore Bailing Press Co.	April 8, 1885.....	20,000 00
Church Press Association.	February 21, 1871.....	10,000 00
Cotton Press Co.	July 2, 1880.....	100,000 00
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANIES.		
A. S. Abell Co.	August 9, 1892.....	300,000 00
Bulletin Printing and Publishing Co.	August 30, 1876.....	60,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	*	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
PUBLISHING COMPANIES.—(Continued.)			
Baltimore Methodist Publishing and Printing Co.		April 2, 1889.....	
Baltimore Labor Advocate Printing and Publishing Co.		May 26, 1899.....	2,500 00
Commercial Printing House.		December 29, 1886.....	10,000 00
Co-operative Lithuanian Printing Association of America.		September 7, 1897.....	500 00
Davis Printing Co.		November 17, 1898.....	2,000 00
Geo. W. King Printing Co.		January 9, 1899.....	10,000 00
John D. Lueas Printing Co.		April 18, 1893.....	30,000 00
James Young Printing Co.		August 17, 1895.....	10,000 00
Maryland Printing Co.		September 26, 1888.....	10,000 00
Puritan Printing and Publishing Co.		March 8, 1897.....	5,000 00
Phoenix Printing Co.		July 26, 1899.....	2,000 00
Reese Printing Co.		April 25, 1892.....	5,000 00
Rogers Printing Co.		February 2, 1893.....	15,000 00
Strohmn Printing Co.		July 10, 1891.....	9,000 00
Sinclair-Farber Printing and Publishing Co.		October 11, 1899.....	10,000 00
T. E. Dollard Printing Co.		January 29, 1894.....	5,000 00
Wm. J. C. Dulany Co.		June 30, 1890.....	100,000 00
PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATIONS.			
Baltimore Butchers' Mutual Protective Association.		May 30, 1876.....	300,000 00
Farmers and Mechanics' Mutual Protective Association.		December 30, 1879.....	2,000 00
Southern Collection and Protective Association.		July 8, 1884.....	25,000 00
PUBLISHING COMPANIES.			
American Packer Publishing Co.		September 15, 1898.....	10,000 00
Baltimore Publishing Co.		April 25, 1870.....	50,000 00
Bee Publishing Co.		January 8, 1876.....	30,000 00
Baltimore Publishing Co.		May 30, 1882.....	25,000 00

Baltimore Publishing Co.....	February 18, 1885.....	25,000 00
Bulletin Publishing Co.....	May 27, 1885.....	10,000 00
Baltimore Press Publishing Co.....	January 17, 1888.....	15,000 00
Baltimore Life Publishing Co.....	August 5, 1896.....	10,000 00
Baltimore Polish Publishing Co.....	June 5, 1897.....	1,000 00
Cosmopolitan Polish Publishing Co.....	January 5, 1871.....	50,000 00
Catholic Mirror Publishing Company.....	November 16, 1891.....	20,000 00
Chimes Publishing Company.....	December 21, 1891.....	10,000 00
Critic Publishing Co.....	December 28, 1892.....	10,000 00
Columbia Publishing Co.....	June 17, 1899.....	802,500 00
Deutsch Publishing Co.....	January 9, 1895.....	2,500 00
Dixie Publishing Co.....	March 15, 1899.....	10,000 00
Equitable League Publishing Co.....	May 18, 1887.....	800 00
Evening News Publishing Co.....	January 13, 1892.....	200,000 00
Evangel Publishing Co.....	February 24, 1897.....	10,000 00
Flashlight Publishing Co.....	August 30, 1897.....	10,000 00
Golden Chain Publishing Co.....	February 12, 1885.....	1,200 00
Herald Publishing Co.....	May 23, 1885.....	100,000 00
Journal of Commerce Publishing Co.....	December 15, 1888.....	25,000 00
Jewish Comment Publishing Co.....	September 1, 1899.....	4,000 00
Lorborn Publishing Co.....	December 23, 1886.....	100,000 00
Maryland Law Record Publishing Co.....	March 29, 1882.....	25,000 00
Memorial Record Publishing Co.....	June 17, 1889.....	10,000 00
Manufacturers' Record Publishing Co.....	March 1, 1892.....	200,000 00
Morris Publishing Co.....	January 26, 1893.....	15,000 00
Maryland Democrat Publishing Co.....	March 25, 1897.....	5,000 00
Merchants Postal Guide Publishing Co.....	October 14, 1897.....	5,000 00
Maine Publishing Co.....	November 4, 1898.....	2,500 00
National Farm and Fireside Publishing Co.....	February 17, 1886.....	10,000 00
Morris Publishing Co.....	January 9, 1897.....	1,000 00
National Junior Publishing Co.....	December 3, 1884.....	10,000 00
Presbyterian Observer Publishing Co.....	April 21, 1887.....	25,000 00
Presbyterian Observer Publishing Co.....	March 29, 1894.....	10,000 00
Pigeon World Publishing Co.....	August 2, 1894.....	5,000 00
Patriotic Literature Publishing Co.....	January 15, 1897.....	3,000 00
Public Spirit Publishing Co.....		

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	DATE OF	CAPITAL STOCK.
PUBLISHING COMPANIES.—Continued.			
Republican Publishing Co.	September 1, 1893.	September 1, 1893.	10,000 00
Retailers' Review Publishing Co.	July 23, 1898.	July 23, 1898.	2,500 00
Standard Publishing Co.	November 22, 1899.	November 22, 1899.	25,000 00
Times Publishing Co.	September 30, 1885.	September 30, 1885.	30,000 00
Trades Unionist Publishing Co.	November 20, 1893.	November 20, 1893.	10,000 00
Wednesday Club Publishing Co.	January 3, 1887.	January 3, 1887.	420 00
Wharton & Barron Publishing Co.	July 15, 1892.	July 15, 1892.	25,000 00
PUBLISHING AND ADVERTISING COMPANIES.			
International Publishing and Advertising Co.	December 1, 1897.	December 1, 1897.	500 00
Mercantile Publishing and Advertising Co.	February 23, 1891.	February 23, 1891.	5,000 00
PUMP WORKS AND MANUFACTURING COMPANIES.			
Kanawha Pump Works and Manufacturing Co.	September 27, 1881.	September 27, 1881.	16,000 00
Success Pump Co.	February 15, 1882.	February 15, 1882.	5,000 00
QUARRY COMPANIES.			
Myotie Quarry Co.	March 9, 1894.	March 9, 1894.	10,000 00
Schwind Quarry Co.	January 5, 1898.	January 5, 1898.	30,000 00
RAILROAD COMPANIES.			
Baltimore Forwarding and Railroad Co.	March 17, 1891.	March 17, 1891.	50,000 00
Baltimore South Baltimore and Curtis Bay R. R. Co., (Act of Assembly)	January 14, 1892.	January 14, 1892.	150,000 00
Walbrook and Gwynns Falls R. R. Co.	September 20, 1897.	September 20, 1897.	50,000 00
REAL ESTATE, TRUST AND SAVINGS SOCIETIES.			
Commonwealth Real Estate Trust and Savings Society.	August 12, 1871.	August 12, 1871.	750,000 00
Irvington Real Estate Co.	September 17, 1894.	September 17, 1894.	60,000 00
Maryland Real Estate Co.	October 14, 1890.	October 14, 1890.	150,000 00
Old Line Real Estate and Trust Co. ....	.....	.....	1,000,000 00
Real Estate and Improvement Co.	October 18, 1888.	October 18, 1888.	2,500 00

Real Estate Co.....	November 9, 1893.....	10,000 00
Real Estate Pooling Co.....	March 10, 1897.....	50,000 00
Southern Real Estate and Trust Co.....	January 25, 1890.....	500,000 00
Spring Garden Real Estate Co.....	March 13, 1890.....	26,000 00
Standard Real Estate Investment Co.....	August 23, 1895.....	50,000 00
West Boundary Real Estate Co.....	April 22, 1890.....	50,000 00
Walbrook Real Estate Co.....	April 15, 1895.....	50,000 00
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REALTY COMPANIES.		
Auxiliary Realty Co.....	May 14, 1897.....	100 00
Acme Realty Co.....	October 17, 1898.....	1,000 00
Baltimore Realty Co.....	March 1, 1899.....	100,000 00
Fayette Realty Co.....	November 27, 1899.....	100,000 00
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REGISTRY COMPANIES.		
American Registry Co.....	January 14, 1899.....	50,000 00
Climax Register Co.....	November 22, 1887.....	100,000 00
MERCHANTS CASH REGISTER CO.	December 19, 1891.....	100,000 00
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RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.		
National Relief Association No. 1.....	January 17, 1870.....	50,000 00
O. K. Mutual Relief Association.....	April 25, 1870.....	125,000 00
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RENOVATOR COMPANIES.		
Acme Renovator Co.....	May 8, 1886.....	1,000,000 00
Ford Acme Renovator Co.....	February 6, 1886.....	1,000,000 00
Interior Renovating Co.....	July 18, 1894.....	20,000 00
Plush Renovator Co.....	November 20, 1895.....	50,000 00
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ROOFING COMPANIES.		
Granite Roofing Co.....	February 13, 1873.....	8,000 00
Maryland Roofing Co.....	August 14, 1872.....	100,000 00
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RUBBER COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Rubber Co.....	November 1, 1898.....	100,000 00
Bolivia Rubber Co.....	June 12, 1899.....	100,000 00
Goodyear Rubber Co.....	July 12, 1876.....	30,000 00
Linthicum Rubber Co.....	March 4, 1898.....	100,000 00
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SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS.		
Adherence Saving Institution.....	May 27, 1870.....	125,000 00
Augusta Saving Co.....	March 20, 1891.....	5,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS.—(Continued.)		
Alpine Saving Association.....	March 30, 1892.....	200 00
Baltimore Dime Savings Bank.....	May 27, 1871.....	100,000 00
Barre Street Savings Association No. 1.....	November 4, 1887.....	50,000 00
Banneker Maryland Savings Association.....	August 26, 1890.....	50,000 00
East Baltimore Workingmen's Savings Association.....	March 8, 1883.....	104,000 00
Federal Hill Savings Association No. 3.....	September 8, 1871.....	25,000 00
German Savings Association No. 2.....	January 19, 1890.....	150,000 00
German Savings Association No. 3.....	February 10, 1870.....	50,000 00
German Savings Fund.....	October 21, 1876.....	200,000 00
Hamburg Street Tentionia Savings Association No. 1.....	July 16, 1874.....	50,000 00
Jefferson Savings Association No. 1.....	February 25, 1873.....	200,000 00
Jefferson Savings Association No. 2.....	January 26, 1874.....	200,000 00
Lee Street Harmony Savings Association No. 1.....	October 26, 1871.....	250,000 00
Light Street Savings Association No. 1.....	October 13, 1873.....	200,000 00
Linden Savings Association.....	April 10, 1874.....	50,000 00
Linden Savings Association No. 2.....	May 23, 1874.....	50,000 00
Maryland Savings Institution.....	July 6, 1874.....	500,000 00
Monumental Savings Association of S. Baltimore H.....	March 11, 1875.....	200,000 00
South Ann Street Savings Association No. 2.....	May 12, 1874.....	50,000 00
St. James Savings Institution.....	April 5, 1878.....	100,000 00
Spring Garden Saving Association.....	June 20, 1883.....	25,000 00
Severn Park Savings and Homestead Association.....	July 15, 1896.....	1,000,000 00
Tentionia Savings Association.....	September 22, 1874.....	1,000,000 00
Traders and Mechanics' Permanent Savings Association.....	May 18, 1892.....	104,000 00
Workingmen's Savings and Money Advancing Association.....	October 3, 1871.....	200,000 00
West Fayette Street Savings Association No. 1.....	October 18, 1871.....	100,000 00

West End Savings Association.....	SCHOOLS.	April 5, 1880.....	25,000 00
Boys' Latin School.....		May 31, 1898.....	8,000 00
Friends Elementary and High School		March 13, 1897.....	25,000 00
University School for Boys Co.		May 14, 1898.....	10,000 00
Baltimore Security and Trading Co.....	SECURITY AND TRADING COMPANIES.	October 20, 1897.....	200,000 00
Monumental Trading Co.....		February 9, 1897.....	25,000 00
U. S. and Japan Trading Co.....		October 12, 1896.....	5,000 00
West India Trading Co.....		November 10, 1898.....	150,000 00
Baltimore Seed and Implement Co.....	SEED AND IMPLEMENT COMPANIES.	December 3, 1895.....	10,000 00
Farmers Field and Garden Seed Co.....		September 21, 1887.....	20,000 00
SHIP AND CONSTRUCTION COMPANIES			
American Air Ship and Construction Co.....		May 22, 1899.....	100,000 00
Schreder Steerable Air Ship Co.....		September 8, 1875.....	100,000 00
SHIRT COMPANIES.			
Armistead & Vidal Shirt Co.....		October 5, 1885.....	3,000 00
American Shirt Manufacturing Co.....		January 21, 1898.....	5,000 00
Chesapeake Shirt Co.....		January 29, 1886.....	100,000 00
Co-operative Shirt Co.....		March 2, 1887.....	5,000 00
Danskin Shirt Manufacturing Co.....		September 23, 1871.....	10,000 00
Maryland Shirt Co.....		March 13, 1899.....	25,000 00
SHOE MANUFACTURING COMPANIES.			
Baltimore Shoe Manufacturing Co.....		July 3, 1875.....	5,000 00
Baltimore City Boot and Shoe Manufacturing Co.....		November 22, 1886.....	5,000 00
Baltimore Boot and Shoe Manufacturing Co.....		April 29, 1881.....	200,000 00
Baltimore-Harrisburg Shoe Manufacturing Co.....		December 11, 1896.....	25,000 00
Baltimore Electus Shoe Co.....		March 15, 1889.....	30,000 00
Chesapeake Shoe Co.....		February 16, 1889.....	10,000 00
Clement and Ball Shoe Manufacturing Co.....		May 27, 1898.....	50,000 00
Del Credere Boot and Shoe Co.....		April 4, 1893.....	10,000 00
Defiance Shoe Manufacturing Co.....		January 21, 1897.....	10,000 00
E. A. Carter Shoe Co.....		February 28, 1898.....	35,000 00
First Monumental Co-operative Boot and Shoe Manufacturing Asso.....		August 30, 1871.....	15,000 00
Godfrey and Hussey Protective Toe Shoe Manufacturing Co.....		May 21, 1875.....	300,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
SHOE MANUFACTURING COMPANIES.—(Continued.)		
Glove Buttton Shoe Co.	July 9, 1898.	5,000 00
Lawrence & Gould Shoe Co.	January 17, 1899.	50,000 00
Magruder Shoe Co.	April 29, 1896.	100,000 00
Metropole Shoe Manufacturing Co.	February 9, 1898.	12,000 00
Pridgen-Herndon Shoe Co.	October 13, 1894.	25,000 00
R. Evitt Shoe Manufacturing Co.	July 17, 1895.	10,000 00
Sollers Shoe Co.	September 23, 1889	100,000 00
SIGNAL AND GATE COMPANIES.		
Automatic Railway Signal and Gate Co.	May 25, 1889.	500,000 00
American Signal Co.	January 18, 1898.	10,000 00
Carter Automatic Gate and Signal Co.	August 31, 1889.	50,000 00
SILVER MINING COMPANIES.		
Alvarado Tunneling and Silver Mining Co.	April 6, 1870.	500,000 00
Colorado Diamond Tunnel Silver Mining Co.	June 10, 1872.	1,000,000 00
Coldstream Silver Mining Co.	October 14, 1872.	500,000 00
Empire Silver Mining Co. of Colorado and Baltimore, Md.	November 29, 1878	500,000 00
Globe Silver Mining Co. of Colorado and Baltimore City	December 17, 1870.	1,000,000 00
Great Republic Silver Mining Co.	July 25, 1881.	1,500,000 00
Monumental Silver Mining Co. of Colorado and Baltimore City.	February 27, 1875.	250,000 00
SLATE COMPANIES.		
Avon Slate Company.	March 25, 1884.	50,000 00
Peach Bottom Slate Co.	March 25, 1895.	5,000 00
SOAP COMPANIES.		
Atlas Soap Co.	August 17, 1892.	50,000 00
Franco-American Soap Co.	February 4, 1898.	5,000 00
Hyde Turbine Soap Co.	September 6, 1873.	8,000 00

James Armstrong Soap Co.....	January 21, 1899.....
Magnolia Laundry Soap Manufacturing Co.....	June 13, 1884.....
Mayer Magic Soap Co.....	June 22, 1892.....
Stanton Baltimore Soap Co.....	February 7, 1877.....
SPECIALTY COMPANIES.	
Baltimore Specialty Co.....	December 12, 1889.....
Baltimore Novelty and Specialty Co.....	November 6, 1893.....
Fonnerden Specialty Co.....	January 8, 1894.....
Farmers Specialty Co.....	August 11, 1894.....
STEAMBOAT COMPANIES.	
Baltimore, Washington, Alexandria and Georgetown Steamboat Co.....	March 4, 1874.....
Baltimore, Chesapeake and Richmond Steamboat Co.....	January 16, 1874.....
Bay Ridge, Electric Park and Steamboat Co.....	October 19, 1898.....
Chesapeake Steamboat Co.....	May 2, 1871.....
Chester River Steamboat Co.....	July 16, 1872.....
Choptank Steamboat Co.....	October 25, 1883.....
Chesapeake Steamboat Co.....	October 1, 1886.....
Eastern Shore Steamboat Co.....	May 26, 1874.....
Eastern Bay and Miles River Steamboat Co.....	March 3, 1894.....
Jane Moseley Steamboat Co.....	June 17, 1897.....
Little Choptank Steamboat Co.....	March 4, 1884.....
Monumental Steamboat Co.....	June 5, 1875.....
Maryland and Virginia Steamboat Co.....	March 19, 1891.....
Maryland Steamboat Co.....	January 15, 1894.....
Moseley Steamboat Co.....	June 1, 1896.....
Nanticoke Steamboat Co.....	March 31, 1888.....
Port Deposit and Havre De Grace Steamboat Co.....	October 21, 1897.....
Sassafras River Steamboat Co.....	February 1, 1880.....
Susquehanna Steamboat Co.....	March 1, 1880.....
St. Michaels Steamboat Co.....	March 4, 1884.....
Tangier and Manokin Steamboat Co.....	June 28, 1899.....
Weems Steamboat Co.....	December 14, 1891.....
STEAMSHIP COMPANIES.	
Baltimore and Carolina Steamship Co.....	July 21, 1874.....
Baltimore and Southern Steamship Co.....	August 14, 1876.....

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
STEAMSHIP COMPANIES.—Continued.		
Baltimore and West Indies Steamship Co.	August 30, 1898	500,000 00
Merchants Steamship Co.	May 12, 1881	20,000 00
Texas Steamship Co.	January 25, 1872	100,000 00
U. S. and Congo National Emigration Steamship Co.	November 11, 1887	2,000,000 00
STEEL COMPANIES.		
Coronet Steel Co.	April 29, 1892	500,000 00
Coronet Steel Co.	March 8, 1894	250,000 00
STOCK COMPANIES.		
Anarundel Club Stock Co.	March 20, 1897	25,000 00
Baltimore Stock Co. No. 1.	September 17, 1887	500 00
Baltimore Stock Food Co.	November 3, 1894	3,600 00
Baltimore Stock Yard Co.	April 12, 1897	50,000 00
Chesapeake Wheehmen Stock Co.	April 11, 1889	6,000 00
Clifton Wheelman Stock Co.	May 2, 1893	3,000 00
Cummins Photo. Stock Co.	April 19, 1894	20,000 00
Eintracht Stock Co.	April 26, 1889	10,000 00
Elite Stock Co.	October 28, 1895	500 00
G. Y. M. Stock Co.	July 16, 1894	2,500 00
Heptasoph Joint Stock Association.	June 23, 1883	10,000 00
H. Y. M. Stock Co.	December 21, 1883	12,500 00
Monday Club Stock Association	December 19, 1884	10,000 00
Mechanics' Exchange Stock Co.	February 23, 1887	5,000 00
Masonic Joint Stock Co.	December 18, 1890	20,000 00
Maryland Day Stock Co.	November 5, 1896	1,000 00
Whitney Club Stock Co.	[February 2, 1893]	2,000 00

STONE COMPANIES.

Architectural Stone Co.....	November 22, 1894.....	50,000 00
Hoopers Artificial Stone, Cement and Paint Co.....	December 31, 1880.....	100,000 00
Maryland Sehillingger Artificial Stone Co.....	August 5, 1872.....	100,000 00
Weens Artificial Stone and Marble Co.....	July 25, 1881.....	50,000 00
Watts Artificial Stone, Marble and Tile Co.....	November 10, 1882.....	50,000 00
STOPPER COMPANIES.		
Aluminum Stopper Co.....	April 29, 1896.....	60,000 00
Bottle Stopper Co.....	February 27, 1885.....	50,000 00
Rapid Stopper Co.....	January 10, 1888.....	5,000 00
Triumph Bottle Stopper Co.....	March 26, 1884.....	100,000 00
STORAGE AND REFRIGERATING COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Cold Storage and Refrigerating Co.....	August 27, 1881.....	20,000 00
Baltimore Storage and Lighterage Co.....	May 7, 1883.....	3,000,000 00
Baltimore City Cold Storage Co.....	January 29, 1886.....	15,000 00
Burekard Carpet Renovating and Storage Co.....	September 21, 1888.....	100,000 00
Baltimore City Cold Storage and Warehouse Co.....	July 13, 1891.....	100,000 00
Distilled Water Ice Manfg. and Cold Storage Co.....	December 13, 1883.....	300,000 00
Electric Storage Co.....	February 19, 1883.....	1,000,000 00
E. D. Onion Ice Manfg. and Cold Storage Co.....	November 2, 1891.....	500,000 00
Graf Refrigerating Co.....	January 4, 1888.....	250,000 00
Maryland Cold Air Chamber Refrigerator Manfg. Co.....	May 3, 1870.....	200,000 00
National Refrigerating Co.....	May 2, 1889.....	300,000 00
National Manfg. Ice and Refrigerating Co.....	May 15, 1893.....	50,000 00
Smith Automatic Refrigerator Co.....	January 20, 1887.....	40,000 00
Seaboard Storage and Ice Co.....	April 30, 1888.....	200,000 00
Security Storage and Trust Co.....	October 2, 1894.....	200,000 00
STOVE COMPANIES.		
B. C. Bibb Stove Co.....	March 28, 1888.....	150,000 00
Chesapeake Stove Co.....	July 31, 1891.....	61,000 00
Excelsior Stove Co.....	August 3, 1899.....	2,000 00
SUGAR REFINING COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Steam Sugar Refinery Co.....	May 11, 1878.....	20,000 00
Baltimore Sugar Refining Co.....	September 24, 1889.....	1,950,000 00
Calvert Sugar Refinery Co.....	June 4, 1873.....	600,000 00
Calvert Sugar Refinery.....	June 10, 1876.....	500,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1890, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
SUIT AND NOVELTY COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Suit and Novelty Co.....	October 10, 1888.....	20,000 00
Ullman Cloak and Suit Co.....	August 26, 1896.....	10,000 00
SUPPLY COMPANIES.		
Beasley Supply Co.....	July 9, 1886.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Supply Co.....	October 3, 1891.....	15,000 00
Chesapeake Supply Co.....	May 18, 1893.....	5,000 00
Central Metal and Supply Co.....	August 1, 1899.....	50,000 00
Enterprise Supply Co.....	January 27, 1896.....	1,000 00
Economical Half-tone Supply Co.....	July 27, 1898.....	1,200 00
Farm Supply Co.....	January 6, 1892.....	12,000 00
Great New York Toilet Supply Co.....	May 6, 1898.....	3,000 00
North-Central Supply Co.....	November 12, 1889.....	4,000 00
Northwestern Family Supply Co.....	June 7, 1894.....	10,000 00
People's Supply Co.....	November 19, 1895.....	10,000 00
Postmaster's Supply Co.....	March 8, 1897.....	10,000 00
Soda Fountain Supply Co.....	April 10, 1899.....	10,000 00
SWITCH COMPANIES.		
Automatic Switch Co.....	September 5, 1883.....	60,000 00
Coughlin-Sanford Switch Co.....	November 26, 1895.....	500,000 00
TAG AND SPECIALTY COMPANIES.		
Atlantic Tag and Specialty Co.....	January 14, 1891.....	40,000 00
Stevens Tag Co.....	July 11, 1896.....	5,000 00
Shooters' Specialty Co.....	June 22, 1899.....	2,000 00
TELEGRAPH COMPANIES.		
Automatic Signal Telegraph Co.....	May 21, 1877.....	100,000 00
American Rapid Telegraph Co.....	April 14, 1880.....	10,000 00

American Union Telegraph Co.....	August 21, 1880.....	10,000 00
American District Telegraph Co.....	October 3, 1881.....	125,000 00
Union District Telegraph Co.....		
Autographic Telegraph Co.....	February 26, 1896.....	1,000 00
Baltimore City Telegraph Co.....	June 10, 1870.....	125,000 00
Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph Co.....	January 7, 1882.....	5,000 00
Bankers and Merchants' Telegraph Co.....	May 1, 1882.....	5,000 00
Bankers and Merchants' District Telegraph Co.....	February 3, 1883.....	5,000 00
Baltimore and Ohio District Telegraph Co.....	August 2, 1884.....	100,000 00
Baltimore and New York Mercantile Telegraph Co.....	March 8, 1886.....	100,000 00
Continental Telegraph Co.....	December 15, 1879.....	300,000 00
Congninitive Battery and Electric Telegraph Co.....	January 18, 1887.....	100,000 00
Domestic Telegraph Co.....	November 16, 1876.....	250,000 00
Franklin Telegraph Co.....	April 30, 1872.....	50,000 00
Mutual Union Telegraph Co.....	November 24, 1880.....	10,000 00
Mutual District Telegraph Co.....	May 16, 1881.....	20,000 00
Monumental Underground Telegraph Pipe Co.....	July 30, 1883.....	50,000 00
Maryland Telegraph and Construction Co.....	March 8, 1886.....	60,000 00
Maryland and Columbia Telegraph Co.....	October 22, 1890.....	10,000 00
Maryland Telegraph Manufacturing Co.....	March 22, 1898.....	50,000 00
Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Co.....	April 30, 1872.....	25,000 00
Postal Telegraph Co.....	October 13, 1883.....	10,000 06
Pneumatic Fire Alarm Telegraph Co.....	October 9, 1890.....	500,000 00
Spalding Telegraph Co.....	January 9, 1889.....	150,000 00
Southern Atlantic Telegraph Co.....	March 9, 1889.....	500,000 00
Telegram Co.....	October 19, 1893.....	50,000 00
Western Union Telegraph Co.....	April 27, 1872.....	10,000 00
Wesley Grove Camp Meeting Association.....	June 12, 1872.....	60,000 00
Western Telegraph Co.....	January 9, 1877.....	20,000 00
TELEPHONE COMPANIES.		
Baltimore, Annapolis and Drum Point Telephone Co.....	December 27, 1897.....	12,500 00
Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co.....	March 10, 1884.....	10,000 00
Danish American Telephone Co.....	May 25, 1880.....	200,000 00
Globe Telephone Co.....	January 31, 1884.....	1,000,000 00
Maryland Telephone Co.....	January 7, 1878.....	50,000 00
Maryland Telephone Co.....	August 30, 1878.....	200,900 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
TELEPHONE COMPANIES.—(Continued).		
Maryland Non-Electric Telephone Co.....	February 20, 1886.....	200,000 00
Maryland Telephone Co.....	August 12, 1897.....	200,000 00
Maryland Telephone Co.....	February 6, 1899.....	1,250,000 00
National Ecord Telephone Co.....	May 2, 1881.....	3,000,000 00
North American Interior Telephone Co.....	November 13, 1894.....	60,000 00
Russian-American Telephone Co.....	April 27, 1880.....	100,000 00
Spanish-American Telephone Co.....	April 27, 1880.....	100,000 00
Standard Telephone Co. of Washington and Baltimore City.....	August 6, 1895.....	140,000 00
Southern States Telephone Co.....	December 12, 1895.....	200,000 00
Standard Telephone Co.	August 6, 1896.....	15,000 00
Washington Telephone Co. of Maryland.....	June 15, 1885.....	200,000 00
TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANIES.		
American Telephone and Telegraph Co.....	May 28, 1896.....	15,000 00
Baltimore Telephone and Telegraph Co.....	October 6, 1882.....	100,000 00
Baltimore and Patuxent Telegraph and Telephone Co.....	May 5, 1887.....	10,000 00
Maryland Overland Telephone and Telegraph Co.....	February 4, 1884.....	500,000 00
Maryland Telephone and Telegraph Co.....	May 17, 1899.....	100,000 00
United States Long Distance Telephone and Telegraph Co.....	May 23, 1896.....	1,000 00
West Arlington Telegraph, Telephone, Electric Light and Power Co.....	July 11, 1891.....	50,000 00
TERRA COTTA ROOFING TILE COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Terra Cotta Roofing Tile Co.....	March 3, 1890.....	30,000 00
Lindemann Terra Cotta Roofing Tile Co.....	March 24, 1890.....	50,000 00
THEATRE COMPANIES.		
Auditorium Company.....	April 14, 1892.....	275,000 00
Baltimore Museum Theatre Co.....	February 24, 1891.....	60,000 00
Hyland Park Lyceum Co.....	December 24, 1892.....	12,500 00
Maryland Theatre Co.....	February 21, 1873.....	35,550 00

West End Theatre and Amusement Co.....	March 5, 1894.....	100,000 00
TOBACCO COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Leaf Tobacco Co.....	December 7, 1891.....	6,000 00
Bucholitz & Ahrens Leaf Tobacco Co.....	November 1, 1897.....	5,000 00
Sneering Tobacco Co.....	September 20, 1897.....	30,000 00
United Tobacco Co.....	June 24, 1899.....	10,000 00
TOWEL COMPANIES.		
Combination Cabinet Towel Supply Co.....	January 12, 1893.....	5,000 00
Citizen Towel Co.....	July 17, 1899.....	200 00
TOWING COMPANIES.		
American Towing Co.....	June 7, 1880.....	38,000 00
Chesapeake Towing Co.....	December 12, 1882.....	20,000 00
Chesapeake Lighterage Towing Co.....	April 12, 1892.....	30,000 00
TOY COMPANIES.		
American Toy Co.....	September 17, 1897.....	30,000 00
Southern Toy and Novelty Co.....	May 15, 1893.....	24,000 00
Schwarzkopf Toy Co.....	January 23, 1899.....	25,000 00
TRANSFER COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Transfer Co.....	July 12, 1892.....	80,000 00
Elbarge Transfer Co.....	February 24, 1890.....	10,000 00
People Dispatch and Transfer Co.....	October 6, 1890.....	50,000 00
TRANSIT COMPANIES.		
Electro-Automatic Transit Co.....	February 13, 1888.....	1,000,000 00
Rapid Transit Co.....	April 19, 1890.....	250,000 00
TRANSPORTATION COMPANIES.		
Baltimore and Texas Steam Transportation Co.....	May 4, 1870.....	200,000 00
Baltimore and Southern Steam Transportation Co.....	March 23, 1873.....	124,000 00
Boatmen's Transportation Line.....	May 12, 1874.....	300,000 00
Bay Ridge Improvement and Transportation Co.....	May 16, 1885.....	75,000 00
Baltimore Water Transportation Co.....	January 22, 1889.....	10,000 00
Baltimore and Boco del Toro Fruit and Transportation Co.....	February 29, 1896.....	50,000 00
Bay Side Transportation Co.....	April 18, 1896.....	5,000 00
Crouch Automobile Manufacturing Transportation Co.....	May 1, 1899.....	250,000 00
Dyea-Dawson City Transportation and Trading Co.....	December 30, 1897.....	100,000 00
Electric Express and Personal Transportation Co.....	October 27, 1881.....	75,000 00

TABLES.

Showing Incorporations in Baltimore City From 1870 to 1899, Arranged Alphabetically.

TITLE.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	CAPITAL STOCK.
TRANSPORTATION COMPANIES.—(Continued).		
Inland and Coastwise Transportation Co.	July 30, 1883.....	100,000 00
Ocean and Inland Transportation Co.	March 12, 1888.....	60,000 00
Potomac Transportation Co.	January 23, 1890.....	25,000 00
Sea World Publishing Co.	June 8, 1882.....	11,000 00
Transportation and Terminal Co.	December 13, 1888.....	15,000,000 00
TRUST AND BURIAL COMPANIES.		
Equitable Trust and Burial Association.	July 3, 1889.....	250,000 00
National Burial Co.	November 19, 1895.....	50,000 00
Original Equitable Trust and Burial Association.	October 1, 1889.....	250,900 00
TRUST AND MANUFACTURING COMPANIES.		
American Mortuary Trust and Manufacturing Co.	October 4, 1889.....	2,000,000 00
Equitable Savings and Trust Co.	November 21, 1872.....	100,000 00
Maryland Trust Co.	February 20, 1890.....	500,000 00
National Mortuary Trust Co.	August 9, 1888.....	200,000 00
United States Trust Co.	October 1, 1896.....	100,000 00
VENTILATING COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Ventilating and Motor Co.	May 15, 1890.....	50,000 00
Southern Warming and Ventilating Co.	March 27, 1894.....	30,000 00
WAREHOUSE COMPANIES.		
Brown Warehouse Co.	May 19, 1897.....	150,000 00
Chesapeake Warehouse Co.	March 5, 1872.....	200,000 00
Central Warehouse Co.	June 3, 1895.....	30,000 00
Eastern Warehouse Co.	June 13, 1896.....	500 00
Terminal Warehouse Co.	June 13, 1893.....	150,000 00
WATER COMPANIES.		
Bedford Springs Water Co.	February 26, 1897.....	5,000 00

Mineral Development and Artesian Water Co.	September 21, 1887.....	50,000 00
National Water Co.	May 22, 1899.....	2,400 00
Paducah Water Supply Co.	April 18, 1885.....	150,000 00
Richmond Hot Water Radiator Co.	December 11, 1897.....	15,000 00
WELL COMPANIES.		
Downin Artesian Well Co.	February 20, 1897.....	1,000 00
Improved Artesian Well Co.	June 24, 1882.....	32,000 00
Duffy Malt Whiskey Co.	April 28, 1884.....	100,000 00
Wiener Liquor Co.	August 3, 1898.....	2,500 00
WIRE AND NAIL COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Wire and Nail Co.	April 19, 1888.....	1,000 00
Baltimore Wire Nail and Screw Co.	August 8, 1888.....	15,000 00
Universal Stapled Wire Co.	October 27, 1890.....	75,000 00
WOODWORK COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Specialty Wood Working Co.	April 9, 1890.....	5,000 00
Flexible Wood Package Co.	April 15, 1882.....	120,000 00
Industrial Mill and Wood Working Co.	June 19, 1895.....	6,000 00
WOOL COMPANIES.		
Baltimore Wool Co.	October 22, 1875.....	100,000 00
Baltimore Wool Co.	April 17, 1876.....	25,000 00
Babylon Wool Co.	March 29, 1893.....	50,000 00
Baltimore Extract and Wool Co.	May 28, 1894.....	60,000 00
Cold Extract Wool Manufacturing Co.	October 8, 1878.....	50,000 00
Eureka Wool Co.	April 15, 1876.....	300,000 00
Fibre Wool Co.	September 6, 1893.....	50,000 00
Maryland Wool Co.	March 6, 1877.....	500,000 00
Maryland Wool Manufacturing Co.	January 12, 1878.....	1,000,000 00
Monumental Wool Co.	July 11, 1896.....	50,000 00
Patapsco Wool Co.	November 14, 1878.....	250,000 00
Sheep Butchers' and Wool Pulling Association No. 2....	June 24, 1876.....	20,000 00
Union Wool Co.	April 10, 1878.....	500,000 00
Wool Manufacturing Co.	December 21, 1877.....	25,000 00

SUMMARY OF CORPORATIONS.

	No.	Capital Stock.
Academies	2	\$500,000 00
Advertising Companies.....	3	15,000 00
Ale Companies.....	2	175,000 00
Art Companies.....	3	80,000 00
Badge and Novelty Companies.....	3	37,400 00
Banks	16	7,457,600 00
Banking and Building Companies.....	3	1,150,000 00
Bakery Companies.....	3	30,000 00
Base Ball Associations.....	2	31,000 00
Basket Companies.....	2	30,000 00
Belting Companies.....	2	100,000 00
Beneficial Associations.....	9	43,000 00
Bicycle Companies.....	2	26,000 00
Biscuit Companies.....	2	150,000 00
Blind Companies.....	2	150,000 00
Bond Companies.....	2	20,000 00
Book and Novelty Companies.....	2	26,600 00
Bottling Companies.....	2	7,000 00
Bottle Seal Companies.....	3	325,000 00
Box Companies.....	9	178,500 00
Brass Companies	2	30,000 00
Brewing Companies.....	18	9,500,000 00
Brick Companies.....	12	755,000 00
Brick and Cement Companies.....	2	150,000 00
Building Associations and Companies.....	734	202,533,000 00
Building and Banking Companies.....	2	800,000 00
Building, Land and Savings Companies.....	2	550,000 00
Building, Loan and Investment Associations...	3	20,100,000.00
Building and Loan Associations.....	126	97,412,500 00
Building Material Companies.....	3	120,000 00
Building and Savings Associations.....	118	35,033,000 00
Building Union Companies.....	2	300,000 00
Butchers' Union Companies.....	2	300,000 00
Button Companies.....	2	135,000 00
Cab Companies.....	3	250,000 00
Can Companies.....	11	931,400 00
Candy Companies.....	2	150,000 00
Car Brake Companies.....	3	3,800,000 00
Car Companies.....	6	3,107,500 00
Carriage and Toy Companies.....	4	287,500 00
Car Wheel Companies.....	2	85,000 00
Cedar Works.....	2	115,000 00
Chemical Companies.....	22	1,185,000 00
Oider and Vinegar Companies.....	2	16,000 00
Cigar Companies.....	6	79,500 00
Cigarette Companies.....	2	35,000 00
Clay Companies.....	2	38,750 00
Clothing Companies.....	5	40,400 00
Coal Companies.....	32	12,701,000 00
Coal and Iron Companies.....	4	4,650,000 00
Coal and Wood Companies.....	3	45,000 00
Coat Pad Companies.....	3	81,000 00
Coffee Companies.....	2	55,000 00
Colleges	2	15,000 00

SUMMARY OF CORPORATIONS.—(Continued.)

	No.	Capital Stock.
Construction Companies.....	20	3,169,200 00
Co-operative Associations.....	4	37,200 00
Copper Companies.....	3	3,000,000 00
Cork Companies.....	3	1,421,000 00
Chrome Companies.....	2	2,000,000 00
Cycle Companies.....	10	264,000 00
Dairy Companies.....	6	34,500 00
Deposit Companies.....	3	1,700,000 00
Depository Companies.....	2	60,000 00
Distilling Companies.....	11	3,430,000 00
Dock Companies.....	3	765,500 00
Drug and Chemical Companies.....	2	100,500 00
Drug Companies	16	734,000 00
Dyeing and Cleaning Companies.....	2	60,000 00
Electric Companies.....	20	6,871,000 00
Electric Light and Power Companies.....	11	6,750,000 00
Electric Railway Companies.....	8	1,680,000 00
Elevator Companies.....	6	538,250 00
Engine Companies.....	3	1,450,000 00
Engraving Companies.....	6	111,000 00
Exchange Companies.....	4	1,825,000 00
Export Companies.....	6	280,000 00
Express Companies.....	3	10,020,000 00
Fastener Companies.....	2	150,000 00
Fence Companies.....	2	110,000 00
Fertilizing Companies.....	3	180,000 00
Fertilizer and Chemical Companies.....	8	984,000 00
Fibre Companies.....	4	508,000 00
File Works.....	2	100,000 00
Filter Companies.....	2	175,000 00
Fire Alarm Companies.....	4	222,200 00
Fire Arm Companies.....	2	59,000 00
Fire Escape Companies.....	3	250,000 00
Fire Extinguisher Works.....	2	85,000 00
Fire Insurance Security and Land Companies..	19	5,375,000 00
Fish Companies.....	2	255,000 00
Flint Mill Companies.....	2	5,100 00
Flooring Compaues	2	50,000 00
Fruit Companies.....	10	801,000 00
Furnace and Steam Heating Companies.....	4	296,200 00
Furniture Companies.....	7	210,000 00
Gas Burner Companies.....	2	105,000 00
Gas Companies.....	6	5,370,000 00
Gas Fixture and Art Metal Mn'fg Companies..	2	360,000 00
Gas Light Companies.....	9	3,486,500 00
Gas Saving Companies.....	3	220,000 00
Gasoline Street Lamp Companies.....	2	13,000 00
Gate and Guard Companies.....	2	1,050,000 00
Glass Manufactories.....	3	65,000 00
Gold and Copper Companies.....	2	2,500,000 00
Gold Mining Companies.....	5	4,750,000 00
Gold and Silver Mining Companies.....	4	7,700,000 00
Grain and Stock Companies.....	6	100,000 00
Grate Companies.....	2	53,600 00

SUMMARY OF CORPORATIONS.—(Continued.)

	No.	Capital Stock.
Grease Companies.....	2	60,000 00
Grocery Companies.....	7	188,000 00
Guano Companies.....	9	1,970,000 00
Gum Companies.....	3	12,000 00
Guarantee Companies.....	2	52,000 00
Gunpowder Paper Companies.....	4	165,000 00
Heating Companies.....	7	887,500 00
Heat and Light Companies.....	3	1,100,000 00
Hide and Tallow Associations.....	2	16,750 00
Hominy Companies.....	4	192,000 00
Horse Shoe Associations.....	3	255,000 00
Horse Show Associations.....	2	235,000 00
Hotel Companies.....	7	1,240,000 00
Ice Associations.....	13	2,470,000 00
Ice and Coal Companies.....	3	150,000 00
Illuminating Fluid and Mfg Companies.....	3	1,600,000 00
Immigration Companies.....	2	850,000 00
Importing Companies.....	3	205,000 00
Improvement Companies.....	28	4,682,400 00
Insurance and Security Companies.....	6	1,320,000 00
Investment and Security Associations.....	12	559,500 00
Iron Companies.....	14	1,195,000 00
Iron and Steel Companies.....	3	615,000 00
Label Companies	3	100,000 00
Lamp Companies.....	9	1,370,000 00
Land Companies.....	33	6,674,100 00
Land and Building Companies.....	9	2,593,000 00
Land and Improvement Companies.....	16	3,208,000 00
Land and Investment Companies.....	4	158,500 00
Land and Loan Companies.....	16	9,184,000 00
Land Lumber Companies.....	3	65,000 00
Landlords' Associations.....	5	1,120,000 00
Laundry Companies.....	9	91,500 00
Leather Companies.....	2	21,000 00
Life and Accident Insurance Companies.....	2	115,000 00
Light Companies.....	3	137,155 00
Light, Heat and Power Companies.....	2	100,000 00
Lime Companies.....	2	25,000 00
Live Stock Companies.....	4	705,000 00
Loan Associations.....	10	961,000 00
Loan and Investment Companies.....	3	808,000 00
Loan and Savings Associations.....	91	55,360,000 00
Loan, Saving and Building Associations.....	24	12,405,000 00
Lock Companies.....	3	175,000 00
Lumber Companies.....	12	613,500 00
Lunch Companies.....	3	15,500 00
Machine Companies.....	25	3,654,400 00
Machinery Companies.....	2	500,000 00
Manganese Companies.....	5	1,000,000 00
Mantel Companies.....	3	90,000 00
Manufacturing Companies.....	143	19,804,400 00
Marble and Granite Companies.....	7	330,000 00
Medical Institutions.....	10	742,000 00
Medicine Companies.....	3	100,000 00

SUMMARY OF CORPORATIONS.—(Continued.)

	No.	Capital Stock.
Mercantile Companies.....	2	6,000 00
Milk Companies.....	4	46,000 00
Mining Companies.....	42	20,994,500 00
Miscellaneous Companies.....	517	55,404,775 00
Motor Companies.....	5	1,602,000 00
Navigation and Hotel Companies.....	2	100,000 00
Newspaper and Publishing Companies.....	2	25,000 00
Novelty Companies.....	5	76,000 00
Oil Companies.....	12	336,500 00
Oil Refining Companies.....	2	525,000 00
Oyster Companies.....	4	1,346,000 00
Package Companies.....	4	1,178,000 00
Packing Companies.....	9	138,250 00
Paint Companies.....	3	205,000 00
Park Companies.....	6	1,855,000 00
Paving Block Companies.....	5	675,000 00
Plaining Mill and Manufacturing Companies.....	2	11,000 00
Plate and Construction Companies.....	3	118,000 00
Pleasure Associations.....	22	133,700 00
Polishing Companies.....	4	2,060,000 00
Potato Unions.....	2	30,000 00
Pottery Companies.....	2	155,000 00
Poultry and Pigeon Companies.....	2	10,000 00
Power Companies.....	5	1,302,000 00
Preserving Companies.....	7	343,000 00
Press Associations.....	3	130,000 00
Printing and Publishing Companies.....	18	586,000 00
Protection Associations.....	3	327,000 00
Publishing Companies.....	46	1,951,420 00
Publishing and Advertising Companies.....	2	5,500 00
Pump Works and Mn'fg Companies.....	2	21,000 00
Quarry Companies.....	2	40,000 00
Railroad Companies.....	3	250,000 00
Real Estate Trust and Savings Societies.....	12	2,698,500 00
Realty Companies.....	4	201,100 00
Registry Companies.....	3	250,000 00
Relief Associations.....	2	175,000 00
Renovator Companies.....	4	2,070,000 00
Roofing Companies.....	2	108,000 00
Rubber Companies.....	4	330,000 00
Saving Institutions.....	29	5,163,200 00
Schools	3	43,000 00
Security and Trading Companies.....	4	380,000 00
Seed and Improvement Companies.....	2	30,000 00
Ship and Construction Companies.....	2	200,00 00
Shirt Companies.....	6	148,000 00
Shoe Manufacturing Companies.....	19	997,000 00
Signal and Gate Companies.....	3	560,000 00
Silver Mining Companies.....	7	5,250,000 00
Slate Companies.....	2	55,000 00
Soap Companies.....	7	473,000 00
Specialty Companies.....	4	60,900 00
Steamboat Companies.....	22	2,376,700 00
Steamship Companies.....	6	2,770,000 00

SUMMARY OF CORPORATIONS.—(Continued.)

	No.	Capital Stock.
Steel Companies.....	2	750,000 00
Stock Companies.....	17	191,600 00
Stone Companies.....	5	350,000 00
Stopper Companies.....	4	215,000 00
Storage and Refrigerating Companies.....	15	6,275,000 00
Stove Companies.....	3	213,000 00
Sugar Refinery Companies.....	4	3,070,000 00
Suit and Novelty Companies.....	2	30,000 00
Supply Companies.....	13	231,200 00
Switch Companies.....	2	560,000 00
Tag and Specialty Companies.....	3	47,000 00
Telegraph Companies.....	30	2,980,600 00
Telephone Companies.....	17	6,937,500 00
Telephone and Telegraph Companies.....	7	776,000 00
Terra Cotta Roofing Tile Companies.....	2	80,000 00
Theatre Companies	5	483,050 00
Tobacco Companies.....	4	51,000 00
Towel Companies.....	2	5,200 00
Towing Companies.....	3	88,000 00
Toy Companies.....	3	79,000 00
Transfer Companies.....	3	140,000 00
Transit Companies.....	2	1,250,000 00
Transportation Companies.....	15	16,385,000 00
Trust and Burial Companies.....	3	550,000 00
Trust and Manufacturing Companies.....	5	2,900,000 00
Ventilating Companies.....	2	80,000 00
Warehouse Companies.....	5	530,500 00
Water Companies.....	5	222,400 00
Well Companies.....	2	33,000 00
Whiskey Companies.....	2	102,500 00
Wire and Nail Companies.....	3	91,000 00
Wood Work Companies.....	3	131,000 00
Wool Companies.....	14	2,980,000 00
Total Summary.....	3,616	\$795,189,200 00

STATEMENT OF APPROPRIATION AND EXPENDITURES OF
BUREAU OF INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS FOR THE FISCAL
YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 28 1900.

Amount of appropriation, March 1, 1899.....	\$5,000 00
Salary of Chief.....	\$2,500 00
Other salaries.....	1,490 00
Postage	106 95
Office rent.....	350 00
Traveling expenses.....	19 70
Printing	479 10
Stationery supplies.....	23 05
Transcription of court records.....	22 20
Toilet supplies.....	3 00
Polk & Co., (directory).....	6 00
 Total.....	\$5,000 00
	\$5,000 00

